

Dexus Convenience Retail REIT (ASX:DXC)

ASX release

10 August 2026

2026 Annual Report

Dexus Convenience Retail REIT (DXC) provides its 2026 Annual Report, which will be mailed to Security holders who have elected to receive a hard copy in September 2026.

Authorised by the Board of Dexus Asset Management Limited

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About Dexus Convenience Retail REIT

Dexus Convenience Retail REIT (ASX code: DXC) is a listed Australian real estate investment trust which owns high quality fuel and convenience retail assets. At 30 June 2026, the fund's portfolio is valued at approximately \$779 million, is predominantly located on Australia's eastern seaboard and leased to leading Australian and international convenience retail tenants. The portfolio has a long lease expiry profile and contracted annual rent increases, delivering the fund a sustainable and strong level of income security. The fund has a conservative approach to capital management with a target gearing range of 25–40%. Dexus Convenience Retail REIT is governed by a majority Independent Board and managed by Dexus (ASX code: DXS), a leading Australasian fully integrated real asset group with more than four decades of expertise in real asset investment, funds management, asset management, and development. www.dexus.com

Dexus Asset Management Limited (ACN 080 674 479, AFSL No. 237500) (the "Responsible Entity") is the responsible entity and issuer of financial products in respect of Convenience Retail REIT No.1 (ARSN 101 227 614), Convenience Retail REIT No.2 (ARSN 619 527 829) and Convenience Retail REIT No.3 (ARSN 619 527 856) collectively the Dexus Convenience Retail REIT (ASX code: DXC) stapled group. The Responsible Entity is a wholly owned subsidiary of Dexus (ASX code: DXS).

The registered office and principal place of business for the Responsible Entity is Level 30, 50 Bridge Street, Sydney NSW 2000.

Annual Report 2026

Dexus
Convenience Retail REIT

DXC | dexus





Dexus Convenience Retail REIT is a listed Australian real estate investment trust which owns high-quality fuel and convenience assets, providing sustainable income through long leases, annual rent increases and disciplined capital management.



219 Westphalen Drive, Warrego QLD

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Convenience Retail REIT No. 1
ARSN 101 227 614

Convenience Retail REIT No. 2
ARSN 619 527 829

Convenience Retail REIT No. 3
ARSN 619 527 856

Dexus Asset Management Limited
ACN 080 674 479 AFSL 237 500 as
responsible entity for Dexus Convenience
Retail REIT (which comprises the above
mentioned three trusts which are stapled
to each other).

Dexus Convenience Retail REIT Annual Reporting suite



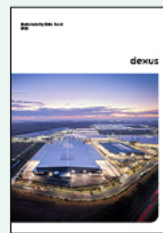
Annual Report



Annual Results
Presentation



Corporate
Governance
Statement



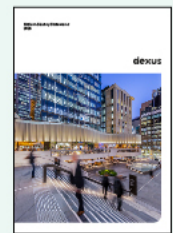
Sustainability Data
Pack¹



Dexus Climate
Transition Action
Plan¹



Management
Approach &
Procedures¹



Modern Slavery
Statement¹

About this Report

The 2026 Annual Report is a consolidated summary of Dexus Convenience Retail REIT's (DXC) performance for the financial year ended 30 June 2026. It should be read in conjunction with the reports that comprise the 2026 Annual Reporting suite available from www.dexus.com/dxc.

In this report, unless otherwise stated, references to 'DXC', 'the Fund', 'we' and 'our' refer to ASX listed entity of Dexus Convenience Retail REIT.

Any reference in this report to a 'year' relates to the financial year ended 30 June 2026 and all dollar figures are expressed in Australian dollars unless otherwise stated. The Board acknowledges its responsibility for the 2026 Annual Report and has been involved in its development and direction from the beginning. The Board reviewed, considered and provided feedback during the production process and approved the Annual Report at its August 2026 meeting.

Acknowledgement of country

Dexus Convenience Retail REIT acknowledges the Traditional Custodians of the Lands on which our business and assets operate, and recognises their ongoing contribution to Land, waters and community.

We pay our respects to First Nations Elders past and present.

Artist – Sharon Smith

Artwork – Changing of the Land



¹ Reports are available at dexus.com/dxs. The FY26 Sustainability Data pack will be available on 20 August 2026.

FY26 highlights

Delivered FFO and distributions in line with guidance driven by resilient like-for-like income growth, a high-quality and diverse tenant base and an active capital management approach.

Financial



20.9cps

FFO per security
FY25: 20.7cps

20.9cps

Distribution per security
FY25: 20.7cps

\$3.86

NTA per security
FY25: \$3.64

Capital management



30.6%

Gearing
FY25: 29.4%

4.2 years

Weighted average debt maturity
FY25: 4.5 years

66%

Average hedged debt
FY25: 72%

Portfolio



+3.3%

Average rent review achieved
FY25: +3.1%

99.2%

Occupancy (by income)
FY25: 99.9%

7.6 years

Weighted average lease expiry (by income)
FY25: 7.9 years

Sustainability



Net zero

Net zero maintained for Scope 1 and 2
emissions for managed portfolio¹

100%

Renewable energy sourced for managed portfolio

Development

Glass House Mountains (Northbound) redevelopment includes
six EV charging bays with capacity for a further four bays

¹ Covers Scope 1 and 2 emissions across DXC controlled operations as part of the Dexu managed portfolio, which received limited assurance. Net emissions for the 12 months ended 30 June 2026 include offsets purchased and allocated for retirement during the year and up to the date of this announcement.

➤ About Dexus
Convenience Retail REIT

Dexus Convenience Retail REIT's high-quality Australian fuel and convenience retail assets provide a high level of income security for investors.

\$779m

Portfolio value

7.6 years

WALE (by income)

91

Properties

6.18%

Weighted average cap rate

99.2%

Occupancy (by income)

77%

Weighting to eastern seaboard

Glass House Mountains Northbound, QLD

For personal use only



At 30 June 2026, DXC's portfolio is valued at \$779 million and is predominantly located on Australia's eastern seaboard and leased to leading Australian and international convenience retail tenants. The portfolio has a long-weighted average lease expiry and benefits from contracted annual rent increases, providing a high level of income security.

The Fund has a conservative approach to capital management with a target gearing range of 25–40%. Dexu Convenience Retail REIT (ASX code: DXC), is governed by a majority independent Board and managed by Dexu (ASX code: DXS), a leading Australasian fully integrated real asset group.

Since its IPO in mid-2017, DXC has provided investors with secure portfolio income growth, with the total portfolio value growing from \$287 million to \$779 million over this period. DXC's performance has been supported by strong business fundamentals including:

- Tenant quality and diversification
- A valuable land bank
- Property enhancement initiatives
- Capital management discipline
- Strategic value-enhancing transactions.

Portfolio overview

Portfolio reflects valuable landbank with national presence

Portfolio value by classification

63%

Metropolitan



23%

Highway



14%

Regional



Western Australia

\$65.4m valuation
8.4% of total portfolio value
10 properties

South Australia

\$113.1m valuation
14.5% of total portfolio value
16 properties

Queensland

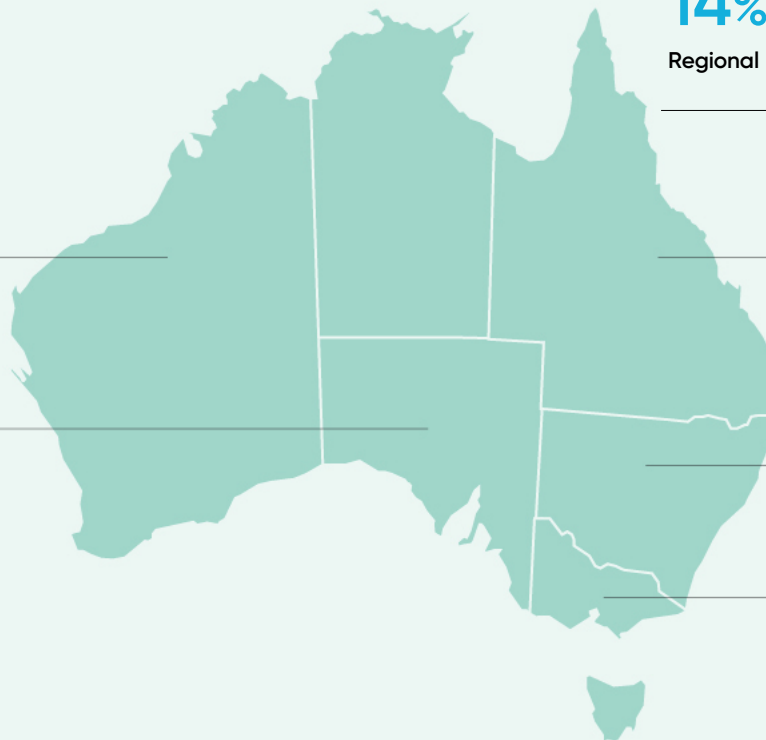
\$462.2m valuation
59.3% of total portfolio value
52 properties

New South Wales

\$127.3m valuation
16.3% of total portfolio value
11 properties

Victoria

\$10.9m valuation
1.4% of total portfolio value
2 properties



Investment proposition

Providing investors with exposure to defensive income with embedded growth.



Defensive and growing income

- Diverse mix of high-quality national and international tenants
- Fixed and CPI linked rental escalators
- Long WALE and high occupancy



Active portfolio management

- Enhancing portfolio quality through strategic metro and highway exposure
- Increasing convenience retail/QSR exposure
- Selective asset recycling to support portfolio quality and capital flexibility



Prudent capital structure

- Preserve balance sheet flexibility
- Strategic hedging to reduce rate exposure
- Maintain disciplined capital allocation, including the securities buyback



Aligned manager with deep real asset capability

- Dexus is committed to delivering performance for investors across its funds management platform
- Leveraging insights across transactions, developments, asset management, treasury and sustainability

3.0%

Like-for-like income growth

3.3%

Average rent review

7.8%

Distribution yield¹

66%

Average debt hedged

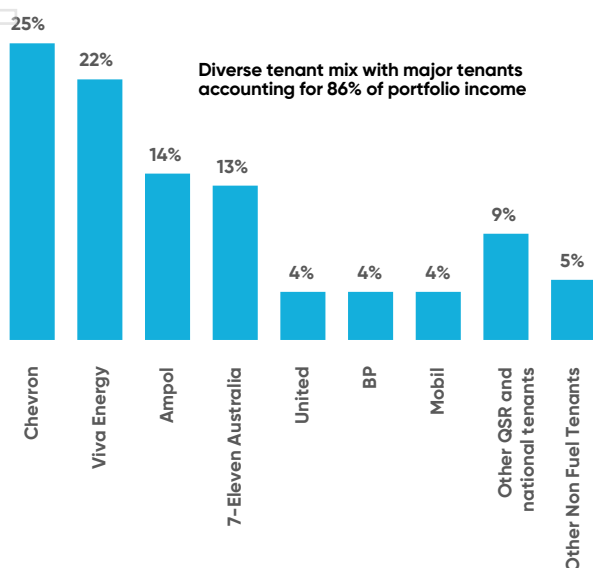
30.6%

Gearing

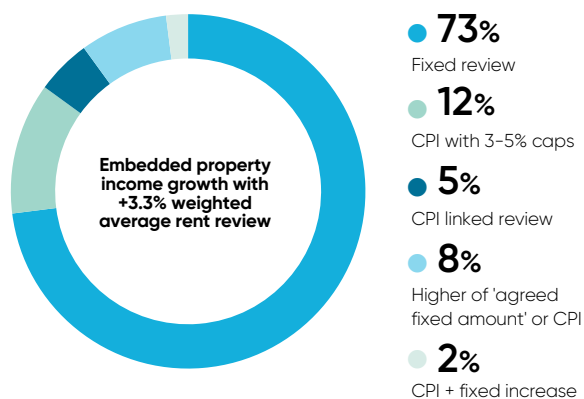
9%

Dexus principal ownership

Tenancy mix by income



Rent review type by income



¹ Based on the closing security price as at 7 August 2026.

