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CORPORATION

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Company Announcements Office  
ASX Limited

### **AUGER DRILLING RESULTS – PAYNES FIND GOLD PROJECT**

Oakajee Corporation Ltd (**Oakajee, OKJ or the Company**) is pleased to report auger drilling results at its Paynes Find Gold Project.

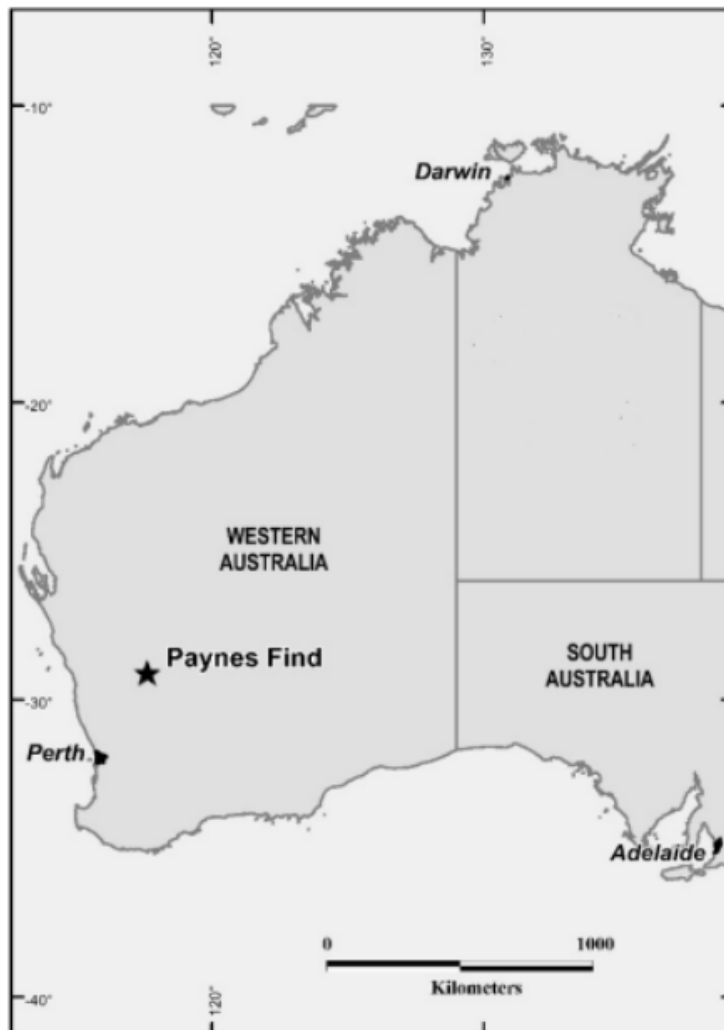


Figure 1: Paynes Find Project location.

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## Paynes Find Project – Western Australia

Auger drilling and sampling was completed over two target areas located 3.5km (Banks) and 9km (Deep Well) north-west of Paynes Find. Both areas are covered by sheet-wash alluvial cover rendering conventional surface soil sampling ineffective. Auger drilling has been completed to penetrate the expected shallow cover and to sample the bedrock alluvium interface. Drill depth ranged from 50cm to 2.5m. One 300g sample was collected from each drill hole for a total of 224 samples. The samples were assayed for gold and a range of other elements.

