

Lincoln identifies priority copper-base metal target at Minbrie following re-logging and assay program

Highlights:

- BURCD030 confirms strong geological correlation with discovery hole BUDD192¹; portable XRF detects Cu in bornite-bearing vein within 4 metres of end of hole.
- Four distinct generations of sulphide mineralisation confirm a dynamic, long-lived hydrothermal system with complex metal zonation.
- Multiple prospective zones of mineralisation identified across 7km of target stratigraphy with the potential to host mineralisation.
- Laboratory assays from 224 selected intervals pending; drill targets to be finalised by end of June with drilling planned to commence in H2 2025.
- Investor webinar TODAY at 1:30pm AEST – CEO and technical team to present findings and outline exploration strategy.

Lincoln Minerals Limited (ASX: LML, “Lincoln” or the “Company”) is pleased to provide an update on its ongoing comprehensive re-logging and assaying program at the 100%-owned **Minbrie Copper-Base Metals Project**, located near Cowell on South Australia’s Eyre Peninsula.

The current campaign, which involves the systematic relogging and targeted assaying of historical diamond core, continues to deliver **compelling evidence of a significant and underexplored mineral system**. These activities highlight Lincoln’s strategy’s effectiveness in unlocking **latent value from legacy drilling data** by applying **modern analytical techniques**, enabling rapid and cost-efficient assessment of Minbrie’s copper and base metal potential.

Lincoln Minerals Chief Executive Officer, Jonathon Trewartha, commented:

“Our exploration team continues to reveal a mineral system at Minbrie that is significantly more complex and prospective than initially understood. We’re observing clear geological zonation, evidence of multiple mineralising events, and strong structural controls - all hallmarks of a robust and long-developed hydrothermal system. These insights strongly support our strategy to rapidly advance exploration by leveraging the depth of historical data in combination with modern analysis. We look forward to sharing more detail in today’s investor webinar, including how these findings are shaping the next phase of our exploration program.”

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Recent Field Activities and Re-Logging Program at Minbrie

A major milestone was achieved during the initial field campaign conducted in April and May, which focussed on re-evaluating legacy drill holes in the Northern section of the Minbrie Project proximal to discovery hole **BUDD192**¹. A total of 28 historical holes were examined, with 1,775 metres of core re-logged, 620 portable XRF (pXRF) readings collected and 224 core intervals selected for laboratory assay. These holes, originally drilled in 2011 as part of a magnetite focussed exploration program, have revealed **numerous previously unrecognised intercepts of sulphide mineralisation**.

To enable systematic assessment, Lincoln has segmented the **7km corridor of sulphide bearing stratigraphy into three sections — Northern, Central, and Southern** (see figure 5). The **Northern Section** – which hosts discovery hole BUDD192 - has been prioritised based on early indications of extensive sulphide zones. This area has now seen **28 drillholes relogged and re-assayed**.

The broader **69-hole re-assay program** is confirming the reliability of historical data while enabling rapid identification of mineralised intervals **without the need for immediate new drilling**. In parallel, Lincoln has commenced **regional and structural geological interpretations** to refine targeting and support the next phase of exploration.

Positive correlation between BUDD192 and BURCD030

A review of historical core has revealed a **strong lithological and stratigraphic correlation** between discovery hole BUDD192 and nearby hole **BURCD030**. Detailed relogging indicates that **BURCD030 terminated just metres short of a mineralised zone**. Notably **pXRF analysis identified bornite** within a ~1cm vein in the Katunga Dolomite, located just **four metres from the hole's end**, with **copper readings reaching up to 3.03% at 274m down hole** (see Table 1 in the Appendix, for additional results from the program).

While pXRF readings are not a substitute for full laboratory assays, they provide valuable early-stage insights. These readings reflect elemental concentrations at specific points, rather than the entire rock. While they assist in geological interpretation, verifying metal presence and selecting which samples should undergo full laboratory analysis, they offer only an approximate concentration. Laboratory assays are required to confirm grades across broader intervals.

Based on these findings, **BURCD030 has been elevated to a priority drill target**, with follow up drilling planned to directly test the downhole extension of this newly identified mineralised zone.

¹ LML ASX announcement dated 12 February 2025, titled "Mineralised Zones Identify Copper & Base Metals Potential".

