

ASX RELEASE | 11 September 2025

New cesium discoveries at Sirmac-Clapier

HIGHLIGHTS

- Sampling of outcropping pegmatites at the Sirmac-Clapier Project has identified additional cesium and lithium mineralisation.
- Assays above 1% Cs_2O have been returned from four new cesium prospects returning peak values of 3.69% Cs_2O and 3.59% Cs_2O .
- High grade lithium mineralisation was also present with assays up to 4.23% Li_2O .
- Further sampling of the discovery outcrop returned multiple results above 1% Cs_2O and successfully extended cesium mineralisation to the north and south with a peak value of 4.20% Cs_2O and mineralisation remains open along strike.
- Mineralogical analysis confirms pollucite as the cesium-bearing mineral.
- Close spaced sampling has enabled interpretation of mineralised trends enabling design of drill programmes to commence early next quarter.

Lithium explorer and developer Winsome Resources (ASX:WR1; “Winsome” or “the Company”) is pleased to announce initial results from recent field work at the 100% owned Sirmac-Clapier Project (**Sirmac**) in the Eeyou Istchee James Bay region of Quebec, Canada.

Exploration has successfully discovered further occurrences of cesium-lithium mineralisation at Sirmac-Clapier with four new occurrences within 1km of the discovery outcrop where high grade cesium-lithium mineralisation¹ was identified during the 2024 field season.

In addition, close spaced sampling across the “discovery outcrop” has returned further high grade samples as well as providing key data on the orientation of mineralisation. Sampling results will enable drill planning to be completed and initial locations sited for drill testing later in 2025.

MANAGING DIRECTOR CHRIS EVANS COMMENTS:

“These high grade cesium results from Sirmac-Clapier, combined with results from our previous campaign, provide encouragement this unique opportunity has the potential to be a significant discovery. We now have cesium-lithium mineralisation in multiple showings over 1,000m along with confirmation of the coherent higher grade zones at the original “Discovery” outcrop as well as a further critical mineral opportunity arising from the high rubidium assays. We look forward to finalising our plans for drilling within the winter season and testing the extents of this system.”

¹ WR1 Announcements 11 February 2025 “New High Grade Spodumene Pegmatite Discovered at Sirmac-Clapier Project - Amended” and 20 February 2025 “High Grade Cesium confirmed at Sirmac-Clapier”

Discovery Outcrop

Previous channel sampling at the Discovery outcrop returned strong cesium-lithium mineralisation with 26m at 2.69% Li_2O , 1.15% Cs_2O , and 401 ppm Ta_2O_5 ,², including 4m at 3.08% Cs_2O + 1.27% Li_2O and 4m at 2.23% Cs_2O + 2.13% Li_2O .

Close sampling was carried out at the Discovery outcrop to test for extensions to cesium and lithium mineralisation as well as verify the orientation of cesium mineralisation.

57 samples were collected by sawing a 30cm channel into the outcrop and according are more representative of the geochemistry and mineralogy than a standard grab samples (Figure 1 and Appendix 2). 42 of these samples returned assays above 1,000ppm Cs (0.11% Cs_2O) including 5 which returned assays above 10,000ppm Cs (1.06% Cs_2O).

Results indicate the high grade cesium zones appear to trend north-south, along the outcrop (Figure 1). Encouragingly samples from the northern and southern extents of the Discovery outcrop returned high grade cesium indicating there is potential for mineralisation to extend along strike under cover. A sample from the northern end of the outcrop returned an exceptional result of 4.20% Cs_2O and samples from the southern portion returned 2.63% and 2.26% Cs_2O .

The average lithium content of all 57 samples at the Discovery Prospect was 1.69% Li_2O . In addition 12 samples returned significant rubidium assays > 10,000ppm Rb, with further work to investigate the potential of this critical mineral to provide additional value to the Sirmac-Clapier project.