About Dexu

Dexu is a leading Australasian fully integrated real asset group, managing a high-quality Australasian real asset portfolio valued at \$51.5 billion¹.

The Dexu Platform includes the Dexu listed portfolio and the funds management business, of which Dexu Convenience Retail REIT forms a part.

The \$15.3 billion¹ Dexu listed portfolio includes direct and indirect ownership of office, industrial, retail, and other real assets.

Dexu manages a further \$36.2 billion¹ of investments in its funds management business which connects third party capital with exposure to quality sector specific and diversified real asset products. The funds within this business have a track record of delivering performance and benefit from Dexu's Platform capabilities.

The Platform's \$11.5 billion¹ real estate development pipeline provides the opportunity to grow both the listed and funds' portfolios and enhance future returns.

Dexu is deeply connected to its purpose; unlock potential, create tomorrow, reflecting its unique ability to create value for its people, customers, investors and communities over the long term.

Dexu is listed on the Australian Securities Exchange (ASX code: DXS) and is supported by more than 35,800¹ investors from 26¹ countries. With more than four decades of expertise in real asset investment, funds management, asset management and development, Dexu has a track record in capital and risk management and delivering returns for its investors.



100 East-West Arterial Road, Hendra QLD

¹ As at 31 December 2025.

Fund Manager's letter

FY26 demonstrated the defensive qualities of DXC's portfolio. Resilient income was underpinned by high occupancy, strong tenant covenants and contracted rental growth.

"Disciplined capital allocation, portfolio recycling and selective growth initiatives continue to enhance long-term value for Security holders."

Despite rising interest rates in the second half, the Fund maintained a disciplined approach to capital management and continued to improve the Fund's income security and quality.

During the year, DXC continued to execute a proactive portfolio and capital management strategy, including an expanded on-market securities buy-back, the divestment of three smaller assets above book value, entering into agreements to acquire two fund-through development opportunities, subject to conditions precedent and additional hedging activity to improve earnings visibility.

As the interest rate cycle turned, DXC has retained its focus on delivering long-term value for Security holders through:

- Generating defensive income with embedded rental growth
- Actively managing and enhancing the portfolio
- Maintaining a prudent capital structure
- Allocating capital with discipline to the most value-accretive opportunities, including the on-market securities buy-back
- Leveraging Dexu's capabilities across transactions, development, asset management and treasury.

The DXC portfolio comprises 91 convenience retail assets valued at \$779 million, located primarily along Australia's eastern seaboard and underpinned by high-quality tenant covenants, with 95% of income derived from major national and international tenants. Our exposure to metro and highway assets is 86%, with these assets benefitting from higher traffic flows, attractive underlying land characteristics and flexibility to adapt over time as consumer demand for convenience retail spend continues to evolve. We are well placed to support our tenants on this journey given low average site coverage providing the potential for asset expansion opportunities over time.

DXC maintained close to full occupancy and a weighted average lease expiry of 7.6 years, providing a resilient income stream supported by contracted rental growth.

We have deliberately diversified our tenant base over time, with our top tenant Chevron representing 25% of total income, down from 53% six years ago. Corporate activity across the fuel and convenience retail sector continues to reinforce the strategic value of well-located convenience retail assets and supports our positive long-term outlook. Recent transactions include:

- Ampol's acquisition of EG Australia for ~\$1.2b completed in June 2026
- Eneos Holding's (~A\$32bn, Tokyo Stock Exchange -listed company) proposed acquisition of Chevron's downstream business in Southeast Asia, including ~382 Australian assets while retaining the Caltex brand.

Pat De María
Fund Manager
Dexu Convenience Retail REIT

We delivered solid financial results for the 2026 financial year, with portfolio like-for-like net operating income growth of 3.0% reflecting the portfolio's embedded annual fixed and CPI-linked rental escalators. FFO and distributions per security were 20.9 cents, in-line with guidance of 20.9 cents. This outcome reflects the portfolio's contracted rental growth and continued high occupancy, partly offset by higher funding costs and the impact of prior asset divestments.

Statutory net profit after tax was \$56.4 million, up from \$39.4 million in FY25, reflecting property valuation gains during the year.

Gearing of 30.6% is toward the lower end of the Fund's 25–40% target range and the Fund has no debt expiries until FY28. During the year, we continued to actively manage our capital position. We extended and increased \$145 million of debt facilities at lower average margins, maintained a long average debt maturity of 4.2 years and undertook approximately \$200 million of hedging activity to improve earnings visibility and reduce exposure to interest rate volatility.

Capital allocation remained a key focus during FY26, with management actively assessing the most effective use of capital. With DXC securities trading at a discount to NTA during the year, the buy-back represented an attractive use of capital and increased from 2.5% to 5.0% of securities on issue.

We also exchanged contracts to divest three smaller assets for a combined sale price of \$8.0 million representing a 1.4% average premium to book value with proceeds supporting ongoing portfolio enhancement and capital management initiatives.

Portfolio valuation outcomes were supported by contracted rental growth, the completion of Glass House Mountains Northbound and continued transaction activity across the fuel and convenience retail sector. In the 12 months ended 30 June 2026, valuations resulted in an estimated net uplift of \$27.4 million, with the weighted average capitalisation rate remaining stable at 6.18%¹ which remains above the marginal cost of debt.

DXC's development strategy focuses on creating value by securing difficult to replicate sites that deliver attractive returns.

Glass House Mountains Northbound is complete and fully leased, with Viva Energy/On the Run now trading alongside McDonald's, KFC and Guzman y Gomez. The development has an average WALE of 18 years, derives 43% of income from QSR retailers, and delivered a 17% development project IRR and 5.8% yield on cost, demonstrating the value created through DXC's development strategy.

The forward pipeline comprises Glass House Mountains Southbound and the two fund-through developments at Mayfield and Bulahdelah, NSW. These projects remain subject to conditions precedent, including lease finalisation, development approval and satisfaction of return hurdles.

Sustainability remains an important part of DXC's approach to portfolio management. We continue to align with the Dexu sustainability strategy, which is focused on Customer prosperity, Climate action, and Enhancing communities.

DXC maintained 100% renewable electricity and net zero² on Scope 1 and 2 emissions across its controlled operations for FY26. Sustainability initiatives have been embedded into the design of our development projects, including planned electric vehicle charging stations, rooftop solar, rainwater harvesting, grey water reuse and new fuel tank technology.

Looking ahead, DXC remains focused on delivering resilient income to our security holders. Consistent with this objective, DXC has updated its distribution policy to target a payout ratio of 95–110% of FFO, providing flexibility to maintain distributions at 20.9 cents per security in FY27 as the Fund transitions to a higher interest rate environment. Contracted rental growth is expected to drive payout ratio normalisation over time.

Barring unforeseen circumstances, for the 12 months ended 30 June 2027 we expect distributions of 20.9 cents per security³, reflecting an attractive distribution yield of 7.8%⁴ for our investors.

Thank you for your continued investment in Dexu Convenience Retail REIT.

Pat De Maria

Fund Manager

Dexu Convenience Retail REIT

1 Includes Glass House Mountains (Northbound) as a stabilised asset and excludes three assets held for sale (1 Wishart Street, Gwelup WA, 1 Flinders Street, Monto QLD and 74 Connor Street, Zilzie QLD).

2 Covers Scope 1 and 2 emissions across DXC controlled operations as part of the Dexu managed portfolio, which received limited assurance. Net emissions for the 12 months ended 30 June 2026 include offsets purchased and allocated for retirement during the year and up to the date of this announcement.

3 Based on property income growth and current interest rate expectations. Distributions are expected to be modestly above 100% of FFO, with the payout ratio expected to normalise as contracted income growth is delivered.

4 Based on the closing security price as at 7 August 2026.

➤ Sustainability overview

Dexus Convenience Retail REIT leverages the Dexus Platform to manage its response to sustainability issues.



Glass House Mountains Northbound, QLD

Sustainability strategy

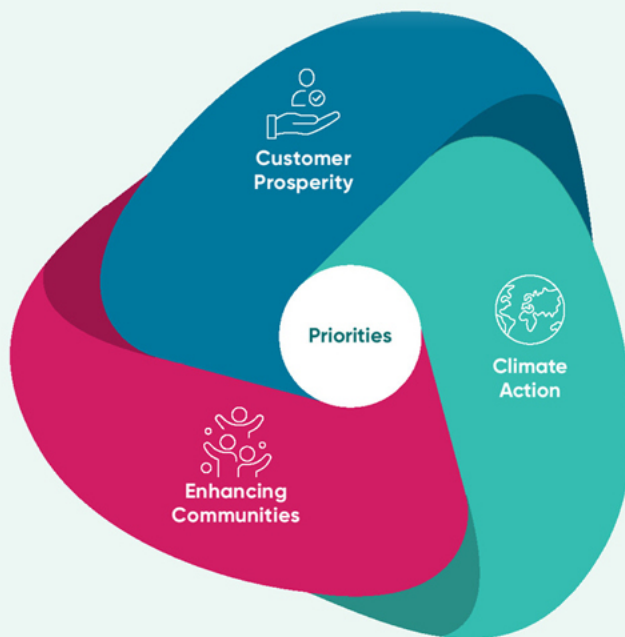
Our investors, customers and communities expect DXC to manage sustainability risks and opportunities at our assets. Dexus's sustainability strategy guides DXC's approach and priority areas based on our most material sustainability matters, supporting us to deliver assets that create positive impact and enduring value in areas material to DXC and Dexus.

The Dexus sustainability strategy and priority areas below are applied across DXC's operations.

More sustainability information can be found in the Dexus Annual Reporting Suite, including the Dexus 2026 Integrated Annual Report and accompanying Sustainability Data Pack, available at www.dexus.com/dxs on 20 August 2026.

Sustainability strategy

Unlock the potential of real assets to create lasting positive impact and a more sustainable tomorrow



Priority Areas



Customer prosperity

Supporting our customers' productivity, wellbeing and prosperity by designing, developing and managing spaces that meet their evolving needs.



Climate action

Focusing on climate action to support the transition to a decarbonised economy, while safeguarding and advancing our people, assets and financial performance.



Enhancing communities

Helping the communities around our assets and creating local connections and social value through inclusive placemaking and investment that strengthens our communities.

Foundations



Circularity



Indigenous engagement



Diversity, equity & inclusion



Human rights



Health & wellbeing



Nature



Governance & reporting

Sustainability overview continued

Implementing the Dexus sustainability strategy

DXC takes direct action where we have operational control and works with customers and as an investment partner to influence sustainability outcomes where DXC does not have direct control.

Across the Platform this year, Dexus expanded the reach and tracking of activities supporting our social value aspiration to create local connections for healthy hearts and minds. There was also a focus on improved wellbeing and sustainability outcomes for customers.