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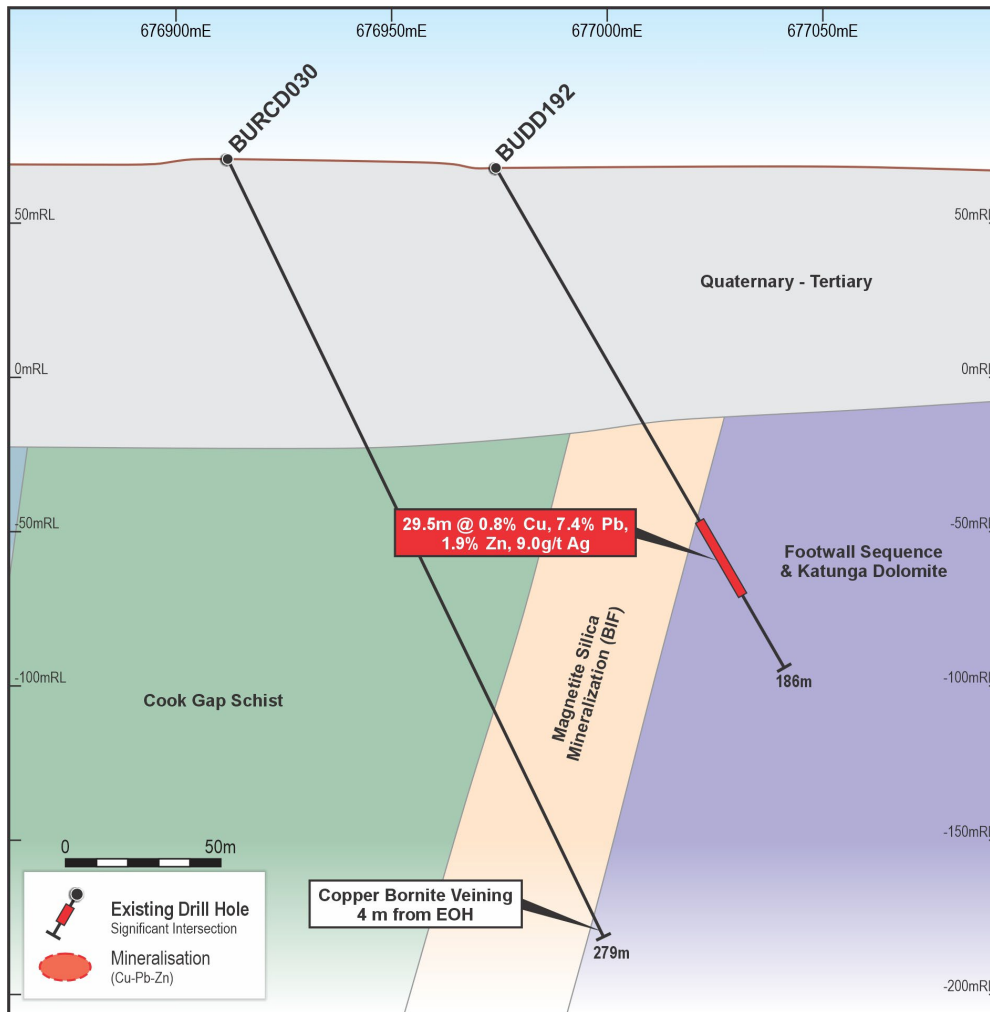


Figure 1: Lithological and stratigraphic correlation between BUDD192 and BURC 0030

Multiple Generations of Sulphide Mineralisation Revealed

Detailed re-logging and core analysis have confirmed the presence of **four distinct generations of sulphide mineralisation** at Minbrie, pointing to a prolonged and dynamic multi-phase hydrothermal system. This complexity is a strong indicator of a robust metal transport environment, enhancing the project's prospectivity for high-grade copper and associated base metals.

Throughout the re-logging campaign, **pXRF technology** was employed to map multiple sulphide-rich breccia and veining features across multiple drillholes. This approach has proven effective in identifying **zones of mineralisation previously logged only as generic "sulphide veining."**

Lincoln geologists have now confirmed **widespread mineralisation comprising bornite, chalcopyrite, sphalerite, galena, and pentlandite**, significantly upgrading the geological interpretation of the area. These newly identified zones, most of which were never previously assayed, have now been sampled and submitted for laboratory analysis, with **assay results expected in June.**

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Figure 2a and 2b: Bedded Sulphides seen in BUDD192 (left). Sulphide breccia seen in BUDD192 (right).



Figure 3a and 3b: Chalcopyrite and Pentlandite seen in cross-cutting veins in BUDD149 (left). Disseminated Bornite and Sphalerite in BUDD100 (right).

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Figure 4: John Parker, Shannyn Pope, and Justin Gum viewing BUDD192

Upcoming Catalysts

- Ongoing laboratory assay results expected progressively through June 2025
- Initial 3D geological model nearing completion to refine drill targeting
- Priority drill targets to be finalised by late June
- Drill testing scheduled to commence in H2 2025.

Minbrie Copper-Zinc Project – Investor Webinar

Lincoln Minerals will host an investor webinar today, Wednesday, 28 May 2025 at 1:30pm AEST to provide an update on recent advancements at its Minbrie Copper-Zinc Project in South Australia, along with progress across its broader project portfolio.

The session will feature presentations by CEO Jonathon Trewartha and Exploration Geologist Justin Gum, followed by a live Q&A session.