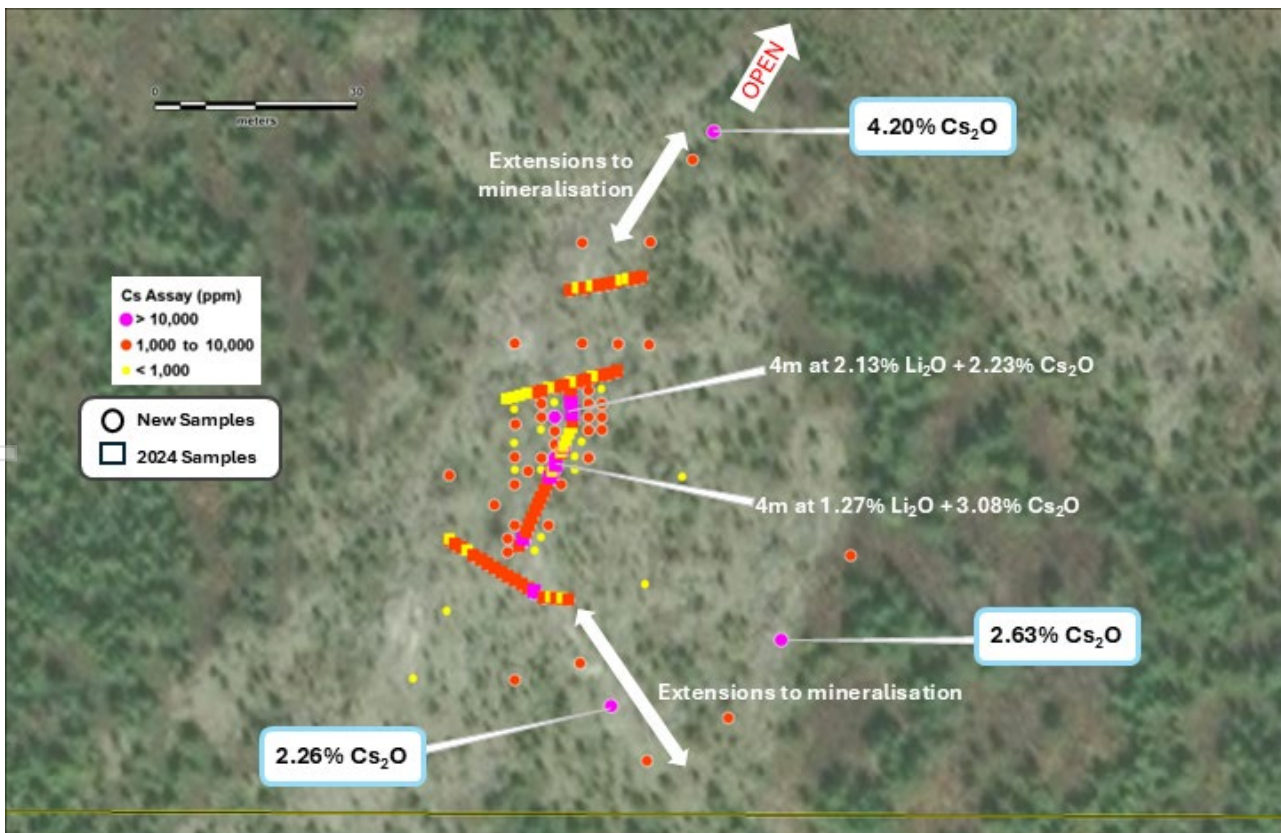


Figure 1: Results from sampling at the Discovery outcrop showing new extensions to mineralisation.

² WR1 Announcements 11 February 2025 "New High Grade Spodumene Pegmatite Discovered at Sirmac-Clapier Project - Amended" and 20 February 2025 "High Grade Cesium confirmed at Sirmac-Clapier"

Regional Sampling

The recent fieldwork at Sirmac-Clapier also tested seven different targets away from the discovery outcrop with a total of 25 samples collected (Figure 2 and Appendix 3). Where outcrops were encountered samples were collected using the same technique of sawing into the outcrop with a total of 57 samples collected. 13 of these samples returned assays above 1,000ppm Cs (0.11% Cs₂O) including 2 which returned assays above 10,000ppm Cs (1.06% Cs₂O). A sample from the Central South area returned 3.59% Cs₂O while a sample taken northeast of the Discovery outcrop returned 3.69% Cs₂O.

Four main areas of cesium mineralisation have been defined – Central North, Central South, Discovery North and Discovery North East. In addition, 19 samples returned high grade lithium assays above 1% Li₂O, with a peak of 4.23% Li₂O returned from a sample within the Central South area, and 3 samples returned assays above 10,000ppm Rb. The high grade Rb assays are found both associated with lithium-cesium mineralisation and also separately, as expected in a fractionated pegmatite system.

The success of this sampling programme supports the potential for further cesium occurrences to be present within the project area, and the region, previously identified by the extreme fractionation displayed in the geochemistry³. Further targets have been identified as shown on Figure 2 and will be investigated further in the field later this year.