Dexus increased Platform renewable energy capacity and progressed initiatives to strengthen measurement of Scope 3 emissions.

Dexus continues to embed its sustainability strategy across the Dexus Platform, including through fund investment plans, sector strategies and asset plans. Sustainability priorities have also been integrated into the business performance review process for sectors, funds and Platform functions.

Sustainability Priority Areas

Consistent with Dexus's sustainability strategy, the Priority Areas which deliver greater sustainability impact while unlocking increased commercial value are **Customer prosperity, Climate action and Enhancing communities**.

These priority areas were identified through our sustainability materiality assessments and their alignment to the Dexus and DXC business strategies, including their ability to drive sustainability outcomes and commercial value across diverse sectors and asset types.

DXC sustainability priorities aligned to the Dexus sustainability strategy

DXC priority

Planned activities supporting priority



Customer prosperity

- Facilitating and supporting tenant requests to increase solar and electric vehicle charging capacity at assets
- Embedding solar capacity in our retail convenience developments where we can influence outcomes
- Supporting tenants where possible to deliver on their decarbonisation strategies, leveraging emerging opportunities in convenience retail



Climate action

- Maintaining net zero for scope 1 and 2 emissions across directly controlled assets for the managed portfolio
- Sourcing 100% renewable electricity for managed assets and balancing remaining emissions through investment in high quality carbon offsets
- Enhancing resilience to the impacts of climate change at assets
- Integrating climate action initiatives within developments, with a focus on renewable energy, water and energy conservation, and resilience



Enhancing communities

- Creating local connections for healthy hearts and minds and amplifying DXC's social impact by supporting Platform national community partnerships where appropriate



Foundations

- Maintaining asset environmental and work health and safety systems
- Prioritising resource efficiency initiatives at assets
- Conducting supplier sustainability due diligence and monitoring
- Supporting and applying the Dexus Reconciliation Action Plan where possible
- Ensuring continued strong governance and preparing for incoming sustainability reporting requirements

Foundations

The foundations that underpin the sustainability strategy are: Circularity, Indigenous Engagement, Diversity, equity & Inclusion, Human rights, Health & wellbeing, Nature, and Governance & reporting. This report focuses on the foundations most relevant to DXC's FY26 activity and reporting.

Our commitment is to understand and address stakeholder expectations in these foundational areas, providing a platform for greater impact and value creation through our priority areas.

Review of material issues

Dexus and DXC acknowledge that ongoing business performance relies on understanding and responding to issues of importance to our operations and stakeholders. DXC is considered as part of the Dexus materiality assessment. The materiality assessment process supports the identification and prioritisation of sustainability matters that are critical to delivering our strategy and meeting stakeholder expectations.

The process comprises periodic comprehensive assessments that identify and prioritise material topics through stakeholder engagement and desktop research. In intervening years, materiality reviews are conducted to confirm that material topics remain relevant and identify any changes in stakeholder priorities throughout the year.

Materiality reviews were conducted from FY24 to FY26, building on the comprehensive assessment conducted in FY23 and drawing on stakeholder engagement to confirm or update rankings.

This year's materiality review confirmed that the six most material topics for the Dexus Platform remained unchanged from FY25, although the relative importance of some topics shifted in FY26.

The most material topics remain:

- Economic performance and resilience
- Corporate governance
- Customer engagement and experience
- Championing a high-performance workplace culture
- Decarbonisation and circularity
- Asset environmental performance and optimisation

Learn more about Dexus's materiality assessment in the Dexus 2026 Annual Report at www.dexus.com/dxs from 20 August 2026.

Preparing for incoming mandatory climate-related financial disclosures

DXC, alongside Dexus, is committed to providing transparent and decision-useful information on sustainability-related matters. Dexus is reporting voluntarily under the Australian Sustainability Reporting Standards AASB S2 Climate-related Disclosures (AASB S2) this year.

Based on the current reporting framework, DXC is expected to be captured as a Group 3 entity and to report in alignment with AASB S2 from FY28, subject to any changes to reporting requirements. DXC will leverage Dexus's earlier adoption of AASB S2 to inform future reporting on climate-related risks and opportunities where relevant.

The Dexus Climate Transition Plan (CTAP) is an important component of DXC's approach to managing climate risks and capitalising on climate-related opportunities. It forms part of Dexus's and DXC's sustainability reporting suite alongside this Annual Report and the Sustainability Data Pack. Other reporting suite documents are available at www.dexus.com/sustainability.



185 Brays Road, Griffin, QLD

Customer prosperity



Supporting our customers' productivity, wellbeing and prosperity by designing, developing and managing spaces that meet their evolving needs

Supporting customers on their sustainability journeys

Dexus and DXC aim to continuously improve our assets and services based on customer feedback from annual surveys, forums and ongoing asset-level dialogue. These channels provide a clear view of customer priorities and enable targeted improvements across the Platform. Customers regularly raise sustainability matters, seeking support to access renewable energy, install electric vehicle (EV) charging and reduce emissions.

DXC is focused on increasing renewable energy and EV charging access for current and future customers. The Glass House Mountains Northbound development was fully operational from 1 July 2026, designed with EV charging capability as a foundation. Northbound features six licensed EV charging bays in operation, with capacity for an additional four bays to meet growing demand. The existing Southbound asset features four licensed EV charging bays in operation, and we are exploring further sustainability features as part of future developments at the site.

DXC continues to engage customers across assets to support their expansion of renewable energy enabled facilities and rooftop solar capacity. We are working with tenants to understand their needs and support solar and EV charging installations, using our scale and sector expertise to help them meet their own customers' expectations.



Cnr Edith Street and Bruce Highway, Cluden, QLD

Climate action



Supporting the transition to a decarbonised economy, while safeguarding and advancing our people, assets and financial performance

DXC's role in the energy transition

The convenience retail sector's role in Australia's transition to net zero is complex but important and DXC is committed to taking direct action where possible and to working with customers to support their contribution to a net zero economy. Transport fuel is a key focus in Australia's national decarbonisation pathway. As demand and incentives grow, DXC's role in supporting our retail fuel customers through the transition will become increasingly important.

Our tenancy mix in convenience retail provides DXC with the opportunity to engage meaningfully with customers in the sector and contribute positively to environmental outcomes. We focus on understanding customers' climate ambitions and goals and facilitating these through our assets.

Through developments that prioritise environmental efficiency, and by working with customers to improve renewable energy and EV access at existing assets, we aim to support the convenience retail sector to align with evolving transport trends and use our experience and scale to help meet shared decarbonisation goals.

Maintaining net zero on managed portfolio

DXC, alongside Dexu, prioritises emissions reduction to achieve our strategic and sustainability outcomes and to align with the climate aspirations set out in the Dexu Climate Transition Action Plan. In FY26, we continued to maintain net zero for Scope 1 and 2 emissions¹ across DXC's controlled portfolio, supporting the Dexu 2040 aspiration to achieve absolute zero on Scope 1 and 2 emissions with minimal use of offsets for the managed portfolio.

DXC also procured 100% renewable electricity for the controlled assets' energy use (maintained since 2022).

DXC's emissions and offsets will be published with the Dexu Platform information in the 2026 Sustainability Data Pack, available at www.dexu.com/dxs from 20 August 2026.

Climate resilience at DXC assets

DXC and Dexu are focused on understanding and managing climate-related risks and opportunities that may affect our business activities and assets, and on protecting our ability to create and retain value over time.

DXC benefits from Dexu's Platform-wide approach to climate risk management. In FY26, DXC completed a site-level physical climate risk assessment at Thornton as part of 27 assessments completed across the Platform.

Assessments are prioritised based on exposures identified in Dexu's portfolio-level climate risk assessment and identify climate-related hazards and mitigation actions at specific assets. The Thornton assessment supports integration of physical risk mitigation into asset planning and budgets and provides learnings that can be applied across the sector.

Developing sustainable convenience retail assets

DXC's developments play an important role in embedding and advancing Dexu's sustainability strategy.

Designing convenience retail assets with sustainability features and expansion capability as a foundation allows us to continue to build a high-quality portfolio that meets current and future customer needs. Our Glass House Mountains Northbound development was fully operational from 1 July 2026, delivering modern and efficient features enhanced with renewable energy capabilities. In addition to current and future EV charging facilities, the development uses conservation technology such as rainwater harvesting, grey-water reuse and new fuel tank technology to improve energy efficiency and reduce environmental impacts.

DXC's development approach aligns to the Dexu Sustainable Development Standards (SDS), which embed our sustainability priorities within our development processes. The Standards enable the delivery of high-performing, resilient assets, including initiatives to reduce embodied carbon, facilitate renewable energy use and incorporate social and inclusive design principles where relevant.

¹ Covers Scope 1 and 2 emissions across DXC controlled operations as part of the Dexu managed portfolio, which received limited assurance. Net emissions for the 12 months ended 30 June 2026 include offsets purchased and allocated for retirement during the year and up to the date of this announcement.

Enhancing communities

Investing to enhance the communities around our assets and create local connections and social value through inclusive placemaking.



Creating local connections for healthy hearts and minds

DXC will seek to support local communities in a way that also improves the value of our assets. To that end, DXC will seek opportunities to support Dexus's social value aspiration of creating half a million local connections for healthy hearts and minds by 2030, in a way that is aligned with our ownership and tenancy structure. In FY26, Dexus created 126,352 new local connections at assets across the Platform, remaining on track for the FY30 aspiration.

Dexus Platform assets continued to support local communities through the provision of space, promotions and in-kind support. In FY26, Dexus provided over \$2.7 million of in-kind support to community organisations across Australia and New Zealand, aligned to local needs and asset-level engagement.

Partnering for healthy hearts and minds

Across Platform assets, Dexus worked with its national community partners, Black Dog Institute (BDI) and headspace, to deliver community initiatives that promote mental health awareness and strengthen community connection. Through the BDI partnership, Dexus delivered asset-based mental health art exhibitions that used lived experience storytelling to explore connections between physical and mental health, driving awareness and helping to reduce stigma.

Rallying together for a cause

In FY26, Dexus employees volunteered more than 1,300 hours (an estimated value of \$129,000) with organisations including headspace, OzHarvest, Thread Together, Foodbank, Eat Up and ReLove.

Dexus Platform assets also supported community organisations through donations and fundraising, including Dexus's annual Foodbank Australia donation drive, which helped provide more than 16,000 meals for people facing food insecurity over the Christmas period.



Guzman y Gomez – Glass House Mountains, Northbound, QLD

Sustainability foundations

Sustainability foundations underpin our strategy by addressing material issues for stakeholders, enabling greater impact and long-term value creation across our Priority areas.



The Sustainability foundations are designed to foster trust, enhance transparency, and reinforce our social licence to operate. They are structured across three core pillars: Environmental management, Social performance, and Governance and reporting.

Environmental management

Circularity

Dexus and DXC will aim to embed principles of resource efficiency, circularity and innovation into our assets and their operations.

Waste remains a key source of impact across the Dexus Platform, including in retail convenience developments. In FY26, Dexus implemented waste reduction initiatives across developments and fitout processes.

Drawing on Better Building Partnership guidance, Dexus is improving the understanding of waste generated through these activities. This will support more consistent reporting, improves visibility of waste and embodied carbon footprints and helps identify opportunities to reduce waste and increase recycling across the Platform.