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Registration is now open via the following link:

https://us02web.zoom.us/webinar/register/WN_rBlnKAZHSxO2CQABVFHMNg#/registration

Attendees can submit questions by emailing: kristin@nwrcommunications.com.au.

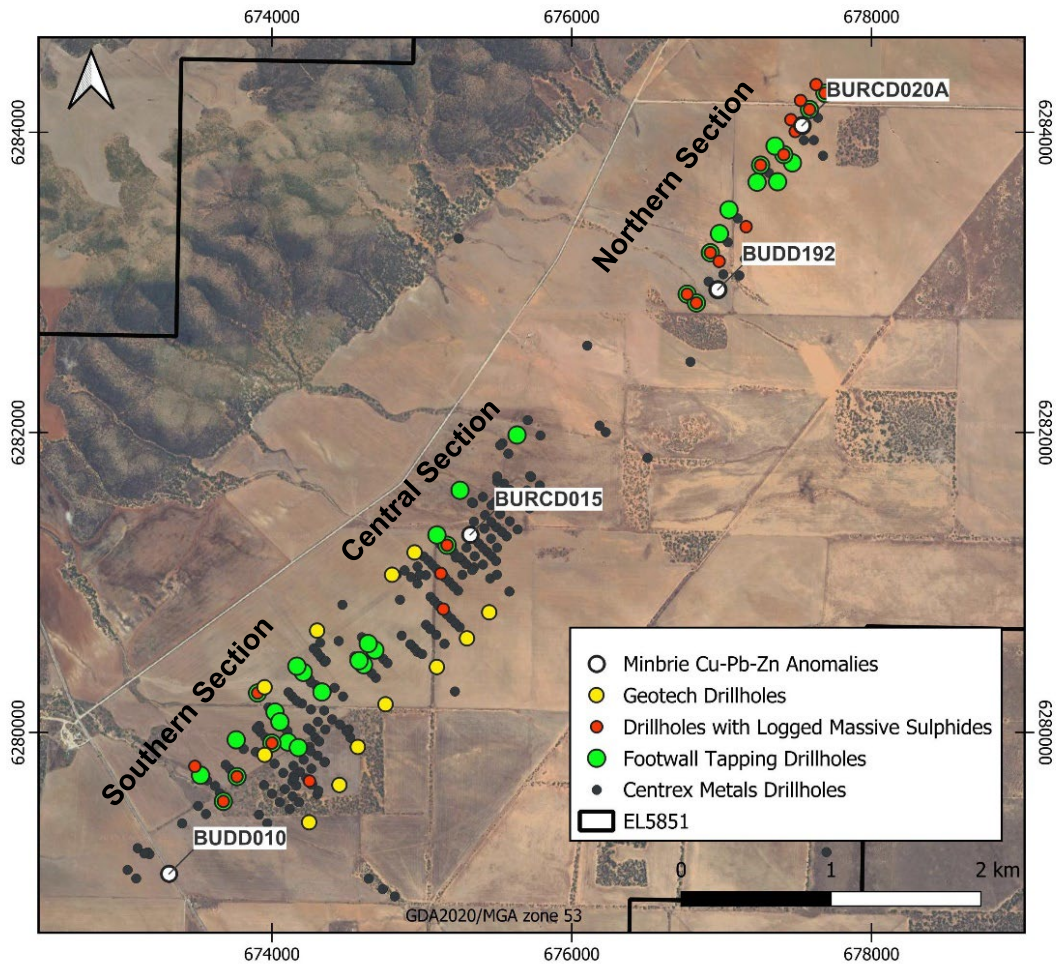


Figure 5. Plan view of the Minbrie Copper-Base Metals Project showing the 7km of sulphide zones subdivided into Northern, Central, and Southern Sections.

Competent Person Statement

The information in this document that relates to Exploration Results is based upon information compiled by Mr S. O’Connell who is a Member of the Australasian Institute of Mining and Metallurgy. Mr O’Connell is a consultant to Lincoln Minerals Limited and has sufficient experience relevant to the style of mineralisation, the type of deposit under consideration and to the activity undertaken to qualify as a Competent Person as defined in the 2012 edition of the Australasian Code for Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves (the JORC Code). Mr O’Connell consents to the release of the information compiled in this report in the form and context in which it appears.