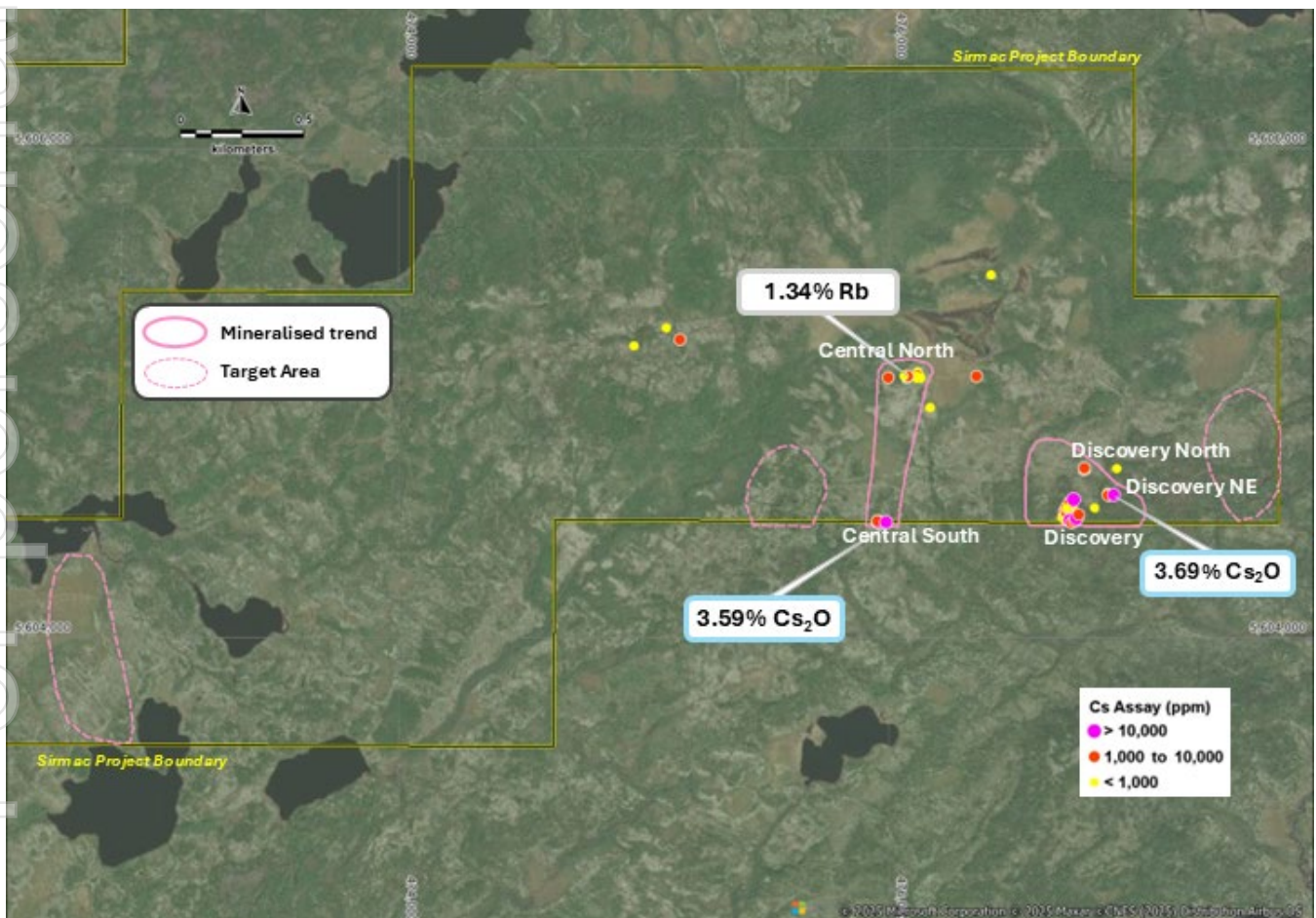


Figure 2: Results from regional sampling at Sirmac-Clapier showing mineralised trends

³ WR1 Announcement 10 March 2025 "Update on Cesium Assets"

Mineralogical Analysis Completed

Mineralogical analysis has confirmed pollucite is the cesium bearing mineral at Sirmac-Clapier. Two samples were analysed using the TESCAN Integrated Mineral Analyzer (TIMA) at SGS Laboratories and found to contain 6.17% and 2.56% pollucite, along with 16% and 10.3% spodumene (Appendix 4). Pollucite liberation was found to be relatively good given the relatively simple sample preparation (crush to passing -2mm).

Samples were collected for mineralogical analysis by sawing small channels at the Discovery outcrop. These were sited adjacent to the high grade cesium zones within the previous channel sampling at the Discovery outcrop.

The presence of pollucite is an important step for the project since it is the main cesium ore mined and processed globally. Confirmation that pollucite is the primary cesium-bearing mineral at Sirmac-Clapier means that it is likely that a saleable product could be produced from the project.

Next Steps

Sampling results are being used to finalise the location of planned drillholes ahead of drilling later in 2025 during the winter season. Permitting and discussions with stakeholders are underway which will allow engagement of contractors and on site preparations to commence in October.