Social performance

Responsible supply chain and modern slavery

DXC and Dexus suppliers are critical to our operations. We work collaboratively to strengthen sustainability outcomes and manage shared risks.

We have expanded supplier sustainability risk screening to support continuous improvement in supplier performance and risk management. Across the Platform, 1,866 suppliers, including 63 DXC suppliers, have completed assessments, helping us to identify inherent risks and work with suppliers to review and mitigate them.

This year, Dexus addressed 135 supplier risk action items across the Platform, with 77 suppliers positively re-assessed through EcoVadis.

Dexus is also building supplier capability in emissions measurement through EcoVadis carbon risk assessments for material and key suppliers. The tool improves visibility of Scope 3 emissions and supports supplier decarbonisation, strengthening data quality underpinning our net zero pathway.

DXC and Dexus continue to mature identification and management of modern slavery risk across our operations and supply chains. In FY26, Dexus evolved the Modern Slavery Roadmap, refining priorities and sequencing actions to strengthen governance, supply chain transparency and stakeholder capability. Further detail on the Dexus Platform modern slavery risk assessment and actions will be provided in the F26 Modern Slavery Statement, available at www.dexus.com/corporategovernance in December 2026.

Indigenous engagement

The Dexus Reflect Reconciliation Action Plan (RAP) is progressing actions that support our Customer prosperity, Climate action and Enhancing communities priorities through engagement with First Nations communities.

Dexus acknowledges that more work is required and this year has progressed asset-based activations including First Nations art programs, a project-based RAP at Waterfront Brisbane and deeper engagement with First Nations suppliers, alongside procurement improvements to reduce barriers. Dexus also began developing its next RAP, which will be published in FY27.

In FY26, NAIDOC Week and National Reconciliation Week were celebrated across 24 Dexus Platform assets through art installations, workshops and community-led experiences.

Governance and reporting

Strong governance practices and transparent reporting are central to DXC and Dexus's sustainability approach. Information relating to our corporate governance framework (including sustainability) can be found on pages [18–23](#).

DXC and Dexus recognise the heightened focus on corporate governance and transparent, decision-useful reporting in underpinning responsible business practices. We provide comparable sustainability performance indicators through asset ratings and organisational benchmarks, enabling continuous improvement across our assets and operations, and informing risk management, capital allocation and long-term asset performance.

International sustainability benchmarks

DXC benefits from Dexus's Platform-level participation in international sustainability benchmarks, which provide insight into sustainability performance and support transparent engagement with investors and other key stakeholders.

Dexus (DXS) maintained a 5-star GRESB rating in the latest assessment, reflecting continued strong performance across the Platform. Dexus also ranked second among global peers in the S&P Global Corporate Sustainability Assessment (Dow Jones Best in Class) and was included in the 2026 CSA Global Sustainability Yearbook (top 5% of all companies globally).

Governance

Dexus has implemented a corporate governance framework that applies to all funds including DexuS Convenience Retail REIT.





Dexus Asset Management Limited acts as Responsible Entity for Dexus Convenience Retail REIT's managed investment schemes. DXC benefits from leveraging Dexus's funds and property management expertise to drive performance.

Dexus and the Dexus Asset Management Limited (DXAM) Board believe that good corporate governance supports:

- A culture of ethical behaviour resulting in an organisation that acts with integrity
- Improved decision-making processes
- Better controls and risk management
- Improved relationships with stakeholders
- Accountability and transparency

Dexus's governance framework meets the requirements of the ASX Corporate Governance Council's Corporate Governance Principles and Recommendations (fourth edition) and addresses additional aspects of governance which Dexus considers important.

Further details are set out in DXC's 2026 Corporate Governance Statement, which outlines key aspects of DXC's corporate governance framework and practices, which is available at www.dexus.com/dxc.

Board of Directors

The Board of DXAM comprises four Non-Executive Directors (including the Chair) and one Executive Director.

The Board of DXAM regularly assesses the independence of its directors in light of interests disclosed to it and has determined that each Non-Executive Director has maintained independence throughout the year. The Board continues to review its composition, experience and director tenure.

The Board renewal process is ongoing, resulting in an experienced Board of Directors with a broad and diverse skill set. The Board has determined that, along with individual Director performance, diversity is integral to a well-functioning Board.

Governance continued

Board skills and experience

The Board has determined the skills, expertise and experience required as a collective to ensure diversity of thought and vigorous debate on key decisions. The collective experience of the current Directors has been outlined against the areas of skill and expertise. The Board believes that its composition meets or exceeds the minimum requirements in each category.

Areas of skill, expertise and experience

Leadership and Governance	Extensive experience as a director and leader including in public listed companies of similar size and complexity. Deep understanding of relevant legal, compliance and regulatory frameworks and sound capability in governance and protecting and enhancing the company's reputation.
Strategy	Experience in developing, executing and successful delivery of strategy, and oversight against strategic objectives. Includes extensive experience in merger and acquisition activities, integrations and organisational transformations.
Property investment	Experience in and understanding of economic drivers and trends, markets and customer needs and driving returns from investment in relevant real estate. Good understanding of the risks and opportunities of larger scale development projects.
Funds management	Experience in and good understanding of the drivers of the successful management of third party funds including a deep understanding of, and engagement with, institutional and other fund investors. Understanding of the global and local trends in the management of third party funds and sources of capital.
Capital management	Proficiency in and strong understanding of raising capital and investment banking including experience in allocating and managing equity and debt capital to optimise the organisation's returns while ensuring appropriate financial strength and liquidity.
Culture and people	Demonstrated experience in influencing organisation culture shaped by 'tone from the top' that promotes high engagement, diversity and inclusion. Deep experience in leadership development, talent management, succession planning, and in remuneration frameworks and reporting for large-listed companies.
Sustainability, Climate and Stakeholder engagement	Experience and expertise in sustainability best practice including understanding of climate change and climate related risks and opportunities. Good understanding of community and stakeholder engagement, as well as related governance.
Finance	Good understanding of accounting standards and trends and proficient at interpreting and analysing financial statements for organisations of similar size and complexity. Sound understanding of budgeting, forecasting and drivers of financial performance. Ability to evaluate the effectiveness of internal controls.
Risk management and Compliance	Experience in and understanding of risk management frameworks and controls; the identification, assessment and management of risks, including managing compliance across large, complex, regulated financial services organisations. Includes experience in workplace health and safety and understanding of cyber and technological risk management.

Sustainability governance

The Dexus Board identifies sustainability and climate-related risks and opportunities as a material matter for the Platform, as reflected in the Board and Board Sustainability Committee Charters. Dexus's focus on sustainability impact is supported by a governance framework to provide appropriate management and Board oversight for sustainability issues, including climate-related risks and opportunities.

Sustainability-related policies and procedures are regularly reviewed and updated to ensure the organisation adapts to shifting risks and opportunities.

Dexus's Board Sustainability Committee considers the material environmental and social issues relevant to the group and supports the maintenance of Dexus's position as a leader in sustainability performance and sustainability impact. The DXAM Board are also engaged on key sustainability decisions for Dexus, including the Modern Slavery Statement approval in FY26.

The Dexus Board Sustainability Committee supports the DXAM Board in:

- Understanding the expectations of our key stakeholders
- Understanding how our ability to create value is impacted by sustainability issues
- Monitoring external sustainability trends and understanding associated risks and opportunities

The Dexus Board Sustainability Committee engaged across the year with Dexus management teams on a range of sustainability topics, including:

- Engagement on and approval of Dexus's materiality assessment and material topics
- Development and progress against the Dexus sustainability strategy and Customer prosperity, Climate action and Enhancing communities priority areas

- Engagement on evolving investor and customer expectations, market trends and the broader operating context
- Strengthening sustainability across the supply chain through enhanced supply chain mapping and supplier assessments
- Progressing towards public sustainability commitments, including our net zero and local connections for healthy hearts and minds aspirations
- Addressing climate-related risks and opportunities across the portfolio
- Preparing for future compliance with AASB S2 requirements.

More information on sustainability governance across the Dexus Platform is available on page 73 of Dexus's Integrated Annual Report and the Dexus Management Approach and Procedures, available at www.dexus.com/sustainability

Sustainability across the Dexus Platform

DEXUS BOARD SUSTAINABILITY COMMITTEE

Oversees the development and approval of the Dexus Platform-wide approach to sustainability, including supporting the DXAM Board's approach to addressing climate-related risk and opportunities, public commitments and delivery of the Platform's sustainability initiatives. The Dexus Board People & Remuneration, Audit and Risk committees oversee additional sustainability-related matters, such as sustainability and climate-related reporting, remuneration and sustainability risk appetite and management.

DEXUS EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE

Oversees the alignment and monitoring of sustainability-related activities with the Dexus Strategy. Topics include climate-related risks and opportunities, community contribution, customer experience, carbon reduction, resource efficiency, human rights, responsible procurement and supplier risk, governance and people practices.

RECONCILIATION ACTION PLAN WORKING GROUP

Responsible for advancing Dexus's reconciliation journey with Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander peoples and implementing initiatives aligned to Dexus's Reconciliation Action Plan.

ASRS READINESS STEERING COMMITTEE

Responsible for overseeing Dexus's transition to mandatory climate-related disclosure requirements against the Australian Sustainability Reporting Standards, as well as oversee implementation of the approaches for reporting.

Board of Directors

Jennifer Horrigan



Independent Chair
Dexus Asset Management Limited
BBus, GradDipMgt, GradDipAppFin,
MAICD

Director since 30 April 2012 and Chair since 1 March 2022

Jennifer is also a member of the DXAM Audit, Risk & Compliance Committee. She is an Independent Director of Dexus Capital Funds Management Limited and Dexus Capital Investment Services Pty Limited and a member of its Audit, Risk & Compliance Committee.

Jennifer is a non-executive director of Yarra Funds Management Limited, Grant Thornton Australia, a member of MODEL's Advisory Board and a patron of Redkite (national children's cancer charity).

Jennifer is an experienced non-executive director across ASX, unlisted and not-for-profit boards. She brings a diverse set of skills with executive experience across investment banking, investor relations and financial communications, including as Chief Operating Officer of independent investment bank Greenhill Australia (previously Greenhill Caliburn) and Co-Founder and Managing Partner of Savage & Horrigan, an Ogilvy company.

Previous roles include Non-Executive Director of A2B (ASX: A2B), QV Equities (ASX: QVE) and Generation Healthcare (ASX: GHC).

Danielle Carter



Independent Director
Dexus Asset Management Limited
BA/BCom, Grad Dip AppFin, CA,
GAICD

Director since 17 October 2022

Danielle is also a Member of the Audit, Risk & Compliance Committee.

Danielle is a non-executive director of BWP Management Limited, the responsible entity of BWP Trust (ASX:BWP).

Danielle has over 30 years' experience in real estate, financial services and property funds management having held senior executive roles at Blackrock, SG Hiscock & Co and Strategic Financial Management.

She was previously a non-executive director of APN Property Group Limited (ASX: APD) and NPR Management Ltd, a subsidiary of BWP Management Limited.

Emily Smith



Independent Director
Dexus Asset Management Limited
BCom, GAICD

Director since 19 April 2022

Emily is also the Chair of the Audit, Risk & Compliance Committee.

Emily is Vice Chair of Grant Samuel Corporate Advisory. She is also a member of Chief Executive Women and a Graduate of the Australian Institute of Company Directors.