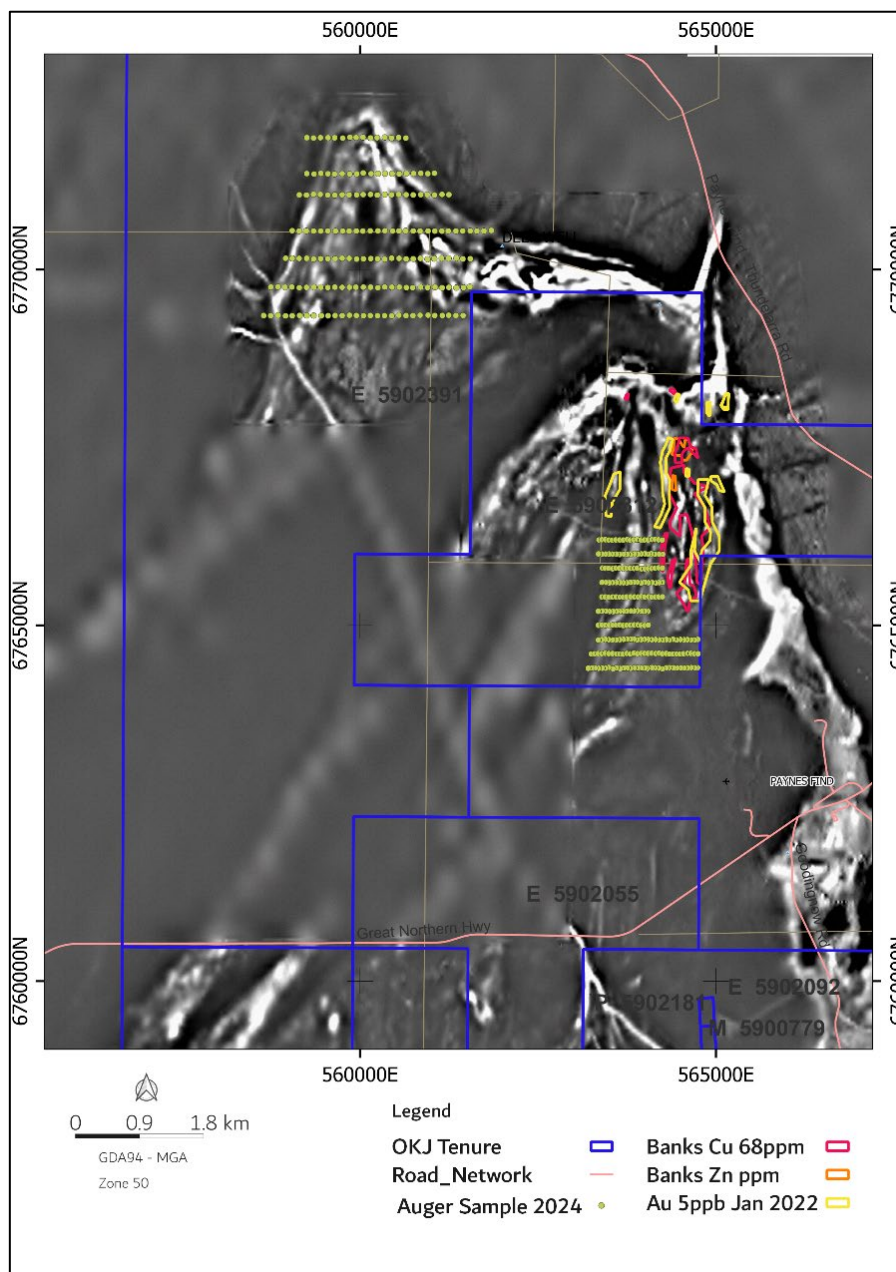


Figure 2: Paynes Find Auger drilling and sample locations.

## Banks South-West Extension

This target is the south-west extension of the previously defined Banks gold and base metal prospect where magnetic images show the host structures extend under recent cover for about 1.7km further to the south-west where they appear to intersect with a north trending felsic intrusive contact. The Auger drilling was completed on 200m x 50m spacing to sample the bedrock-alluvial cover interface.