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Approved for release by the Board of Lincoln Minerals Limited. For further information, please visit lincolnminerals.com.au

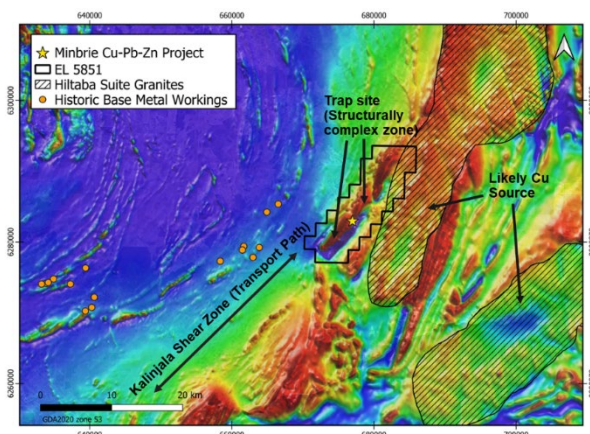
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About Minbrie Cu-Base Metal Project

All the ingredients for a major discovery

Category	Details
Geological Setting & Deposit Type	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Located in South Australia’s Gawler Craton: Potential for large-scale copper, gold, and base metal mineralisation. Mineralisation style yet to be determined: either/and SEDEX / VMS / epithermal or porphyry. Associated with deep-tapping faults and intrusive rocks
Resource Potential	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Copper-lead-zinc mineralisation over 7km strike Shallow depths (<300m) suitable for potential open-pit mining Existing drill results, geochemical data, and geophysical surveys Discovery hole BUDD192²: 29.5m @ 0.8% copper (Cu), 7.5% lead (Pb), 1.9% zinc (Zn), 9.0 g/t silver (Ag) from 131.1m
Infrastructure & Jurisdiction	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> South Australia highly ranked for global mining investment; permitting <25km from key regional infrastructure 265km from Port Pirie Smelter Environmental baseline completed in 2011 100% owned by Lincoln Minerals for all metals excluding iron



Regional setting for Minbrie Cu-Base Metal project on Eyre Peninsula, South Australia

² LML ASX announcement dated 12 February 2025, titled “Mineralised Zones Identify Copper & Base Metals Potential”.
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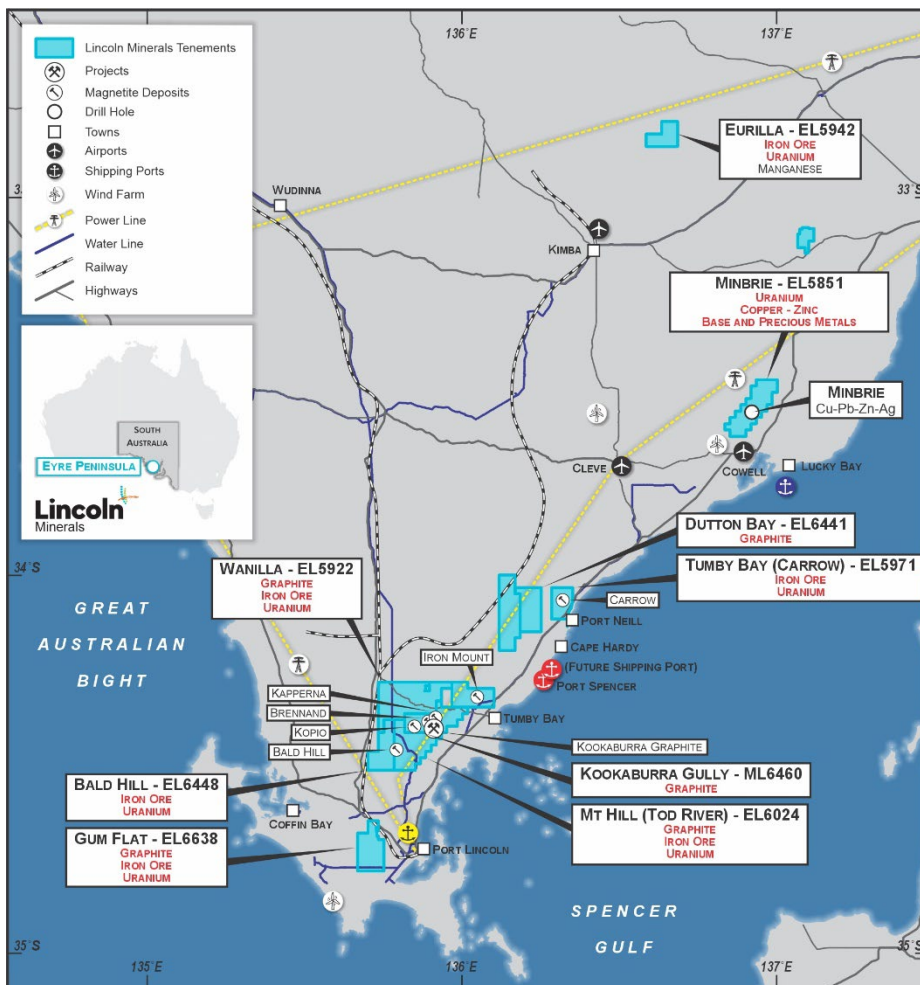
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About Lincoln Minerals

Lincoln Minerals (ASX: LML) is an Australian exploration and development company focused on advancing critical minerals projects in South Australia's world-class Gawler Craton region. Lincoln's portfolio includes high-value copper, uranium, graphite, and magnetite assets, all strategically positioned to support the global shift towards electrification, decarbonisation, and supply chain security.