Emily has over 25 years' experience in the finance sector having worked in senior executive roles at Deutsche Bank AG and Credit Suisse. She has had significant exposure to key sectors including building materials, steel, diversified industrials, REITs and telecommunications both domestically and globally.

She was previously a council member of the Kambala Girls School, Sydney for 12 years.

Jonathan Sweeney



Independent Director
Dexus Asset Management Limited
BCom, LLB, ASIP, GAICD

Director since 17 October 2022

Jonathan is also a Member of the Audit, Risk & Compliance Committee.

Jonathan is Chair of the Funds Board within the BT Financial Group, and Chair of Perpetual Private's Investment Committee and a member of the Noongar Boodja Trust's Investment Committee.

Jonathan has over 35 years' experience in the investment management, fiduciary, real estate and financial services sectors having held senior executive roles at Folkestone and the Trust Company Limited.

Previous roles include Director of EP&T Global (ASX: EPX), 8IP Emerging Companies Limited (ASX:8EC), Velocity Rewards Pty Limited, Tennis NSW, and Easton Investments (ASX: EAS).

Michael Sheffield



Executive General Manager,
Funds Management Executive Director,
Dexus Asset Management Limited
BBus, MMgt, CPA, GAICD,
GradDipAppFin

Director since 29 May 2026

Michael is Executive General Manager, Funds Management at Dexus where he is responsible for the performance and operations of Dexus's existing \$38.9 billion real estate and infrastructure platform. He is also an executive director on the Boards of Dexus Capital Funds Management Limited, Dexus Capital Investment Services Pty Limited and Dexus Wholesale Funds Limited.

Michael has more than 30 years of experience across funds management, real estate, infrastructure and investment banking, with more than 10 years at Dexus including as Head of Diversified and Infrastructure Fund and Fund Manager of Dexus Wholesale Property Fund. Prior to Dexus, he held roles with Commonwealth Bank and Lendlease.

Brett Cameron



General Counsel and Company
Secretary Alternate Executive Director,
Dexus Asset Management Limited
LLB/BA (Science and Technology),
GAICD, DGIA

Alternate Executive Director since 29 May 2026

Brett is General Counsel and Company Secretary of Dexus companies where he is responsible for the legal function, company secretarial services and compliance and governance systems and practices across the Dexus Group. He is also an alternate executive director on the Board of Dexus Wholesale Funds Limited.

Prior to joining Dexus, Brett was Head of Legal for Macquarie Real Estate (Asia) and has held senior legal positions at Macquarie Capital Funds in Hong Kong and Minter Ellison in Sydney and Hong Kong. Brett has over 25 years' experience as in-house counsel and in private practice in Australia and in Asia, where he worked on real estate structuring and operations, funds management, mergers and acquisitions, private equity and corporate finance across a number of industries.

Financial report



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Dexus Convenience Retail REIT consists of three stapled entities, Convenience Retail REIT No. 2, Convenience Retail REIT No. 1 and Convenience Retail REIT No. 3, collectively referred to as DXC or the Group. Dexus Asset Management Limited (DXAM) is the Responsible Entity of all three stapled entities. DXAM oversees the management and strategic direction of the Group. Dexus Convenience Retail REIT stapled securities are listed on the Australian Securities Exchange under the "DXC" code.

The registered office and principal place of business of the Responsible Entity of the Group is Level 30, 50 Bridge Street, Sydney, NSW 2000.

Directors' Report

The Directors of Dexu Asset Management Limited (DXAM) as Responsible Entity of Convenience Retail REIT No. 2 (CRR2 or the Trust and deemed parent entity) and its controlled entities (together DXC or the Group) present their Directors' Report together with the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2026.

Directors and Secretaries

Directors

The following persons were Directors of DXAM at all times during the year and to the date of this Directors' Report, unless otherwise stated:

Directors	Appointed
Jennifer Horrigan, BBus, GradDipMgt, GradDipAppFin, MAICD	30 April 2012
Danielle Carter, BA/BCom, GradDipAppFin, CA, GAICD	17 October 2022
Emily Smith, BCom, GAICD	19 April 2022
Jonathan Sweeney, BCom, LLB, ASIP, GAICD	17 October 2022
Michael Sheffield, BBus, MMgt, CPA, GAICD, GradDipAppFin ¹	29 May 2026
Brett Cameron, LLB/BA, GAICD, FGIA – Alternate Director ²	29 May 2026
Melanie Bourke, B.Com, MBA (Exec), CA, GAICD ³	17 July 2024

¹ Appointed as Executive Director of the DXAM Board effective 29 May 2026.

² Ceased as alternate director for Melanie Bourke and was appointed as alternate director for Michael Sheffield on 29 May 2026.

³ Resigned as Executive Director of the DXAM Board effective 29 May 2026.

Company Secretaries

The names and details of the Company Secretaries of DXAM as at 30 June 2026 are as follows:

Brett Cameron LLB/BA (Science and Technology), GAICD, FGIA

Appointed: 16 September 2021

Brett is General Counsel and a Company Secretary of Dexu companies and is responsible for the legal function, company secretarial services and governance systems and practices across the Dexu Group.

Prior to joining Dexu, Brett was Head of Legal for Macquarie Real Estate (Asia) and has held senior legal positions at Macquarie Capital Funds in Hong Kong and Minter Ellison in Sydney and Hong Kong. Brett has over 25 years' experience as inhouse counsel and in private practice in Australia and in Asia, where he worked on real estate structuring and operations, funds management, mergers and acquisitions, private equity and corporate finance across a number of industries.

Scott Mahony BBus (Acc), Grad Dip (Business Administration), MBA (eCommerce), Grad Dip (Applied Corporate Governance) FGIA, FCIS

Appointed: 14 October 2022

Scott is the Head of Control Transformation, having recently held the role of Head of Governance. During FY26, he was responsible for the development, implementation and oversight of Dexu's governance policies and practices. Prior to being appointed the Head of Governance in 2018, Scott had oversight of Dexu's internal audit, risk and compliance programs.

Scott joined Dexu in October 2005 after two years with Commonwealth Bank of Australia as a Senior Compliance Manager. Prior to this, Scott worked for over 11 years for Assure Services & Technology (part of AXA Asia Pacific) where he held various management roles.

Attendance of Directors at Board Meetings and Board Committee Meetings

The number of Directors' meetings held during the year and each Director's attendance at those meetings is set out in the table below. The Directors met 14 times during the year, of which there were 5 special meetings.

	DXAM Board		Audit, Risk and Compliance Committee	
	Held	Attended	Held	Attended
Jennifer Horrigan	14	14	6	6
Danielle Carter	14	14	6	6
Emily Smith	14	13	6	6
Jonathan Sweeney	14	14	6	6
Michael Sheffield ¹	1	1	—	—
Brett Cameron - Alternate Director ²	1	—	—	—
Melanie Bourke ³	13	12	—	—

1 Appointed as Executive Director of the DXAM Board effective 29 May 2026.

2 Ceased as alternate director for Melanie Bourke and was appointed as alternate director for Michael Sheffield on 29 May 2026.

3 Resigned as Executive Director of the DXAM Board effective 29 May 2026

Board Sub-committee and special meetings are held at a time to enable the maximum number of Directors to attend and are generally held to consider specific items that cannot be held over to the next scheduled main meeting.

Directors' relevant interests

The relevant interests of each Director in DXC stapled securities as at the date of this Directors' Report are shown below:

Directors	No. of securities
Jennifer Horrigan	33,500
Danielle Carter	8,946
Emily Smith	—
Jonathan Sweeney	55,500
Michael Sheffield ¹	—
Brett Cameron - Alternate Director ²	—
Melanie Bourke ³	—

1 Appointed as Executive Director of the DXAM Board effective 29 May 2026.

2 Ceased as alternate director for Melanie Bourke and was appointed as alternate director for Michael Sheffield on 29 May 2026.

3 Resigned as Executive Director of the DXAM Board effective 29 May 2026.

Directors' Report continued

Operating and Financial Review

Strategy

Dexus Convenience Retail REIT (DXC) has taken an active and disciplined approach to investing in strategically located assets to provide investors with a defensive income stream generated from a \$779 million property portfolio. The business focuses on opportunities in convenience retail and other assets with a non-discretionary focus, including fuel service stations.

DXC's portfolio offers strong income stability, with a weighted average lease expiry of 7.6 years and 86% of income expiring in FY31 and beyond. Portfolio occupancy remains high at 99.2% with 95% of overall income derived from major national and international tenants.

DXC delivers its investment proposition to investors by:

- Generating defensive income with contracted rental growth
- Taking an active approach to portfolio management
- Maintaining a disciplined approach to capital allocation, including value accretive securities buy-back
- Leveraging Dexus's leading real asset capabilities

Overview of operations

The results of DXC's operations are disclosed in the Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income. A summary of results for the twelve months to 30 June 2026 is as follows:

Key financial performance metrics	30 June 2026	30 June 2025	Change
Net profit after tax (\$'000)	56,402	39,374	43.2%
Funds From Operations (FFO) (\$'000)	28,731	28,447	1.0%
FFO per security (cents)	20.90	20.65	1.2%
Distribution per security (cents)	20.90	20.65	1.2%
	30 June 2026	30 June 2025	Change
Net tangible asset backing per security (\$)	3.86	3.64	6.0%
Gearing (%)	30.6 %	29.4 %	1.2 ppt
	30 June 2026	30 June 2025	
Profit & loss	\$'000	\$'000	Change
Net rental income	45,209	46,445	(2.7)%
Interest income	85	102	(16.7)%
Total revenue	45,294	46,547	(2.7)%
Management fees	(4,796)	(4,641)	3.3 %
Finance costs	(11,584)	(11,412)	1.5 %
Corporate costs	(942)	(932)	1.1 %
Total expenses	(17,322)	(16,985)	2.0 %
Net operating income	27,972	29,562	(5.4)%
Fair value gain/(loss) on derivatives	1,074	(6,836)	n/m
Fair value gain/(loss) on investment properties	27,356	16,648	64.3 %
Statutory net profit after tax	56,402	39,374	43 %

The Responsible Entity uses Funds From Operations (FFO) as its key performance indicator. The Directors consider the Property Council of Australia's (PCA) definition of FFO to be a measure that reflects the underlying performance of the Group. FFO comprises net profit/loss after tax attributable to stapled security holders, calculated in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and adjusted for: property revaluations, derivative mark-to-market impacts, fair value movements of interest bearing liabilities, amortisation of tenant incentives, gain/loss on sale of certain assets, straight line rent adjustments, non-FFO tax expenses, certain transaction costs, one-off significant items, rental guarantees and coupon income.

A reconciliation of profit after tax to FFO is outlined as follows:

	30 June 2026	30 June 2025
FFO reconciliation	\$'000	\$'000
Profit after tax for the period	56,402	39,374
Net fair value (gain)/loss on investment properties	(27,356)	(16,648)
Net fair value (gain)/loss on derivatives	(1,074)	6,836
Incentive amortisation and straight line rent	(867)	(2,679)
Debt modification	466	1,215
Rental guarantees, coupon income and other	1,160	349
FFO	28,731	28,447

	30 June 2026	30 June 2025	
FFO composition	\$'000	\$'000	Change
Property FFO	44,747	44,080	1.5 %
Management fees	(4,796)	(4,641)	3.3 %
Net finance costs	(10,303)	(10,060)	2.4 %
Other net expenses	(917)	(932)	(1.6)%
FFO	28,731	28,447	1.0 %

Financial result

The statutory result for the year ended 30 June 2026 reflected a net profit after tax of \$56.4 million, compared with \$39.4 million in the prior year, primarily reflecting increased property valuation gains.