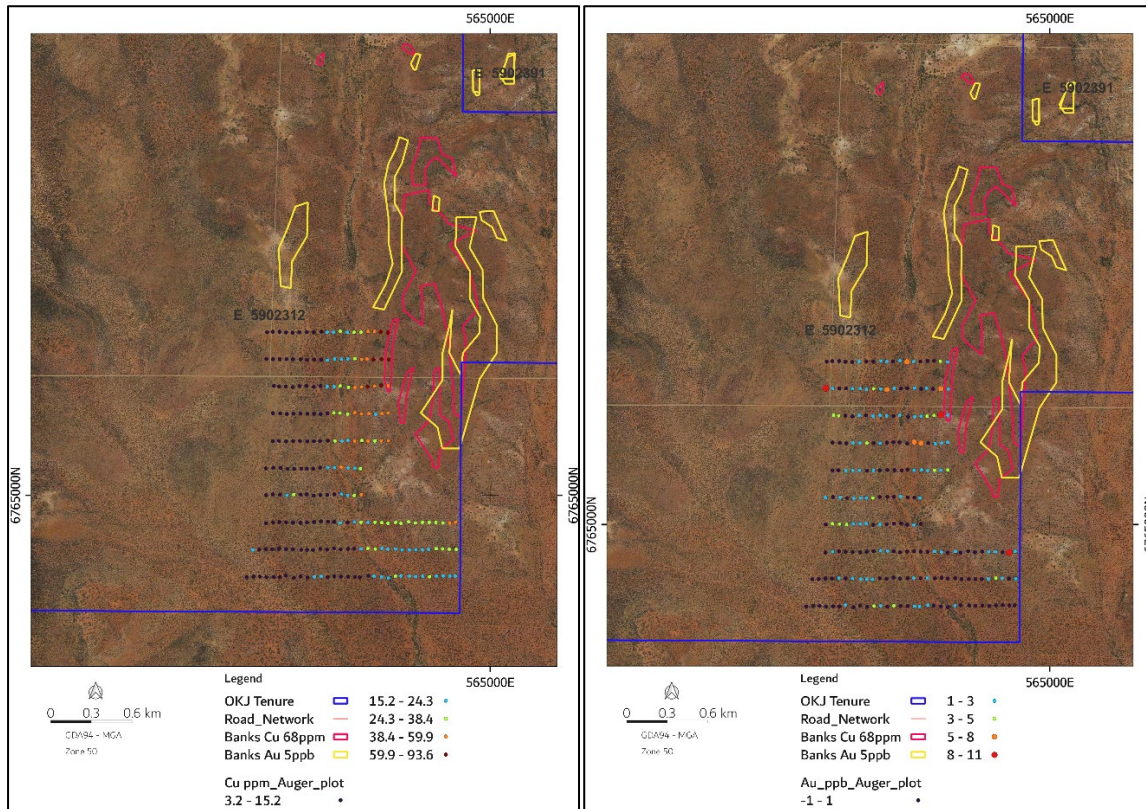


Figure 3: Banks Extension Auger sample results.

Results were disappointing with only minor extensions to the south-west of the Banks gold prospect. The geochemistry results in Figure 3 suggest the auger drilling did not penetrate the alluvial cover sufficiently to obtain representative insitu bedrock samples. Gold results are patchy with a well-defined area of low gold centered on the main north-south trending creek line. Copper results plotted on the left image show low results to the west of the creek line suggesting the alluvial cover is thicker to the west and the auger drilling did not penetrate to the bedrock interface.

## Deep Well

The Deep Well target, located 6km to the north-west of the Banks prospect, is defined from magnetics as a regional size fold closure cut by north trending structures. The geological setting is analogous to Banks prospect where OKJ has defined a 3km north trending gold and base metal soil anomaly. The Deep Well target is concealed beneath shallow alluvial cover with no previous effective exploration for gold. Auger drilling and sampling was completed on 50m spacings along 400m and 500m spaced lines testing an area of 3km by 3km.