Background on Sirmac-Clapier

Sirmac is advantageously located with regards to logistics for drilling being 30km from provincial road infrastructure as well as 40km from the Moblan Lithium Deposit owned by Sayona (ASX:SYA) and 75km from the Troilus Gold Mine owned by Troilus Gold Corp (TSX: TLG). The regional centres of Chibougamau and Chapais, along with access to the rail network, are approximately 100km south of the project.

Background on Cesium

With cesium being a globally scarce resource, Sirmac represents a compelling exploration target. Only three deposits have been mined worldwide, including Tanco (Canada), Bikita (Zimbabwe) and Sinclair (Western Australia). Winsome's stake in Power Metals Corp (TSX-V.PWM) and offtake rights to lithium, tantalum, and cesium at the Case Lake Project (Ontario) further strengthen its strategic position in this critical mineral market.

This announcement is authorised for release by the Board of Winsome Resources Limited.

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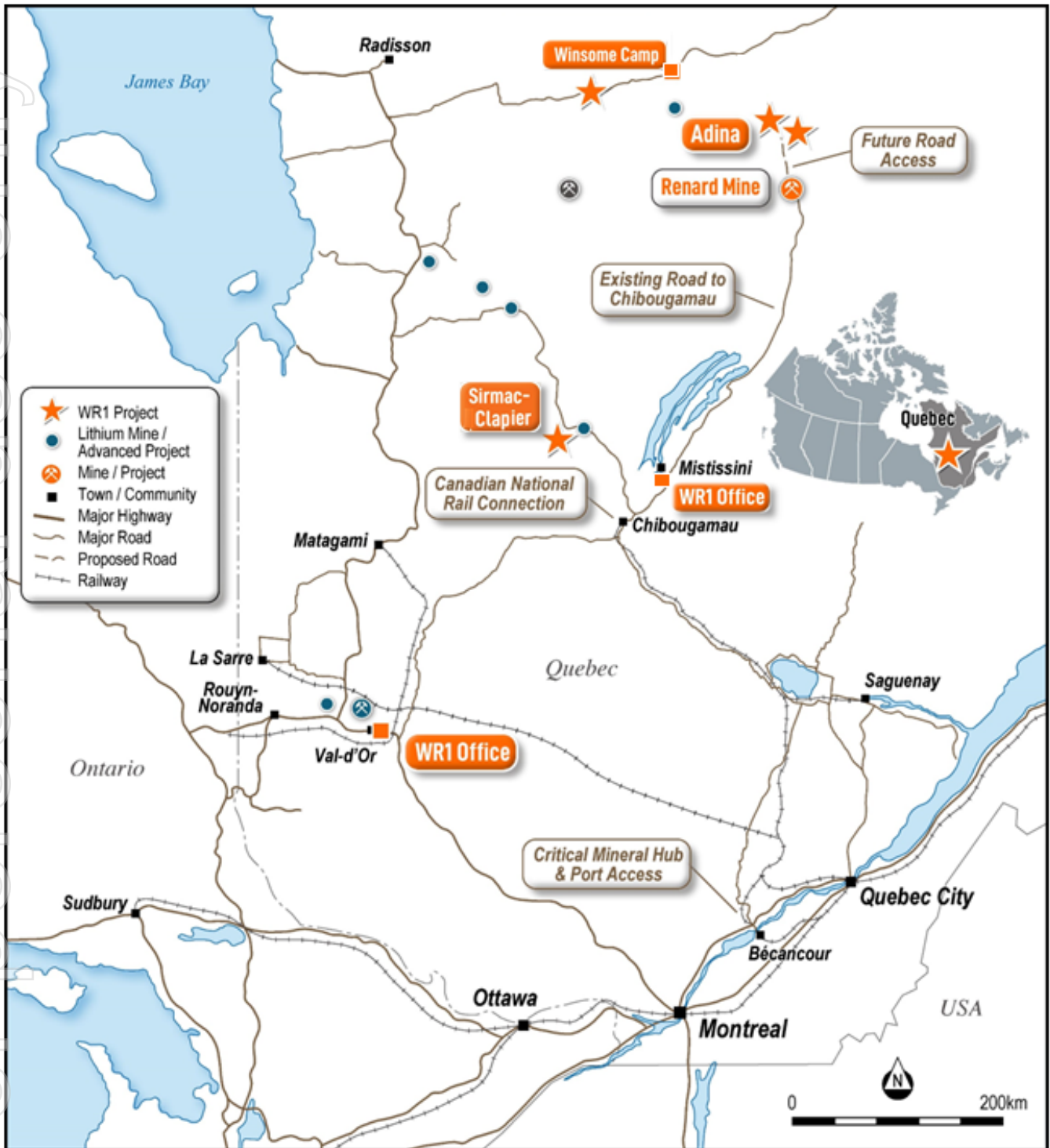


Figure 3: Location of Sirmac-Clapier Project.