FFO was \$28.7 million, or 20.9 cents per security, reflecting an increase of 1.2% on the prior year due to like-for-like income growth partly offset by the impact of FY25 divestments. The portfolio delivered like-for-like income growth of 3.0%, reflecting the portfolio's embedded annual fixed and CPI-linked rental escalators.

Net tangible assets and asset valuations

During the year, DXC independently valued 63 of its 91¹ investment properties, with the remainder being subject to internal valuations. The external and internal valuations delivered a net revaluation uplift of \$27.4 million², a 3.6% increase on prior book values, which was supported by fourteen basis points of capitalisation rate compression and steady contractual rental growth, with strengthening asset values evidenced by consistent levels of market transactions. The asset revaluations drove a 22 cent, or 6.0% increase in NTA to \$3.86 per security.

Property portfolio and asset management

DXC's property portfolio comprises 91¹ assets valued at \$779 million¹ with a weighted average capitalisation rate of 6.18%³. The portfolio is weighted towards metropolitan and highway assets, with 87% benefiting from high-value land uses. These sites provide strong traffic exposure and long-term flexibility to support evolving convenience retail demand.

DXC's portfolio continues to demonstrate resilience, with portfolio occupancy remaining high at 99.2%, and 95% of income underpinned by major national and international tenants. With a 7.6 year weighted average lease expiry and 86% of income expiring in FY31 or beyond, the portfolio offers strong income stability.

1 Includes assets held for sale as at 30 June 2026.

2 Includes accounting adjustments such as straight-lining of rent and amortisation of lease incentives.

3 Includes Glass House Mountains (Northbound) as a stabilised asset and excludes three assets held for sale (1 Wishart Street, Gwelup WA, 1 Flinders Street, Monto QLD and 74 Connor Street, Zillie QLD).

Directors' Report continued

Developments

DXC's development strategy focuses on creating value by securing difficult to replicate sites that deliver attractive returns.

Glass House Mountains Northbound is complete and fully leased, with Viva Energy/On the Run now trading alongside McDonald's, KFC and Guzman y Gomez. The development has an average WALE of 18 years, derives 43% of income from QSR retailers, and delivered a 17% development project IRR and 5.8% yield on cost, demonstrating the value created through DXC's development strategy.

The forward pipeline comprises Glass House Mountains Southbound and the two fund-through developments at Mayfield and Bulahdelah, NSW. These projects remain subject to conditions precedent, including lease finalisation, development approval and satisfaction of return hurdles.

Financial position

DXC's net assets increased \$22.2 million (or 22 cents per security to an NTA of \$3.86) primarily due to asset revaluations.

Balance sheet (\$'000)	30 June 2026	30 June 2025
Cash and cash equivalents	2,211	2,396
Investment properties ¹	778,919	728,410
Other assets	7,204	5,631
Total assets	788,334	736,437
Borrowings	(240,129)	(215,507)
Provisions	(9,263)	(9,325)
Other liabilities	(14,915)	(9,762)
Total liabilities	(264,307)	(234,594)
Net assets	524,027	501,843
Stapled securities on issue ('000)	135,674	137,757
NTA per security (\$)	3.86	3.64

1. Includes properties classified as held for sale.

Capital management

Gearing of 30.6% is toward the lower end of the Fund's 25-40% target range and the Fund has no debt expiries until FY28. Hedged debt averaged 66%, providing income protection against interest rate volatility. DXC extended and increased \$145 million of debt facilities at lower average margins and undertook approximately \$200 million of hedging activity to improve earnings visibility and reduce exposure to interest rate volatility.

DXC announced the commencement of an on-market securities buy-back program on 9 March 2026 for an initial target of 2.5% of securities. Subsequently, on 19 June 2026, the buy-back program was increased to 5.0% of securities. The decision to increase the buy-back target reflected DXC's rate of progress against its initial 2.5% target, which was 60% complete as at 30 June 2026, and an opportunity to continue capitalising on the current price dislocation between listed and direct property markets.

Key metrics	30 Jun 2026	30 Jun 2025
Gearing ^a	30.6%	29.4%
Cost of debt ^b	4.8%	4.5%
Average maturity of debt	4.2 years	4.5 years
Average hedged debt (including caps)	66%	72%
Headroom ^c	41.8 m	50.9 m

a. Adjusted for cash.

b. Weighted average for the period, inclusive of fees and margins on a drawn basis.

c. Undrawn facilities plus cash.

Sustainability

DXC's sustainability priority areas – Customer prosperity, Climate action and Enhancing communities – are aligned to the Dexus sustainability strategy and guide how we manage our portfolio to create lasting value.

DXC maintained 100% renewable electricity and net zero⁴ on Scope 1 and 2 emissions across its controlled operations for FY26 as part of the Dexus managed portfolio. DXC continued to support customers' sustainability ambitions, progressing tenant-led solar and EV charging engagement. This year, Thornton completed a physical climate risk assessment through the broader Dexus risk program, identifying climate-related hazards and mitigation actions to improve asset resilience.

Glass House Mountains Northbound features six licensed EV charging bays in operation with capacity for a further four, alongside rooftop solar, rainwater harvesting, grey water reuse and new fuel tank technology – supporting customer demand and improving energy and environmental performance.

Market outlook

During 2026, the fuel and convenience transaction market remained liquid, with pricing supported by ongoing buyer demand. DXC's recent asset sales, completed at a premium to prior book value, support portfolio valuation outcomes, while transaction evidence for modern assets with QSR retailing reinforces the Fund's development pipeline, long-term portfolio strategy and NTA.

Summary and guidance

DXC is well placed to deliver defensive and growing property income and will remain focused on:

- Enhancing portfolio quality to support income certainty and growth
- Maintaining balance sheet flexibility and a disciplined approach to capital allocation, including the securities buy-back
- Progressing the development pipeline and selective asset recycling to improve portfolio quality
- Leveraging Dexus's capabilities across transactions, development, asset management and treasury.

DXC's convenience retail assets benefit from predictable cash flows and strong tenant covenants, which together are expected to support valuation resilience.

Consistent with DXC's income-led proposition, DXC has updated its distribution policy to target a payout ratio of 95–110% of FFO, providing flexibility to maintain distributions at 20.9 cents per security in FY27 as the Fund transitions to a higher interest rate environment. Contracted rental growth is expected to drive payout ratio normalisation over time.

Barring unforeseen circumstances, DXC provides FY27 guidance⁵ for distributions of 20.9 cents per security, reflecting an attractive distribution yield of 7.8%⁶.

Key risks

Dexus Convenience Retail REIT's key risks are provided in its 2026 Annual Report on page [32–33](#) and available at www.dexus.com/dxc on the ASX announcements tab.

⁴ Covers Scope 1 and 2 emissions across DXC controlled operations as part of the Dexus managed portfolio, which received limited assurance. Net emissions for the 12 months ended 30 June 2026 include offsets purchased and allocated for retirement during the year and up to the date of this announcement.

⁵ Based on property income growth and current interest rate expectations. Distributions are expected to be modestly above 100% of FFO, with the payout ratio expected to normalise as contracted income growth is delivered.

⁶ Based on the closing security price as at 7 August 2026.

Directors' Report continued

Operating and Financial Review

Key risks

Risk	Potential impacts	How DXC is responding
Macroenvironment Adverse impact from external factors that challenge DXC's ability to deliver its strategic objectives and deliver long-term security holder value	- Material decline in financial performance; potential impacts to share price - Structural changes to the fuel & convenience industry - Constrained capital raising and liquidity - Reputational damage	- Processes to monitor and manage risks that may impact strategic outcomes and performance - The Board approves DXC's strategy and risk appetite annually; management reviews them throughout the year - Progress against strategy is regularly reviewed and reported to the Board
Investment and financial performance Deliver financial objectives, market guidance and sustainable long-term income and capital growth for Security holders	- Lower earnings or capacity to fund distributions - Balance sheet pressure - Reduced investor sentiment across equity and debt - Reduced creditworthiness or access to debt financing - Decline in asset valuations - Reduced capacity to execute portfolio, development or capital management initiatives	- Processes to monitor and manage risks that may impact strategic outcomes and performance - The Investment Committee and the Dexus Asset Management Limited (DXAM) Board approve investments, divestments and developments in line with the terms of reference and operating limits - Due diligence is undertaken for all investment and divestment proposals, developments and major capital expenditure prior to approval or endorsement
Development Providing the opportunity to grow DXC's portfolio and enhance future returns	- Leasing outcomes below underwriting assumptions impacting completion valuations, earnings and returns - Construction cost fluctuations and project delays (including from contractor insolvency), leading to reduced development returns - Financial loss - Reputational damage	- Partnering with trusted and high-quality development managers to execute fund-through projects - Oversight of development management agreements, fund-through developments and third-party developer appointment - Monitoring project delivery, leasing progress, cost exposure and completion risk
Capital management Positioning the Fund's capital structure to withstand unexpected changes in equity and debt markets	- Constrained capacity to execute strategy - Increased cost of funding (equity and debt) - Fluctuations in interest rates impacting the cost of debt - Reduced investor sentiment - Reduced creditworthiness and availability of debt financing - Breach of financial covenants leading to default - Reputational damage	- Prudent capital management, including regular sensitivity analysis and periodic independent reviews of the Treasury Policy, helps position DXC's balance sheet to respond to unexpected changes in capital markets - Capital management is monitored on an ongoing basis to maintain metrics within the risk appetite thresholds, benchmarks and limits set out in the Treasury Policy - Reporting and oversight by the Capital Markets Committee and the DXAM Board
Sustainability and climate Ability to meet investor, customer and societal expectations of corporate, environmental and social responsibilities	- Impacts to the community including human health and wellbeing - Higher costs from global and domestic energy market fluctuations - Reduced profitability due to increased vacancy rates as tenants choose higher performing assets - Higher costs from physical risks (e.g. asset damage from extreme weather) - Regulatory penalties and compliance costs - Reduced investor confidence and access to capital (equity and debt) - Reputational damage and erosion of social licence	- Dexus operates an ISO 14001 accredited Environment Management System, including scheduled environmental risk assessments and audits, to identify and assess risks across DXC-owned assets and operations and monitor the effectiveness of controls - Dexus uses scenario analysis to assess climate-related risks and opportunities and continues to enhance property resilience through energy efficiency initiatives and renewable energy projects - DXC seeks to support responsible business practices, including through supplier engagement on human rights and modern slavery risks, which are managed through sustainability and risk management processes - DXC supports tenant requests to install solar and electric vehicle charging infrastructure at managed assets, and works with tenants to pursue emerging opportunities in convenience retail, including the long-term shift in transport energy mixes

Risk

Potential impacts

How DXC is responding

Compliance and regulatory

Maintain appropriate governance and compliance practices to support oversight of, and compliance with, applicable laws and regulations

- Reputational damage
- Conflicts of interest resulting in loss or reduced performance
- Regulatory sanctions impacting business operations
- Reduced investor sentiment (equity and debt)
- Loss of broader community confidence
- Increased compliance costs

- DXC's compliance monitoring program supports its compliance framework, with policies and procedures regularly reviewed to remain aligned with regulatory expectations
- Dexus employees and DXC service providers are trained on their compliance obligations and encouraged to raise concerns
- Maintain grievance, complaints and whistleblower mechanisms that enable Dexus employees and DXC stakeholders to raise concerns safely, confidentially and anonymously
- A risk-based internal audit program
- Independent industry experts are appointed to conduct reviews when required

Health, safety and wellbeing

Providing an environment that ensures the safety and wellbeing of employees, customers, contractors and the public at DXC properties and responding to events that have the potential to disrupt business continuity

- Death or injury (physical or psychological) at DXC properties
- Loss of broader community confidence
- Costs or sanctions from regulatory response, remediation or restoration, and criminal or civil proceedings
- Inability to sustain performance or deliver objectives
- Business disruption

- Dexus implements an ISO 45001 accredited Occupational Health and Safety Management System including:
 - Contractor management system and procedures to facilitate safe systems of work
 - Scheduled WHS risk assessment and audit program to identify risks across DXC-owned assets and operations, and confirm controls are working effectively
- Maintain a business continuity management framework to mitigate threats. Responsiveness at each Dexus-managed property is regularly tested through scenario exercises. Key performance indicators for reporting and resolution of security issues are embedded into contractor agreements at Dexus-managed assets.