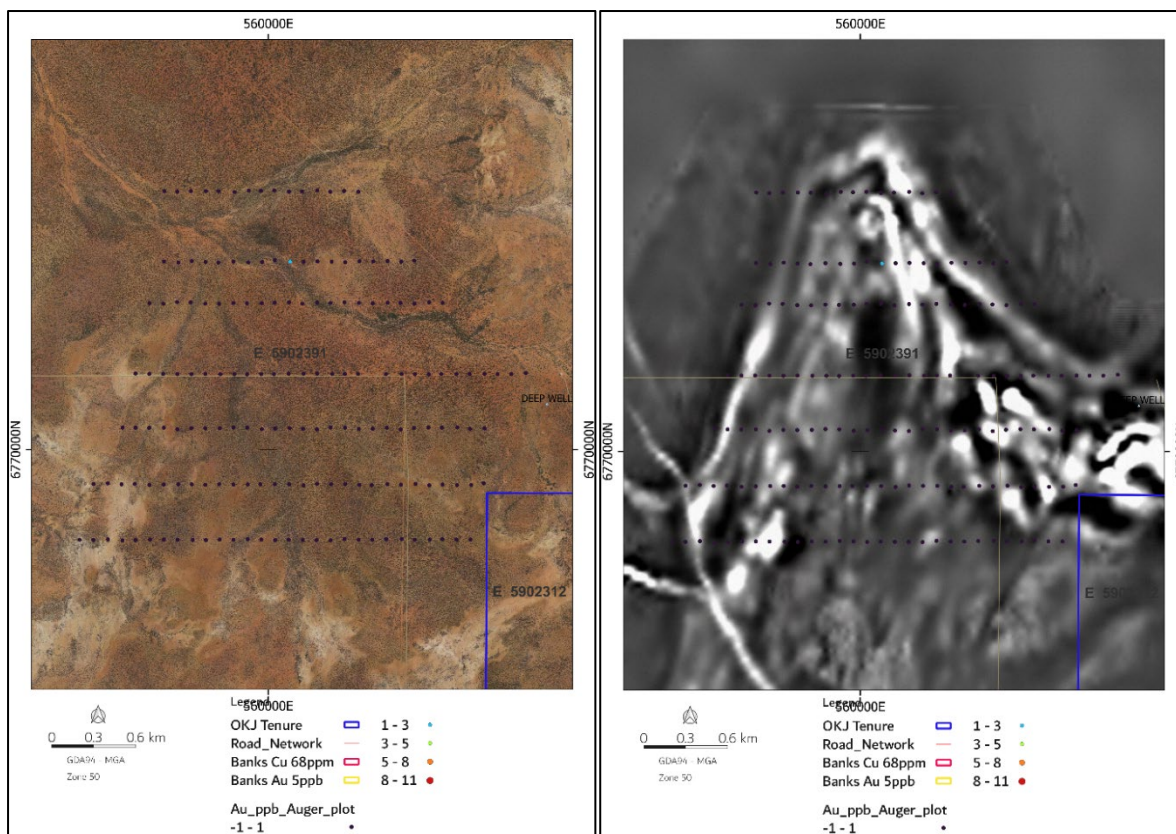


Figure 4: Deep Well auger sample results Au ppb over image and magnetics (tmirtp1vd).

Sample results were universally low. By analogy with the Bank south west extension results presented above it is considered the auger drilling did not penetrate through the alluvial cover to the top of the insitu weathered bedrock.

- ENDS -

For further information, please contact:

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#### **COMPLIANCE STATEMENT**

*The information in this report that relates to Exploration Results is based on information compiled by Mr. Reginald Beaton who is a Member of the Australian Institute of Geoscientists. Mr. Beaton is an employee of Oakajee Corporation Limited and has sufficient experience which is relevant to the style of mineralisation under consideration to qualify as a Competent Person as defined in the 2012 Edition of the 'Australian Code for Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves'. Mr. Beaton consents to the inclusion in the report of the matters based on the information compiled by him, in the form and context in which it appears.*

*The Company is not aware of any new information or data that materially affects the information included in the above.*

## 1. JORC CODE, 2012 EDITION – TABLE 1 REPORT TEMPLATE

### 1.1 Section 1 Sampling Techniques and Data

(Criteria in this section apply to all succeeding sections.)