The company's key projects include the Minbrie Copper & Base Metals Project, where recent exploration has confirmed a large-scale mineralised system over a 7km strike. Lincoln is also advancing the Kookaburra Graphite Project, a high-grade, at-surface deposit on an existing mining lease, and the Green Iron Magnetite Project, a large-scale magnetite resource positioned to supply SA's emerging green steel industry. The company also holds multiple highly prospective uranium targets across its existing tenement portfolio, located in a highly prospective uranium region.

Lincoln is actively progressing exploration and development across its portfolio while seeking strategic partnerships and alternative funding pathways to accelerate project advancement.



Location of Lincoln Mineral's projects in South Australia

Ground Floor, Space Lab Building - Lot Fourteen
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Minbrie Project

JORC Code, 2012 Edition – Table 1 report

Section 1 Sampling Techniques and Data

Criteria	Explanation
<i>Sampling techniques</i>	<p>Centrex (2002-2012) historical work.</p> <p>A total of 263 holes for 62,593m were drilled by Centrex from 2002-2012 for exploration and resource delineation of magnetite iron ore. Some additional holes were drilled for water purposes but are not relevant to this release. Of the 263 holes, around 19 holes show elevated, anomalous, or high assay values (>500ppm) of one or all of Cu, Pb, and Zn. The following information relates to all of the drilling unless otherwise stated.</p> <p>The majority of holes were drilled by Diamond drilling coring methods with either a Reverse Circulation (RC) or Rotary pre-collar depending on the nature of the pre-collar material.</p> <p>Reverse Circulation (RC) samples were collected at 1m, 2m and 3m composites and passed through a rifle splitter to obtain a 2-3kg sample which was later pulverised at the lab for fused bead XRF analysis.</p> <p>NQ2 and HQ Diamond core was quarter-sawn and sampled at notional 1m to 3m intervals respecting lithology boundaries. Samples were later pulverised at the lab for fused bead XRF analysis.</p> <p>Samples from drill hole BUDD192 were also submitted for ICP-AES analysis.</p> <p>Current Work completed by Lincoln Minerals (2025)</p> <p>The majority of the assaying work completed by Centrex focussed on the magnetite-rich units. LML has broadened the area of focus by relogging and sampling many of the holes in the northern area. LML geologists identified widespread mineralisation containing bornite, chalcopyrite, sphalerite, galena, and pentlandite, most of which were previously recorded only as generic “sulphide veining.” These zones were not originally assayed therefore LML has used a hand-held portable XRF to identify mineralisation so that key mineralised intervals could be submitted for laboratory assay.</p>
<i>Drilling techniques</i>	<p>Centrex (2002-2012) historical work.</p> <p>Reverse Circulation (RC) drilling was carried out using a 4.5 inch face-sampling bit.</p> <p>NQ2 and HQ Diamond drilling was undertaken with all holes undergoing down-hole surveys. Core was oriented using either the spear technique or with the ‘ACE’ electronic core orientation tool.</p>

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<i>Drill sample recovery</i>	<p>Centrex (2002-2012) historical work. Recovery has been recorded for Diamond drilling by measuring core lengths recovered. The majority of recovered core was greater than 90%, and recovery in sample intervals sent for laboratory analysis ranged from 90% to 96%.</p> <p>RC recovery information was not collected, however RC drilling was rarely used near mineralised zones.</p>
<i>Logging</i>	<p>Current Work completed by Lincoln Minerals (2025)</p> <p>Most diamond core in the northern area has been systematically re-logged by LML using standard codes for lithology, presence of various minerals, structures, weathering, and colour. The geological logging is qualitative in nature.</p> <p>Core trays have been photographed by Centrex during the 2002-2012 exploration campaign.</p>
<i>Sub-sampling techniques and sample preparation</i>	<p>Current Work completed by Lincoln Minerals (2025)</p> <p>LML geologists identified widespread mineralisation containing bornite, chalcopyrite, sphalerite, galena, and pentlandite, most of which were previously recorded only as generic "sulphide veining." These zones were not originally assayed therefore LML has used hand-held portable XRF to identify mineralisation so that key mineralised intervals could be submitted for laboratory assay.</p> <p>Drill core previously unassayed by Centrex has been analysed by handheld Olympus Vanta pXRF 3-Beam geochemical scan.</p> <p>The Competent Person emphasises that portable XRF readings are not a replacement for comprehensive laboratory analysis and only reflect elemental concentration at specific points, rather than the entire rock. While they assist in geological interpretation, verifying metal presence and selecting which samples should undergo full laboratory analysis, they offer only an approximate concentration.</p>
<i>Quality of assay data and laboratory tests</i>	<p>Current Work completed by Lincoln Minerals (2025)</p> <p>Drill core previously unassayed by Centrex has been analysed by handheld Olympus Vanta pXRF 3-Beam geochemical scan.</p> <p>The use standards were implemented before and after scanning the samples.</p> <p>Results are reasonable and can be used early stage exploration to assist in target selection and ranking as well as selecting which samples should undergo full laboratory analysis.</p>
<i>Verification of sampling and assaying</i>	<p>Current Work completed by Lincoln Minerals (2025)</p> <p>Significant drillholes have been reviewed or logged by multiple LML geologists as well as core photography, physical core, downhole magnetic susceptibility data, and review of geological interpretations. Geological data was manually entered and stored electronically in the database on a restricted access server together with all assay, density determination, downhole magnetic susceptibility, and survey data. All electronic data is routinely backed up.. QAQC data has been routinely gathered and assessed and is considered acceptable.</p>