Performance of manager

Services and activities provided by the manager e.g. fund management services, cyber and data security, third-party supplier management, people and culture

- Disruption to business impacting key stakeholder groups
- Unplanned loss of key fund management capability (including increased employee turnover or absenteeism)
- Reduction in employee wellbeing and engagement
- Financial loss
- Breach of laws/regulations resulting in sanctions and fines
- Decrease in business performance, agility and resilience
- Reputational damage

- Regular Board reporting including key risk, incident and breach updates
- Regular monitoring of key metrics
- Succession plans for key fund management personnel
- Engagement with management to ensure visibility and oversight of key business activities and processes
- Regular review and oversight of applicable business policies

Significant legal matter for Manager, Dexus: Australia Pacific Airports Corporation (APAC)

DXC has no investment or involvement in the APAC matter. DXC's Manager, Dexus, is also the manager of a group of interests in APAC which is subject to an ongoing legal matter. Further communications and ASX announcements can be found at www.dexus.com

Directors' Report continued

Directors' Remuneration

No remuneration or director fees have been paid by the Group to the Directors or key management personnel of DXAM in their capacity as Directors or key management personnel of the Responsible Entity.

No loans have been provided to the Directors or key management personnel of DXAM in the current financial year.

Directors' directorships in other listed entities

The following table sets out directorships of other ASX listed entities (unless otherwise stated), not including DXAM or Industria Company No. 1 Limited (which is part of the DXI stapled group, a fund managed by Dexus), held by the Directors at any time in the three years immediately prior to the end of the year, and the period for which each directorship was held.

Directors	Company	Date appointed	Date resigned
Jennifer Horrigan	A2B Australia Limited	11 September 2020	11 April 2024
Danielle Carter	BWP Management Limited	1 December 2021	—
Emily Smith	—	—	—
Jonathan Sweeney	EP&T Global Limited	1 March 2021	26 March 2024
Michael Sheffield ¹	—	—	—
Brett Cameron – Alternate Director ²	—	—	—
Melanie Bourke ³	—	—	—

1 Appointed as Executive Director of the DXAM Board effective 29 May 2026.

2 Ceased as alternate director for Melanie Bourke and was appointed as alternate director for Michael Sheffield on 29 May 2026.

3 Resigned as Executive Director of the DXAM Board effective 29 May 2026.

Principal activities

During the year, the principal activity of the Group was to own and manage a quality portfolio of convenience retail properties that offer secure income streams and have the potential for capital growth. The Group consists of three registered managed investment schemes domiciled in Australia and together forms Dexu Convenience Retail REIT which is listed on the Australian Securities Exchange ("ASX") (ASX Ticker: "DXC"). The parent entity of the Group is Convenience Retail REIT No. 2. The Group did not have any employees during the year.

Total value of Group assets

The total value of the assets of the Group as at 30 June 2026 was \$788,334,000 (2025: \$736,437,000). Details of the basis of this valuation are outlined in the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements and form part of this Directors' Report.

Likely developments and expected results of operations

In the opinion of the Directors, disclosure of any further information regarding business strategies and future developments or results of the Group, other than the information already outlined in this Directors' Report or the Consolidated Financial Statements accompanying this Directors' Report would be unreasonably prejudicial to the Group.

Significant changes in the state of affairs

During the financial year, DXC had no significant changes in its state of affairs.

Matters subsequent to the end of the financial year

Since the end of the year, the Directors are not aware of any matter or circumstance not otherwise dealt with in their Directors' Report or the Consolidated Financial Statements that has significantly or may significantly affect the operations of the Group, the results of those operations, or state of the Group's affairs in future financial periods.

Distributions

Distributions paid or payable by the Group for the year ended 30 June 2026 were 20.90 cents per security which amounted to \$28,668,000 (2025: 20.65 cents per security, \$28,447,000) as outlined in note 6 of the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

Interests in DXC securities

The movement in securities on issue in the Group during the year and the number of securities on issue as at 30 June 2026 are detailed in note 12 and form part of this Directors' Report.

Interests held in the Group by DXAM and its related entities at the end of the financial year is 16,320,883 securities (2025: 16,702,195 securities).

The Group did not have any options on issue as at 30 June 2026 (2025: nil).

Environmental regulation

The Responsible Entity, DXAM, is part of the Dexu Group. The Dexu Group Audit, Risk and Compliance Committee and Dexu Group Board Sustainability Committee (the Committees) oversee the policies, procedures and systems that have been implemented to ensure the adequacy of Dexu's environmental risk management practices. The Committees are not aware of any material breaches of the Corporations Act or Regulatory Guide 68.

The Dexu Group is subject to the reporting requirements of the National Greenhouse and Energy Reporting Act 2007 (NGER Act). The NGER Act requires the Dexu Group to report its annual greenhouse gas emissions and energy use.

The Dexu Group has implemented systems and processes for the collection and calculation of the data required. The Dexu Group submitted its 2025 report to the Greenhouse and Energy Data Officer on 29 October 2025 and will submit its 2026 report by 31 October 2026. During the 12 month period ending 30 June 2026, the Dexu Group complied with all the relevant requirements as set out by the NGER Act.

Information regarding the Dexu Group's participation in the NGER program is available at: www.dexu.com/sustainability.

Indemnification and insurance

The insurance premium for a policy of insurance indemnifying Directors, Officers and others (as defined in the relevant policy of insurance) is paid by DXAM's parent entity, Dexu Holdings Pty Limited (DXH).

Subject to specified exclusions, the liabilities insured are for costs that may be incurred in defending civil or criminal proceedings that may be brought against Directors and Officers in their capacity as Directors and Officers of DXAM, its subsidiaries or such other entities, and other payments arising from liabilities incurred by the Directors and Officers in connection with such proceedings.

KPMG, (the "Auditor"), is indemnified out of the assets of DXAM pursuant to the Dexu Specific Terms of Business agreed for all engagements with KPMG, to the extent that DXAM inappropriately uses or discloses a report prepared by KPMG. The Auditor is not indemnified for the provision of services where such indemnification is prohibited by the Corporations Act 2001.

Directors' Report continued

Audit

Auditor

KPMG continues in office in accordance with section 327 of the *Corporations Act 2001*. In accordance with section 324DAA of the *Corporations Act 2001*, the Group's lead auditor must be rotated every five years unless the Board grants approval to extend the term for up to a further two years.

Non-audit services

The Group may decide to engage the Auditor on assignments, in addition to the statutory audit engagement, where the Auditor's expertise and experience with the Group are important.

Details of the amounts paid or payable to the Auditor for audit and non-audit services provided during the year are set out in note 14.

The Audit, Risk and Compliance Committee is satisfied that the provision of non-audit services provided during the year by the Auditor (or by another person or firm on the Auditor's behalf) is compatible with the standard of independence for auditors imposed by the *Corporations Act 2001*.

The reasons for the Directors being satisfied are:

- All non-audit services have been reviewed by the Audit, Risk and Compliance Committee to ensure that they do not impact the impartiality and objectivity of the Auditor; and
- None of the services undermine the general principles relating to auditor independence as set out in APES 110 Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants.
- The above Directors' statements are in accordance with the advice received from the Audit, Risk and Compliance Committee.

Auditor's Independence Declaration

A copy of the Auditor's Independence Declaration as required under section 307C of the *Corporations Act 2001* is set out on page 37 and forms part of this Directors' Report.

Corporate governance

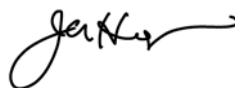
DXAM's Corporate Governance Statement is available at: www.dexus.com/dxc

Rounding of amounts and currency

As the Group is an entity of the kind referred to in ASIC Corporations (Rounding in Financial/Directors' Reports) Instrument 2026/183, the Directors have chosen to round amounts in this Directors' Report and the accompanying Consolidated Financial Statements to the nearest thousand dollars, unless otherwise indicated. All figures in this Directors' Report and the Consolidated Financial Statements, except where otherwise stated, are expressed in Australian dollars.

Directors' authorisation

The Directors' Report is made in accordance with a resolution of the Directors. The Consolidated Financial Statements were authorised for issue by the Directors on 10 August 2026.



Jennifer Horrigan
Chair
10 August 2026

Auditor's Independence Declaration



Lead Auditor's Independence Declaration under Section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001

To the Directors of Dexus Asset Management Limited (DXAM) as Responsible Entity of Convenience Retail REIT No. 2 (CRR2 or the Trust and deemed parent entity) and its controlled entities (together Dexus Convenience Retail REIT)

I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, in relation to the audit of Dexus Convenience Retail REIT for the financial year ended 30 June 2026 there have been:

- i. no contraventions of the auditor independence requirements as set out in the *Corporations Act 2001* in relation to the audit; and
- ii. no contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

The KPMG logo, consisting of the letters 'KPMG' in a bold, blue, sans-serif font, preceded by four blue squares of varying sizes arranged in a row.

KPMG

A handwritten signature in blue ink, appearing to read 'C Slapp'.

Cameron Slapp
Partner

Sydney

10 August 2026

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Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income

For the year ended 30 June 2026

	Note	2026 \$'000	2025 \$'000
Revenue from ordinary activities			
Property revenue	2	54,651	55,954
Total revenue from ordinary activities		54,651	55,954
Other income			
Interest revenue		85	102
Net fair value gain of investment properties	7	27,356	16,648
Net fair value gain of derivatives	9(c)	1,074	—
Total other income		28,515	16,750
Total income		83,166	72,704
Expenses			
Property expenses	2	(9,442)	(9,509)
Finance costs	3	(11,584)	(11,412)
Management fee expense	16	(4,796)	(4,641)
Net fair value loss of derivatives	9(c)	—	(6,836)
Other expenses		(942)	(932)
Total expenses		(26,764)	(33,330)
Profit for the year		56,402	39,374
Profit for the year attributable to:			
Security holders of the parent entity		16,720	10,858
Security holders of other stapled entities (non-controlling interests) ¹		39,682	28,516
Profit for the year		56,402	39,374
Other comprehensive income for the year		—	—
Total comprehensive income for the year		56,402	39,374
Total comprehensive income for the year attributable to:			
Security holders of the parent entity		16,720	10,858
Security holders of other stapled entities (non-controlling interests) ¹		39,682	28,516
Total comprehensive income for the year		56,402	39,374
		Cents	Cents
Earnings per stapled security on profit/(loss) attributable to security holders of the Trust (parent entity)			
Basic earnings per security	5	12.16	7.88
Diluted earnings per security	5	12.16	7.88
Earnings per stapled security on profit/(loss) attributable to security holders of other stapled entities¹			
Basic earnings per security	5	28.87	20.70
Diluted earnings per security	5	28.87	20.70

1 Non-controlling interests represent the profit/(loss) and total comprehensive income/(loss) for the year attributable to Convenience Retail REIT No. 1 (CRR1) and Convenience Retail REIT No. 3 (CRR3).