ABOUT WINSOME RESOURCES

Winsome Resources (ASX: WR1) is a Canadian focused exploration and development company with several projects in the Eeyou Istchee James Bay region of Quebec.

Our flagship project is Adina Lithium, a 100% owned lithium resource considered a tier-one asset in a low-risk mining jurisdiction and one of the most capital efficient projects in North America with competitive operating costs. The hard rock spodumene lithium deposit is near surface with a +20 year project life and a Mineral Resource of 78Mt at 1.15% Li₂O comprising 79% classified as 'Indicated' and 21% classified as 'Inferred'. (Appendix 1)

In addition to its impressive portfolio of lithium projects in Quebec, Winsome Resources owns 100% of the offtake rights for lithium, caesium and tantalum from Power Metals Corp (TSXV:PWM) Case Lake Project in Eastern Ontario, as well as an equity stake in PWM (together with a right to be issued a further 17,650,000 common shares in PWM on completion of the sale of the Decelles and Mazerac projects).

Winsome is led by a highly qualified team with strong experience in lithium exploration and development as well as leading ASX listed companies. **More details:** www.winsomerresources.com.au

CAUTION REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING INFORMATION

This document contains forward-looking statements concerning Winsome. Forward-looking statements are not statements of historical fact and actual events and results may differ materially from those described in the forward-looking statements as a result of a variety of risks, uncertainties and other factors. Forward-looking statements are inherently subject to business, economic, competitive, political and social uncertainties and contingencies. Many factors could cause the Company's actual results to differ materially from those expressed or implied in any forward-looking information provided by the Company, or on behalf of, the Company. Such factors include, among other things, risks relating to additional funding requirements, metal prices, exploration, development and operating risks, competition, production risks, regulatory, including environmental regulation and liability and potential title disputes.

Forward-looking statements in this document are based on the Company's beliefs, opinions and estimates of Winsome as of the dates the forward-looking statements are made, and no obligation is assumed to update forward-looking statements if these beliefs, opinions and estimates should change or to reflect other future developments.

COMPETENT PERSON'S STATEMENT

The information in this announcement relating to Exploration Results on Sirmac-Clapier is based on, and fairly represents, information and supporting documentation prepared by Mr Carl Caumartin, GM Canada of Winsome Resources Ltd. Mr Caumartin is a member of the Ordre des Ingénieurs du Québec (Quebec Order of Engineers) (OIQ 45588), a Registered Overseas Professional Organisation as defined in the ASX Listing Rules, and has sufficient experience which is relevant to the style of mineralisation and type of deposits under consideration and to the activity which has been undertaken to qualify as a Competent Person as defined in the 2012 Edition of the "Australasian Code for Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves" (**JORC Code**). Mr Caumartin consents to the inclusion in this release of the matters based on the information in the form and context in which they appear.

Mr Caumartin has also reviewed and approved the technical content of this news release as a Qualified Person under National Instrument 43-101 Standards of Disclosure of Mineral Projects.

PREVIOUSLY ANNOUNCED EXPLORATION RESULTS & MINERAL RESOURCES

Winsome confirms it is not aware of any new information or data which materially affects the information included in the original market announcements referred to in this announcement. Winsome confirms the form and context in which the Competent Person's findings are presented have not been materially modified from the original market announcements.

APPENDIX 1: Mineral Resources at the Adina Lithium Project stated under the JORC Code

Zone	Indicated			Inferred			Total		
	Tonnes (Mt)	Li ₂ O (%)	Contained LCE (Mt)	Tonnes (Mt)	Li ₂ O (%)	Contained LCE (Mt)	Tonnes (Mt)	Li ₂ O (%)	Contained LCE (Mt)
MZ	28.4	1.19	0.84	8.7	1.39	0.26	37.1	1.23	1.10
FWZ	33.0	1.10	0.90	7.8	0.98	0.19	40.8	1.08	1.08
Total	61.4	1.14	1.73	16.5	1.19	0.49	77.9	1.15	2.21