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	No twinning of hole BUDD192 has occurred.
<i>Location of data points</i>	Grid system reported here is MGA2020 Zone 53 Centrex (2002-2012) historical work. Drillhole collar coordinates were surveyed using a Differential GPS (DGPS) with an accuracy of 0.3 m. All survey information was originally recorded in datum GDA-94 Map Projection UTM Zone 53 South. Downhole surveys were obtained for all drillholes using either gyroscopic or camera methods.
<i>Data spacing and distribution</i>	Centrex (2002-2012) historical work. Drilling has been conducted on 80m to 160m spaced lines with holes at 80m apart on each line. No sample compositing has been applied.
<i>Orientation of data in relation to geological structure</i>	Centrex (2002-2012) historical work. The orientation of mineralisation and structures have been determined from oriented core. Drill holes were designed to test the northeast striking and steeply northwest dipping BIF which hosts the magnetite mineralisation. Overall the stratigraphic package is steeply dipping to the north west however, individual units may be complexly faulted and or folded. The holes are generally orientated on an azimuth of 135° and dipping 60° to the south east.
<i>Sample security</i>	Centrex (2002-2012) historical work. The site core storage facility is locked securely when unattended. For transportation of the samples to the laboratory, sample bags are secured in bulka-bags that are secured with zip lock ties, and samples are freighted by a reputable transport company.
<i>Audits or reviews</i>	No audits of the data have been undertaken

Section 2 Reporting of Exploration Results

(Criteria listed in the preceding section also apply to this section.)

Criteria	Explanation
<i>Mineral tenement and land tenure status</i>	Exploration Licence EL 5851 (formerly EL 4884) is held by Dragon Resource Investment Pty Ltd. The tenement was granted on 14/8/2016 for a term of 11 years expiring on 13/8/2027. As the tenement is in good standing with the South Australian department, renewal of the licence is expected. The project is located on freehold land. The tenement holder holds the rights to iron ore with all other mineral rights held by Lincoln Minerals. There are no overriding royalties on the tenement. Native title is held by the Barngarla Determination Aboriginal Corporation