| Criteria                     | JORC Code explanation  | Commentary  |
|------------------------------|--|---|
| <i>Sampling techniques</i>   | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Nature and quality of sampling (e.g. cut channels, random chips, or specific specialised industry standard measurement tools appropriate to the minerals under investigation, such as down hole gamma sondes, or handheld XRF instruments, etc.). These examples should not be taken as limiting the broad meaning of sampling.</li> <li>Include reference to measures taken to ensure sample representivity and the appropriate calibration of any measurement tools or systems used.</li> <li>Aspects of the determination of mineralisation that are Material to the Public Report.</li> <li>In cases where 'industry standard' work has been done this would be relatively simple (e.g. 'reverse circulation drilling was used to obtain 1 m samples from which 3 kg was pulverised to produce a 30 g charge for fire assay'). In other cases more explanation may be required, such as where there is coarse gold that has inherent sampling problems. Unusual commodities or mineralisation types (e.g. submarine nodules) may warrant disclosure of detailed information.</li> </ul> | <p>Auger drilling was undertaken to provide samples for geochemical analysis.</p> <p>Each auger hole was drilled to a depth of 0.5m to 2.5m to sample the bedrock transported cover interface.</p> <p>One sample was collected from near the bottom of each auger hole.</p> <p>All the samples were submitted to a Laboratory to be crushed, pulverized and assayed.</p>                            |
| <i>Drilling techniques</i>   | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Drill type (e.g. core, reverse circulation, open-hole hammer, rotary air blast, auger, Bangka, sonic, etc.) and details (e.g. core diameter, triple or standard tube, depth of diamond tails, face-sampling bit or other type, whether core is oriented and if so, by what method, etc.).</li> </ul>  | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The drilling method was an industry standard auger. The drilling was completed by Gyro Drilling and Surveying using a Toyota Tray Back Landcruiser mounted rig.</li> </ul>   |
| <i>Drill sample recovery</i> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Method of recording and assessing core and chip sample recoveries and results assessed.</li> <li>Measures taken to maximise sample recovery and ensure representative nature of the samples.</li> <li>Whether a relationship exists between sample recovery and grade and whether sample bias may have occurred due to preferential loss/gain of fine/coarse material.</li> </ul>   | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>A visual assessment of the sample recovery was completed by the Driller. The sample recovery is considered adequate for this early stage of exploration.</li> <li>Standard drilling practice was used to ensure maximum sample recoveries.</li> <li>For this early stage of exploration there is no study of sample bias relationships available.</li> </ul> |
| <i>Logging</i>               | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Whether core and chip samples have been geologically and geotechnically logged to a level of detail to support</li> </ul>   | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The auger samples were logged for colour and acid reaction by the Driller.</li> <li>Logging is qualitative in nature.</li> </ul>   |

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| Criteria                                       | JORC Code explanation   | Commentary  |
|--|---|---|
|  | <p>appropriate Mineral Resource estimation, mining studies and metallurgical studies.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Whether logging is qualitative or quantitative in nature. Core (or costean, channel, etc.) photography.</li> <li>• The total length and percentage of the relevant intersections logged.</li> </ul>  |   |
| Sub-sampling techniques and sample preparation | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• If core, whether cut or sawn and whether quarter, half or all core taken.</li> <li>• If non-core, whether riffled, tube sampled, rotary split, etc. and whether sampled wet or dry.</li> <li>• For all sample types, the nature, quality and appropriateness of the sample preparation technique.</li> <li>• Quality control procedures adopted for all sub-sampling stages to maximise representivity of samples.</li> <li>• Measures taken to ensure that the sampling is representative of the in situ material collected, including for instance results for field duplicate/second-half sampling.</li> <li>• Whether sample sizes are appropriate to the grain size of the material being sampled.</li> </ul> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Samples were collected in prenumbered sample bags for one sample per drillhole.</li> <li>• For this early-stage exploration, the sampling technique is considered appropriate to determine the presence of anomalous geochemistry.</li> <li>• A field duplicate sample was collected every 50 samples, and a certified standard sample was also inserted every 50 samples.</li> <li>• The sample size is considered sufficient to determine the presence or absence of anomalous geochemistry.</li> </ul>  |
| Quality of assay data and laboratory tests     | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The nature, quality and appropriateness of the assaying and laboratory procedures used and whether the technique is considered partial or total.</li> <li>• For geophysical tools, spectrometers, handheld XRF instruments, etc., the parameters used in determining the analysis including instrument make and model, reading times, calibrations factors applied and their derivation, etc.</li> <li>• Nature of quality control procedures adopted (e.g. standards, blanks, duplicates, external laboratory checks) and whether acceptable levels of accuracy (i.e. lack of bias) and precision have been established.</li> </ul>   | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Samples were submitted to Bureau Veritas Minerals Pty Ltd 58 Sorbonne Crescent Canning Vale WA.</li> <li>• Standard sample preparation and assay techniques were used.</li> <li>• The samples were digested with Aqua Regia with Au, Ag, As, Bi, Co, Cr, Cu, Ni, Pb, Sb, W, Zn determined by Inductively Coupled Plasma (ICP) Optical Emission Spectrometry. The samples have been digested with a mixture of Acids Fe, Mg determined by Inductively Coupled Plasma (ICP) Optical Emission Spectrometry. Li, Sn, Ta, Nb, Rb, Cs determined by Inductively Coupled Plasma (ICP) Mass Spectrometry. Submitted duplicate and certified standard samples with each batch. The laboratory monitored QC via duplicates and standards.</li> </ul> |
| Verification of sampling and assaying          | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The verification of significant intersections by either independent or alternative company personnel.</li> <li>• The use of twinned holes.</li> <li>• Documentation of primary data, data entry procedures, data verification, data storage (physical and electronic) protocols.</li> <li>• Discuss any adjustment to assay data.</li> </ul>   | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The sampling was for geochemistry purposes only and no significant intersection reported.</li> <li>• No Twinned holes completed.</li> <li>• Logging and sample were recorded on standard spreadsheets and entered in the SFM digital database.</li> </ul>  |