APPENDIX 2: ASSAY DATA FROM DISCOVERY OUTCROP SAMPLING

Sample	Easting	Northing	Cs (ppm)	Cs ₂ O (%)	Li ₂ O (%)	Ta (ppm)	Rb (ppm)
D00405506	476736	5604533	8775	0.93	1.86	235	3846
D00405507	476736	5604531	4013	0.43	0.62	270	1759
D00405508	476736	5604529	2371	0.25	3.47	185	2683
D00405509	476736	5604527	5303	0.56	1.65	329	6410
D00405510	476735	5604525	726	0.08	0.71	326	5514
D00405511	476734	5604523	875	0.09	2.50	192	4342
D00405512	476734	5604521	733	0.08	2.27	246	6123
D00405513	476732	5604519	1448	0.15	0.87	134	16900
D00405514	476729	5604521	782	0.08	3.64	285	2924
D00405515	476729	5604523	2182	0.23	0.62	292	9518
D00405516	476731	5604523	21200	2.25	1.71	142	14700
D00405517	476731	5604525	8193	0.87	2.30	138	9194
D00405518	476727	5604521	1295	0.14	0.52	313	10000*
D00405519	476725	5604521	906	0.10	2.54	245	6018
D00405520	476725	5604523	2411	0.26	1.64	273	6677
D00405521	476725	5604525	517	0.05	2.45	165	3520
D00405523	476725	5604528	2149	0.23	0.79	185	10000*
D00405524	476729	5604531	4766	0.51	1.88	173	8730
D00405525	476731	5604531	907	0.10	2.70	304	2950
D00405526	476729	5604529	1412	0.15	1.67	189	4720
D00405527	476729	5604527	954	0.10	0.95	204	5493
D00405528	476731	5604529	19100	2.02	1.67	177	6484
D00405529	476731	5604527	1625	0.17	1.06	191	12000
D00405530	476738	5604533	528	0.06	2.35	297	2816
D00405531	476738	5604531	1008	0.11	2.03	123	7172
D00405532	476738	5604529	1045	0.11	2.31	179	6953

Sample	Easting	Northing	Cs (ppm)	Cs ₂ O (%)	Li ₂ O (%)	Ta (ppm)	Rb (ppm)
D00405533	476738	5604527	1483	0.16	0.44	114	18800
D00405534	476736	5604523	1367	0.14	1.74	203	13300
D00405535	476730	5604513	6572	0.70	1.03	284	8106
D00405536	476729	5604511	716	0.08	3.24	298	2560
D00405537	476728	5604509	914	0.10	0.60	273	8087
D00405538	476724	5604509	1898	0.20	1.88	251	8772
D00405539	476724	5604511	7609	0.81	2.33	155	4117
D00405540	476725	5604513	1418	0.15	1.22	250	9721
D00405541	476722	5604516	1877	0.20	1.64	187	10000*
D00405542	476715	5604520	1751	0.19	1.46	273	8645
D00405543	476735	5604540	1621	0.17	0.87	109	19700
D00405544	476740	5604540	1149	0.12	0.77	132	13200
D00405545	476745	5604555	1437	0.15	2.42	320	7910
D00405546	476745	5604540	5862	0.62	1.91	174	5463
D00405547	476750	5604520	663	0.07	0.03	322	4489
D00405548	476744	5604504	534	0.06	1.72	227	3328
D00405549	476725	5604490	1222	0.13	1.14	166	7956
D00405550	476710	5604490	994	0.11	2.02	138	7659
D00405551	476715	5604500	777	0.08	2.27	175	4486
D00405552	476725	5604530	857	0.09	2.42	227	4911
D00405553	476725	5604519	1325	0.14	1.43	295	12200
D00405554	476725	5604540	5329	0.56	0.97	203	7766
D00405555	476735	5604555	1105	0.12	2.07	224	6372
D00405558	476751	5604533	5202	0.55	1.98	445	8824
D00405559	476755	5604567	39600	4.20	2.15	185	5321
D00405560	476735	5604571	1085	0.12	3.52	158	2819
D00405561	476739	5604492	21300	2.26	1.31	267	14200
D00405562	476745	5604486	1523	0.16	0.85	197	16400
D00405563	476757	5604478	6321	0.67	2.10	243	9384
D00405564	476765	5604484	24800	2.63	1.92	347	5830
D00405565	476751	5604496	7090	0.75	0.11	279	5808

APPENDIX 3: ASSAY DATA FROM NEW OUTCROP SAMPLING

Sample	Easting	Northing	Cs (ppm)	Cs ₂ O (%)	Li ₂ O (%)	Ta (ppm)	Rb (ppm)
D00404253	476840	5604530	174.3	0.02	0.02	0.5	117
D00404254	476892	5604593	243.0	0.03	0.11	0.5	230.7
D00404255	476896	5604589	34800	3.69	1.85	26	9838
D00404256	476933	5604690	501.9	0.05	0.02	143.3	5001.2
D00405501	476073	5605075	910	0.10	2.45	353	6458
D00405502	476074	5605073	1418	0.15	0.43	128	6628
D00405503	476072	5605072	1658	0.18	0.55	175	13400
D00405504	476115	5605079	648	0.07	1.37	133	6300
D00405505	476133	5605061	348	0.04	2.23	133	2833
D00405556	476798	5604693	1145	0.12	2.93	111	7735
D00405557	476797	5604699	2024	0.21	1.58	105	5250
D00405566	476120	5605086	634	0.07	2.27	141	4237
D00405567	476116	5605078	4349	0.46	1.80	179	4364
D00405568	476116	5605070	661	0.07	1.43	187	6703
D00405569	476117	5605061	221	0.02	2.74	164	1973
D00405570	476077	5605077	1970	0.21	1.53	534	4910
D00405571	476066	5605070	992	0.11	3.09	77.7	4110
D00405572	476131	5605065	237	0.03	2.15	225	2026
D00405573	476171	5604940	636	0.07	2.20	128	4533
D00405574	475957	5604481	33900	3.59	1.86	186	3076
D00405575	475953	5604484	4848	0.51	4.23	54.8	1422
D00405753	476358	5605075	1609	0.17	1.61	113	9116
D00405754	476418	5605484	26.7	0.00	0.02	0.7	38.3
D00405755	475996	5605069	2799	0.30	1.24	369	19300
D00405756	475147	5605223	1389	0.15	1.08	174	4915