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<i>Exploration done by other parties</i>	From 2002 to 2012, Centrex Ltd completed exploration drilling activity. Further details are recorded in this table.																																																																																											
<i>Geology</i>	<p>The project region is characterized by the metamorphic lithologies of the Hutchison and Middleback Group punctuated by igneous intrusions from the Moody and Hiltiba Suite and is positioned along an extensive regional shear zone that traverses the entire eastern coast of the Eyre Peninsula. The Eyre Peninsula, situated within the Gawler Craton in South Australia, is highly prospective for copper deposits due to its unique geological characteristics. The Gawler Craton is an ancient, stable geological formation that has undergone significant tectonic, magmatic, and hydrothermal activity, creating favourable conditions for the formation of large-scale copper deposits.</p> <p>Key regions within the Gawler Craton are known to host iron oxide-copper-gold (IOCG) systems globally recognized for their high-grade copper potential. These systems are associated with Proterozoic-age rocks, particularly those with extensive faulting and structural complexity, which act as conduits for mineralizing fluids. The region's proven geological setting, coupled with existing discoveries such as Olympic Dam Operations, Prominent Hill and Carrapateena deposits in adjacent areas of the Gawler Craton, highlights its potential for further copper discoveries.</p> <p>Locally, mineralisation at Paris Pb-Ag Deposit and Menninnie Dam Pb-Zn-Ag Deposit are linked to the Hiltaba Event (1595-1575Ma), which is also responsible for significant IOCG deposits elsewhere in the Gawler Craton. Hiltaba Granite outcrops within 15km to the NE of the Minbrie Prospect area. Encouragingly, there are several base metal occurrences in outcropping HG rocks just 15km to the west of EL5851. The prospective basement rocks at the Minbrie Prospect area are covered by around 60m of transported sediments which has hampered exploration progress in the past. The Company believes the buried HG basement rocks at Minbrie, are highly prospective for base and precious metals.</p>																																																																																											
<i>Drill hole Information</i>	<p>Table 1A – Drill hole collar information for holes with elevated metal values.</p> <p>See Table 1B below for assay information.</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>BHID</th> <th>Easting</th> <th>Northing</th> <th>RL</th> <th>Azimuth</th> <th>Dip</th> <th>EOH</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>BUDD010</td> <td>673295</td> <td>6279034</td> <td>113.5</td> <td>310.0</td> <td>60.0</td> <td>310</td> </tr> <tr> <td>BUDD024</td> <td>675142.4</td> <td>6280820</td> <td>95.52</td> <td>315.0</td> <td>60.0</td> <td>222.5</td> </tr> <tr> <td>BUDD029</td> <td>677154.6</td> <td>6283153</td> <td>67.55</td> <td>315.0</td> <td>70.0</td> <td>408.5</td> </tr> <tr> <td>BUDD064</td> <td>676790.9</td> <td>6282468</td> <td>64.356</td> <td>315.0</td> <td>60.0</td> <td>203.3</td> </tr> <tr> <td>BUDD100</td> <td>677047.8</td> <td>6283482</td> <td>73.66</td> <td>135.0</td> <td>64.6</td> <td>498.6</td> </tr> <tr> <td>BUDD101</td> <td>677106.1</td> <td>6283425</td> <td>71.26</td> <td>136.2</td> <td>63.0</td> <td>324.4</td> </tr> <tr> <td>BUDD102</td> <td>676982.6</td> <td>6283138</td> <td>71.52</td> <td>133.2</td> <td>63.7</td> <td>273.2</td> </tr> <tr> <td>BUDD103</td> <td>676923.9</td> <td>6283196</td> <td>73.36</td> <td>140.3</td> <td>62.8</td> <td>408</td> </tr> <tr> <td>BUDD104</td> <td>676830.9</td> <td>6282861</td> <td>71.27</td> <td>138.7</td> <td>57.7</td> <td>238.2</td> </tr> <tr> <td>BUDD105</td> <td>676773.4</td> <td>6282916</td> <td>73.3</td> <td>127.5</td> <td>58.4</td> <td>221.4</td> </tr> <tr> <td>BUDD105A</td> <td>676769.1</td> <td>6282920</td> <td>73.32</td> <td>135.1</td> <td>62.7</td> <td>368.5</td> </tr> <tr> <td>BUDD109</td> <td>677258.9</td> <td>6283780</td> <td>74.29</td> <td>139.0</td> <td>62.5</td> <td>381</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	BHID	Easting	Northing	RL	Azimuth	Dip	EOH	BUDD010	673295	6279034	113.5	310.0	60.0	310	BUDD024	675142.4	6280820	95.52	315.0	60.0	222.5	BUDD029	677154.6	6283153	67.55	315.0	70.0	408.5	BUDD064	676790.9	6282468	64.356	315.0	60.0	203.3	BUDD100	677047.8	6283482	73.66	135.0	64.6	498.6	BUDD101	677106.1	6283425	71.26	136.2	63.0	324.4	BUDD102	676982.6	6283138	71.52	133.2	63.7	273.2	BUDD103	676923.9	6283196	73.36	140.3	62.8	408	BUDD104	676830.9	6282861	71.27	138.7	57.7	238.2	BUDD105	676773.4	6282916	73.3	127.5	58.4	221.4	BUDD105A	676769.1	6282920	73.32	135.1	62.7	368.5	BUDD109	677258.9	6283780	74.29	139.0	62.5	381
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<i>exploration data</i>	deemed ineffective due to the conductive ground water in the overlying transported cover.
<i>Further work</i>	<p>Further work will consist of a staged two-phase exploration program with initial stage Phase 1 aimed at identifying and relogging all historical drillholes that intersected the prospective foot wall rocks, together with conducting pXRF analysis and laboratory assaying for base and precious metals of selected intervals in the prospective foot wall.</p> <p>Pending the results of the initial stage Phase 1 study, it's anticipated that targeted drilling along strike and down dip of BUDD192 will take place in another stage Phase 2 together with additional drilling of any new prospective zones identified in Phase 1 along the 9km strike length drilled to date.</p>

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Table 1B. Elevated or anomalous (>500ppm) Cu, Pb, Zn, or Ni values. LTD = Less than detection.