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| Criteria   | JORC Code explanation  | Commentary  |
|--|--|---|
|  |  | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>No adjustment of assay data was done.</li> </ul>   |
| <i>Location of data points</i>                                 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Accuracy and quality of surveys used to locate drill holes (collar and down-hole surveys), trenches, mine workings and other locations used in Mineral Resource estimation.</li> <li>Specification of the grid system used.</li> <li>Quality and adequacy of topographic control.</li> </ul>  | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Hand-held GPS was used to locate the drill holes collars.</li> <li>The Grid system is GDA94 Z 50.</li> <li>The terrain is flat, and topographic control was provided by government topographic maps.</li> </ul>  |
| <i>Data spacing and distribution</i>                           | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Data spacing for reporting of Exploration Results.</li> <li>Whether the data spacing, and distribution is sufficient to establish the degree of geological and grade continuity appropriate for the Mineral Resource and Ore Reserve estimation procedure(s) and classifications applied.</li> <li>Whether sample compositing has been applied.</li> </ul>                                | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The Auger drill hole spacing along the lines is 50m or 100m. Drill lines vary with the type of target from 200m to 500m. This is considered appropriate for the early-stage nature of exploration.</li> <li>The drill technique and sample spacing are not sufficient to establish either grade or continuity of mineralization.</li> <li>No data compositing has been applied.</li> </ul> |
| <i>Orientation of data in relation to geological structure</i> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Whether the orientation of sampling achieves unbiased sampling of possible structures and the extent to which this is known, considering the deposit type.</li> <li>If the relationship between the drilling orientation and the orientation of key mineralised structures is considered to have introduced a sampling bias, this should be assessed and reported if material.</li> </ul> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The Auger drill line is approximately perpendicular to the interpreted structure to be tested.</li> <li>The Auger drill holes were drilled vertically.</li> <li>N/A.</li> </ul>  |
| <i>Sample security</i>   | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The measures taken to ensure sample security.</li> </ul>  | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Gyro drilling personnel supervised the drilling, sampling, and transport of the samples to the laboratory in Perth.</li> </ul>   |
| <i>Audits or reviews</i>                                       | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The results of any audits or reviews of sampling techniques and data.</li> </ul>  | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>No audits or reviews completed.</li> </ul>   |

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## 1.2 Section 2 Reporting of Exploration Results

(Criteria listed in the preceding section also apply to this section.)