APPENDIX 4: MODAL MINERALOGY DERIVED USING TIMA

Sample		Min 001 0476731 5604524	Min 002 0476733 5604528	
Easting		476734	476731	
Northing		5604530	5604520	
Mass % of Size Fraction [%]		100.0	100.0	
Median Particle Size (µm)		170	228	
Mineral Mass (%)	Spodumene	16.0	10.3	
	Petalite	0.03	0.01	
	Pollucite	6.17	2.56	
	Cookeite	0.01	0.02	
	Beryl	0.79	0.75	
	Tantalite	0.04	0.08	
	Columbite	0.00	0.00	
	Quartz	30.4	30.4	
	K-feldspars	25.1	25.6	
	Albite	18.2	24.1	
	Biotite	0.25	0.21	
	Muscovite/Lepidolite	2.66	5.61	
	Chlorite	0.00	0.00	
	Pyroxene/Amphibole	0.01	0.00	
	Epidote	0.01	0.01	
	Garnets	0.01	0.01	
	Carbonates	0.01	0.01	
	Titanite	0.00	0.00	
	Apatite	0.00	0.00	
	Mn-Phosphates	0.05	0.11	
	Fe-(Ti)-Oxides	0.06	0.06	
	Sulphides	0.00	0.00	
	Tourmaline	0.11	0.09	
	Other	0.10	0.05	
	Total		100.0	100.0

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JORC Code, 2012 edition Table 1 for Sirmac
Section 1 Sampling Techniques and Data

(Criteria in this section apply to all succeeding sections.)

Criteria	Explanation
Sampling techniques	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Rock chip sampling was completed across outcropping pegmatite dykes by cutting channels. Channels are approximately 20 – 30cm long, 5-10cm wide and cut with diamond saw to approx. 5-10cm depth. The entire channel is sampled resulting in sample weight of 1- 2 kgs. Samples from Sirmac were sent to SGS Laboratoties Inc under standard preparation procedures. Pulps from Cs samples which returned an analytical result above 10,000ppm Cs were re assayed using borate fusion XRF which provides suitable precision for these contents of Cs.
Drilling techniques	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> No drilling is being reported, only outcrop sampling.
Drill sample recovery	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> No drilling is being reported. Sample recovery from the channels was adequate.
Logging	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Features such as rock type, mineralogy, textures, alteration were recorded from the channel samples.
Sub-sampling techniques and sample preparation	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Best attempts were made to ensure the channel sampling was representative of the outcropping material however it should be noted outcrop and surface sampling is generally not representative. Samples are crushed, milled and split at the laboratory (SGS) to achieve a 250g sub-sample for assay. Laboratory QC procedures for sample preparation include quality control on checks crushing and milling to ensure representivity. Samples for mineralogical analysis were crushed to size passing -2mm.
Quality control & Quality of assay data and laboratory tests	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Assay and laboratory procedures have been selected following a review of techniques provided by laboratories in Canada. SGS Laboratories is an internationally certified independent service providers. Industry standard assay quality control techniques were used for lithium related elements. Samples were submitted for multi-element ICP analysis by SGS Laboratories which is an appropriate technique for high-grade lithium analysis. Sodium Peroxide Fusion is used followed by combined ICP-AES and ICP-MS analyses (56 elements). The upper detection limit for Cs under this method is 10,000ppm. Cs samples with contents higher than 10,000ppm Cs were re-analysed by SGS using borate fusion XRF. This is a higher precision analysis method for such contents of Cs. Li is reported by the lab and converted to Li₂O for reporting using a factor of 2.153. Cs is reported by the lab and converted to Cs₂O for reporting using a factor of 1.06 No handheld instruments were used for analysis. Comparison of results with standards indicate sufficient quality in data. No external laboratory checks have been used but are planned to be completed shortly. Different grades of certified reference material (CRM) for lithium mineralisation were inserted, as well as field duplicates, and blanks. The CRMs submitted represented a weakly mineralised pegmatite (OREAS 750), and a moderate