BHID	From / To	Cu (ppm)	Pb (ppm)	Zn (ppm)	Ni (ppm)	Co (ppm)	Cr (ppm)
BUDD010	91.8	21,710	LTD	190	LTD	LTD	LTD
BUDD010	92.5	101,730	LTD	220	LTD	LTD	LTD
BUDD024	334.7	120	520	300	170	LTD	LTD
BUDD024	346.5	850	LTD	110	140	LTD	LTD
BUDD100	451.1	2,640	20	49,980	70	LTD	LTD
BUDD100	456.9	1,450	50	3,520	570	LTD	80
BUDD100	458.8	310	10	1,040	200	LTD	140
BUDD100	479	1,350	1,030	730	140	LTD	LTD
BUDD100	479.1	10,120	1,520	1,220	150	LTD	LTD
BUDD102	241.3	270	LTD	1,900	LTD	LTD	LTD
BUDD102	241.4	160	LTD	1,020	70	190	LTD
BUDD102	241.5	240	LTD	3,640	70	LTD	LTD
BUDD102	247.4	520	LTD	80	100	LTD	LTD
BUDD102	253	710	LTD	60	110	LTD	LTD
BUDD102	253.1	850	LTD	70	70	LTD	LTD
BUDD102	254.5	150	LTD	4,480	110	LTD	LTD
BUDD102	254.9	70	LTD	520	90	LTD	LTD
BUDD102	263.5	80	LTD	2,100	60	LTD	LTD
BUDD102	263.6	160	70	1,000	90	LTD	LTD
BUDD103	407.9	20	LTD	3,150	140	LTD	360
BUDD104	231	910	2,240	1,740	130	LTD	LTD
BUDD104	231.2	40	30	640	LTD	LTD	LTD
BUDD109	345	20	LTD	2,050	90	LTD	LTD
BUDD109	376.7	1,100	LTD	30	130	140	LTD
BUDD146	191.6	70	950	4,870	LTD	LTD	LTD
BUDD149	237.2	22,060	LTD	120	160	LTD	LTD
BUDD149	272.2	780	260	100	4,920	LTD	LTD
BUDD149	272.8	5,060	50	370	3,900	740	140
BUDD149	274.4	1,420	LTD	360	1,060	LTD	70
BUDD149	277	2,890	LTD	170	1,120	LTD	LTD
BUDD149	277.1	560	LTD	340	620	LTD	LTD
BUDD149	277.6	210	10	520	330	250	LTD
BUDD150	211	140	2,710	2,470	70	LTD	LTD
BUDD152	180	780	LTD	40	110	LTD	LTD
BUDD179	186	920	LTD	60	310	LTD	LTD
BUDD179	186.1	960	LTD	40	100	LTD	LTD
BUDD179	191.1	1,240	LTD	30	540	LTD	170

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BUDD179	191.2	12,010	LTD	50	750	LTD	280
BUDD179	192.5	290	LTD	1,440	1,050	LTD	80
BUDD179	193.9	50	LTD	1,450	220	LTD	LTD
BUDD179	197.4	90	50	540	300	LTD	1,780
BUDD179	198	530	LTD	60	560	LTD	320
BUDD179	198.9	650	LTD	60	1,470	LTD	140
BUDD179	199.3	80	140	560	420	LTD	60
BUDD179	202	50	LTD	1,420	LTD	LTD	LTD
BUDD179	209	700	LTD	200	LTD	LTD	LTD
BUDD179	225.4	LTD	220	1,160	90	LTD	LTD
BUDD179	225.6	20	770	230	110	LTD	LTD
BUDD179	226.3	40	680	60	LTD	LTD	LTD
BUDD179	227.2	20	770	1,880	100	LTD	LTD
BUDD179	228.3	20	230	2,560	120	LTD	LTD
BUDD183	109.5	130	LTD	600	LTD	LTD	LTD
BUDD192	127.6	310	LTD	1,370	760	LTD	LTD
BUDD192	139.9	130	5,320	13,220	60	LTD	LTD
BUDD192	172.6	2,400	-	60	120	LTD	LTD
BUDD193	135	20	10	1,520	100	LTD	LTD
BURCD020A	346	LTD	440	2,570	100	LTD	LTD
BURCD020A	393	200	80	580	400	LTD	LTD
BURCD020A	415	10	LTD	2,050	120	100	LTD
BURCD020A	417	20	LTD	1,180	110	LTD	LTD
BURCD020A	422	20	LTD	570	110	LTD	LTD
BURCD022	452.5	240	LTD	1,210	LTD	LTD	LTD
BURCD022	452.5	150	LTD	1,390	LTD	LTD	LTD
BURCD028	326.5	710	LTD	40	60	LTD	LTD
BURCD028	470.4	3,200	250	80	1,060	910	LTD
BURCD028	470.5	90	890	60	1,730	490	LTD
BURCD030	271.8	30	10	820	250	190	90
BURCD030	273.9	30,380	40	60	320	LTD	60
BURCD030	276.1	90	LTD	820	130	110	190

LTD = Less than detection.

The Competent Person emphasises that portable XRF readings are not a replacement for comprehensive laboratory analysis and only reflect elemental concentration at specific points, rather than the entire rock. While they assist in geological interpretation, verifying metal presence and selecting which samples should undergo full laboratory analysis, they offer only an approximate concentration.

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