| Criteria                                       | JORC Code explanation   | Commentary   |
|--|---|--|
| <i>Mineral tenement and land tenure status</i> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Type, reference name/number, location and ownership including agreements or material issues with third parties such as joint ventures, partnerships, overriding royalties, native title interests, historical sites, wilderness or national park and environmental settings.</li> <li>The security of the tenure held at the time of reporting along with any known impediments to obtaining a licence to operate in the area.</li> </ul>  | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>No National Parks. No Native Title.</li> <li>Current Pastoral Leases.</li> <li>Paynes Find: E589/2391 Oakajee Exploration Pty Ltd, E 59/2312 Oakajee Exploration Pty Ltd and Legendre, Bruce Robert.</li> <li>The tenement is in good standing and no known impediments exist.</li> </ul> |
| <i>Exploration done by other parties</i>       | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Acknowledgment and appraisal of exploration by other parties.</li> </ul>   | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Piecemeal previous early-stage exploration by several groups reported on in WAMEX. Red Dragon Pty Ltd A114115, A103514, A99173. Callina NL - A30697. Grigson &amp; Binthalya Holdings Pty Ltd A93756.</li> </ul>  |
| <i>Geology</i>                                 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Deposit type, geological setting and style of mineralisation.</li> </ul>   | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Shear or fault hosted and quartz stock work gold mineralisation.</li> </ul>   |
| <i>Drill hole Information</i>                  | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>A summary of all information material to the understanding of the exploration results including a tabulation of the following information for all Material drill holes: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>easting and northing of the drill hole collar</li> <li>elevation or RL (Reduced Level – elevation above sea level in metres) of the drill hole collar</li> <li>dip and azimuth of the hole</li> <li>down hole length and interception depth</li> <li>hole length.</li> </ul> </li> <li>If the exclusion of this information is justified on the basis that the information is not Material and this exclusion does not detract from the understanding of the report, the Competent Person should clearly explain why this is the case.</li> </ul> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>A plan showing all the auger drill holes locations is provided in the text of this report.</li> <li>A table of drill hole information is not included as the auger drill hole data is used as spot geochemistry data essentially like soil sampling.</li> </ul>                           |
| <i>Data aggregation methods</i>                | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>In reporting Exploration Results, weighting averaging techniques, maximum and/or minimum grade truncations (eg cutting of high grades) and cut-off grades are usually Material and should be stated.</li> <li>Where aggregate intercepts incorporate short lengths of high grade results and longer lengths of low grade results, the procedure used for such aggregation should be stated and some typical examples of such aggregations should be shown in detail.</li> <li>The assumptions used for any reporting of</li> </ul>   | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>No aggregated intersections are reported.</li> </ul>  |

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| Criteria  | JORC Code explanation   | Commentary  |
|---|---|---|
|   | <i>metal equivalent values should be clearly stated.</i>  |   |
| <i>Relationship between mineralisation widths and intercept lengths</i> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <i>These relationships are particularly important in the reporting of Exploration Results.</i></li> <li>• <i>If the geometry of the mineralisation with respect to the drill hole angle is known, its nature should be reported.</i></li> <li>• <i>If it is not known and only the down hole lengths are reported, there should be a clear statement to this effect (e.g. down hole length, true width not known’).</i></li> </ul> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The sampling is for geochemistry purposes only.</li> <li>• The geometry of mineralisation is unknown.</li> </ul>   |
| <i>Diagrams</i>   | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <i>Appropriate maps and sections (with scales) and tabulations of intercepts should be included for any significant discovery being reported These should include, but not be limited to a plan view of drill hole collar locations and appropriate sectional views.</i></li> </ul>  | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Appropriate diagrams summarizing key data interpretations included in the body of this announcement.</li> </ul>  |
| <i>Balanced reporting</i>   | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <i>Where comprehensive reporting of all Exploration Results is not practicable, representative reporting of both low and high grades and/or widths should be practiced to avoid misleading reporting of Exploration Results.</i></li> </ul>  | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The interpretations expressed in the announcement are not considered to be overstated or misleading.</li> </ul>  |
| <i>Other substantive exploration data</i>                               | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <i>Other exploration data, if meaningful and material, should be reported including (but not limited to): geological observations; geophysical survey results; geochemical survey results; bulk samples – size and method of treatment; metallurgical test results; bulk density, groundwater, geotechnical and rock characteristics; potential deleterious or contaminating substances.</i></li> </ul>                            | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• All relevant data has been included within the report.</li> </ul>  |
| <i>Further work</i>   | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <i>The nature and scale of planned further work (e.g. tests for lateral extensions or depth extensions or large-scale step-out drilling).</i></li> <li>• <i>Diagrams clearly highlighting the areas of possible extensions, including the main geological interpretations and future drilling areas, provided this information is not commercially sensitive.</i></li> </ul>   | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• A range of techniques will be considered to progress exploration including additional auger drilling.</li> <li>• Refer to figures in the body of this announcement.</li> </ul> |