Criteria	Explanation
	<p>lithium mineralised pegmatite (AMIS 0341) to high grade lithium mineralised pegmatite (OREAS 752 & 753). For the Sirmac-Clapier samples a Cs-rich CRM was developed using material from samples taken in 2024 which were blended and homogenised. Multiple assays were carried out to derive the parameters for this CRM. Quality Assurance and Quality Control utilised standard industry practice, using prepared standards, field blanks (approximately 0.4 kg), duplicates sampled in the field and pulp duplicates at the lab.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • CRMs were submitted at a rate of approximately 20%, whereas blanks, duplicates and repeat assay determinations were submitted at a rate of approximately 5%. • Mineralogical analysis was carried out using a TESCAN Integrated Mineral Analyzer (TIMA), an Automated Scanning Electron Microscopy instrument which uses four Energy Dispersive X-Ray (EDX) silicon drift detectors (SDD) attached to a TESCAN MIRA (field-emission gun-FEG) platform, which also includes back scattered electron (BSE) and secondary electron (SE) detectors. The TIMA system utilizes both EDX and BSE signals to identify minerals by comparison with entries in a mineral library based on theoretical mineral/phase composition or created based previous data.
Verification of sampling and assaying	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Intersections have been estimated by consultants to the company and cross checked. • Data is entered into and validated on an electronic database (MX Deposit), which is maintained by Winsome on site in Eeyou Istchee James Bay and backed up regularly by the Company's IT consultants in Val D'Or. • Data verification is carried out by the Project Geologist on site, and a final verification was performed by the Senior Geologist and the geologist responsible for database management. An independent verification is carried out by consultants to the company. • No assays have been adjusted. A factor of 2.153 has been applied to the reported Li assays by the laboratory so to report as Li₂O. A factor of 1.06 has been applied to the reported Cs assays by the laboratory so to report as Cs₂O.
Location of data points	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The samples have been located by hand-held GPS with ~1m accuracy. • The grid datum is NAD83. Zone 18N. • Topographic elevation and landmarks are sourced from a Digital Elevation Model obtained from Lidar surveys performed over the property. Government topographic maps have been used for topographic validation. The GPS is otherwise considered sufficiently accurate for elevation data.
Data spacing and distribution	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Early exploration so data spacing and distribution is not yet relevant. • The spacing of resolution of the satellite imagery was variable. Imagery has been viewed at the highest available resolution (1m or better if available). • No assessment has been made regarding the channel sampling with respect to resources or reserve estimation.
Orientation of data in relation to geological structure	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The orientation of the pegmatite is not yet known; accordingly channels were cut perpendicular to avoid and sampling bias.
Sample security	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The company takes full responsibility on the custody of the samples including the sampling process itself and transportation.

Criteria	Explanation
	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Samples are shipped during the weekly supply run and delivered directly to the respective laboratories.
Audits or reviews	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• No external audit of the database has been completed, apart from by consulting geologists acting on behalf of the company.

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Section 2 Reporting of Exploration Results

(Criteria in the preceding section also apply to this section.)

Criteria	Explanation
Mineral tenement and land tenure status	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The Sirmac-Clapier Project is 100% owned by Winsome. All tenements are in good standing and have been legally validated by a Quebec lawyer specialising in the field.
Exploration done by other parties	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Government mapping records multiple lithium bearing pegmatites within the project areas with only regional data available. Vision Lithium is exploring its Sirmac Project which is contiguous with Winsome's Sirmac-Clapier Project. Results from Visions's exploration are available on Vision's website and have been detailed previously.
Geology	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The mineralisation encountered at the Sirmac-Clapier project is typical of a Lithium-Caesium-Tantalum (LCT) type of pegmatite. The pegmatite body is intruded into mafic volcanic rocks.
Drill hole Information	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> No drilling is being reported.
Data aggregation methods	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> No sample weighting or metal equivalent values have been used in reporting. Aggregation issues are not considered material at this stage of project definition. No metal equivalent values were used
Relationship between mineralisation widths and intercept lengths	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The widths presented are not true widths. The orientation of mineralisation is not known.
Diagrams	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> See figures and maps provided in the text of the announcement.
Balanced reporting	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Winsome will endeavour to produce balanced reports accurately detailing all results from any exploration activities. All samples and intersections have been presented in this announcement and in previous announcements.
Other substantive exploration data	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> All substantive exploration data has been included in previous ASX Announcements. No other substantive exploration data is available at this time.
Further work	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> As detailed in the announcement, Winsome continues to plan further work including data interpretation, field mapping and exploration drilling.