The above Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

As at 30 June 2026

		2026	2025
	Note	\$'000	\$'000
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	13(a)	2,211	2,396
Receivables	13(b)	2,386	1,186
Non-current assets classified as held for sale	8	8,000	—
Derivative financial instruments	9(c)	1,469	1,563
Other current assets	13(c)	2,261	2,184
Total current assets		16,327	7,329
Non-current assets			
Investment properties	7	770,919	728,410
Derivative financial instruments	9(c)	1,062	626
Other non-current assets		26	72
Total non-current assets		772,007	729,108
Total assets		788,334	736,437
Current liabilities			
Derivative financial instruments	9(c)	—	196
Payables	13(d)	13,841	7,549
Provisions	13(e)	9,263	9,325
Other current liabilities		593	1,000
Total current liabilities		23,697	18,070
Non-current liabilities			
Derivative financial instruments	9(c)	481	1,017
Interest bearing liabilities	10	240,129	215,507
Total non-current liabilities		240,610	216,524
Total liabilities		264,307	234,594
Net assets		524,027	501,843
Equity			
Equity attributable to security holders of the Trust (parent entity)			
Contributed equity	12	188,079	190,507
Retained profits		38,891	29,240
Parent entity security holders' interest		226,970	219,747
Equity attributable to security holders of other stapled entities (non-controlling interests)¹			
Contributed equity	12	213,634	216,756
Retained profits		83,423	65,340
Other stapled security holders' interest		297,057	282,096
Total equity		524,027	501,843

1 Non-controlling interests represent the net assets attributable to Convenience Retail REIT No. 1 (CRR1) and Convenience Retail REIT No. 3 (CRR3).

The above Consolidated Statement of Financial Position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity

For the year ended 30 June 2026

	Note	Attributable to security holders of the Trust (parent entity)			Attributable to security holders of other stapled entities ¹			Total equity \$'000
		Contributed equity \$'000	Retained profits \$'000	Total \$'000	Contributed equity \$'000	Retained profits \$'000	Total \$'000	
Opening balance as at 1 July 2024		190,507	28,783	219,290	216,756	54,870	271,626	490,916
Net profit for the year		—	10,858	10,858	—	28,516	28,516	39,374
Other comprehensive income for the year		—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total comprehensive income for the year		—	10,858	10,858	—	28,516	28,516	39,374
Transactions with owners in their capacity as owners								
Distributions paid or payable	6	—	(10,401)	(10,401)	—	(18,046)	(18,046)	(28,447)
Total transactions with owners in their capacity as owners		—	(10,401)	(10,401)	—	(18,046)	(18,046)	(28,447)
Closing balance as at 30 June 2025		190,507	29,240	219,747	216,756	65,340	282,096	501,843
Opening balance as at 1 July 2025		190,507	29,240	219,747	216,756	65,340	282,096	501,843
Net profit for the year		—	16,720	16,720	—	39,682	39,682	56,402
Other comprehensive income for the year		—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total comprehensive income for the year		—	16,720	16,720	—	39,682	39,682	56,402
Transactions with owners in their capacity as owners								
Buy-back of contributed equity	12	(2,428)	—	(2,428)	(3,122)	—	(3,122)	(5,550)
Distributions paid or payable	6	—	(7,069)	(7,069)	—	(21,599)	(21,599)	(28,668)
Total transactions with owners in their capacity as owners		(2,428)	(7,069)	(9,497)	(3,122)	(21,599)	(24,721)	(34,218)
Closing balance as at 30 June 2026		188,079	38,891	226,970	213,634	83,423	297,057	524,027

¹ Non-controlling interests represent the equity attributable to Convenience Retail REIT No. 1 (CRR1) and Convenience Retail REIT No. 3 (CRR3).

The above Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

For the year ended 30 June 2026

	Note	2026 \$'000	2025 \$'000
Cash flows from operating activities			
Receipts in the course of operations (inclusive of GST)		59,270	59,087
Payments in the course of operations (inclusive of GST)		(20,670)	(20,829)
Interest received		85	102
Finance costs paid		(10,002)	(11,271)
Net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities	15(a)	28,683	27,089
Cash flows from investing activities			
Proceeds from sale of investment properties		—	37,819
Payments for capital expenditure on investment properties		(18,524)	(6,848)
Net cash inflow/(outflow) from investing activities		(18,524)	30,971
Cash flows from financing activities			
Proceeds from borrowings		61,500	132,500
Repayment of borrowings		(37,500)	(161,500)
Payments for buy-back of contributed equity		(5,550)	—
Distributions paid to security holders		(28,794)	(28,582)
Net cash inflow/(outflow) from financing activities		(10,344)	(57,582)
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(185)	478
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year		2,396	1,918
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year		2,211	2,396

The above Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

In this section

This section sets out the basis upon which the Group's Consolidated Financial Statements are prepared.

Specific accounting policies are described in their respective Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

Basis of preparation

These Consolidated Financial Statements are general purpose financial statements which have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Constitutions of the entities within the Group, the *Corporations Act 2001*, Australian Accounting Standards issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board and the International Financial Reporting Standards adopted by the International Accounting Standards Board.

Unless otherwise stated, the Consolidated Financial Statements have been prepared using consistent accounting policies in line with those of the previous financial year and corresponding interim reporting period. Where required, comparative information has been restated for consistency with the current year's presentation.

The Consolidated Financial Statements are presented in Australian dollars, with all values rounded to the nearest thousand dollars in accordance with ASIC Corporations (Rounding in Financial/Directors' Reports) Instrument 2026/183, unless otherwise stated.

The Consolidated Financial Statements have been prepared on a going concern basis using the historical cost convention, except for the following which are stated at their fair value:

- Investment properties
- Non-current assets classified as held for sale
- Derivative financial instruments

DXC stapled securities are quoted on the Australian Securities Exchange under the "DXC" code and comprise one unit in each of CRR1, CRR2 and CRR3. In accordance with Australian Accounting Standards, the entities within the Group must be consolidated for financial reporting purposes. CRR2 is the parent entity and deemed acquirer of CRR1 and CRR3.

These Consolidated Financial Statements therefore represent the consolidated results of DXC and include CRR1, CRR2 and CRR3. All entities within the Group are for-profit entities.

Equity attributable to other trusts stapled to CRR2 is a form of non-controlling interest and represents the equity of CRR1 and CRR3. The amount of non-controlling interests attributable to stapled security holders is disclosed in the Consolidated Statement of Financial Position.

Each entity forming part of the Group continues as a separate legal entity in its own right under the *Corporations Act 2001* and is therefore required to comply with the reporting and disclosure requirements under the *Corporations Act 2001* and Australian Accounting Standards. Dexus Asset Management Limited (DXAM) as Responsible Entity for CRR1, CRR2 and CRR3 may only unstaple the Group if approval is obtained by a special resolution of the stapled security holders.

Net current asset deficiency

As at 30 June 2026, the Group had a net current asset deficiency of \$7,370,000 (30 June 2025: \$10,741,000) consistent with working capital management processes applied in prior periods. This is primarily due to distributions payable to stapled security holders of \$7,088,000 and accrued capital expenditures of \$6,469,000.

Capital risk management is managed holistically through a centralised treasury function. The Group has in place external funding arrangements to support the cash flow requirements of the Group, including undrawn facilities of \$39,600,000 (30 June 2025: \$48,600,000).

In determining the basis of preparation of the Consolidated Financial Statements, the Directors of the Responsible Entity have taken into consideration the unutilised facilities available to the Group. As such, the Group is a going concern and the Consolidated Financial Statements have been prepared on that basis.

Critical accounting estimates

The preparation of the Consolidated Financial Statements requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates and management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies.

In the process of applying the Group's accounting policies, management has considered the current economic environment and the estimates and assumptions used for the measurement of items such as:

- Investment properties;
- Non-current assets classified as held for sale; and
- Derivative financial instruments

No other key assumptions concerning the future or other estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period could have a significant risk of causing material adjustments to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

Accounting standards issued but not yet effective

The Group has not applied the following new and revised Australian Accounting Standards, Interpretations and amendments that have been issued but are not yet effective:

AASB 18 Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements

AASB 18 replaces AASB 101 Presentation of Financial Statements and is effective for annual reporting periods beginning 1 January 2027. The new standard will impact the presentation and disclosure in the Consolidated Financial Statements by introducing new categories and defined subtotals in the Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income, requiring the disclosure of management-defined performance measures, and changing the grouping of information in the Consolidated Financial Statements. The Group is assessing the impact of this standard.

Climate change

In June 2023, the International Sustainability Standards Board (ISSB) released new sustainability standards, IFRS S1 General Requirements for Disclosure of Sustainability-related Financial Information and IFRS S2 Climate-related Disclosures. In September 2024, the Australian Accounting Standards Board (AASB) released Australian Sustainability Reporting Standards, AASB S1 General Requirements for Disclosure of Sustainability-related Financial Information and AASB S2 Climate-related Disclosures; and the "Treasury Laws Amendment (Financial Market Infrastructure and Other Measures) Act 2024" was passed by Parliament. Under the Act, the AASB S2 reporting requirements will be mandatory for the year ended 30 June 2028 for the Group. The Group is continuing to develop its assessment of the impact of climate change in line with emerging industry and regulatory guidance on its Consolidated Financial Statements. The Dexus Climate Transition Action Plan (CTAP) released in June 2025 provides further details on the Dexus Group's strategic approach to managing climate related risks and opportunities across its real assets platform.

Principles of consolidation

These Consolidated Financial Statements incorporate the assets, liabilities and results of all subsidiaries as at 30 June 2026.

Controlled entities

Subsidiaries are all entities over which the Group has control. The Group controls an entity when the Group is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power to direct the activities of the entity. Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group. They are deconsolidated from the date that control ceases.

Goods and services tax

Revenues, expenses and capital assets are recognised net of any amount of Australian Goods and Services Tax (GST), except where the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable. In these circumstances the GST is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of the expense. Cash flows are included in the Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows on a gross basis. The GST component of cash flows arising from investing and financing activities that is recoverable from or payable to the Australian Taxation Office is classified as cash flows from operating activities.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements continued

The Notes include information which is required to understand the Consolidated Financial Statements and is material and relevant to the operations, financial position and performance of the Group.

The Notes are organised into the following sections:

Group performance		Property portfolio assets		Capital and financial risk management	Other disclosures		
1.	Operating segment	7.	Investment properties	9.	Capital and financial risk management	14.	Audit, taxation and transaction service fees
2.	Property revenue and expenses	8.	Non-current assets classified as held for sale	10.	Interest bearing liabilities	15.	Cash flow information
3.	Finance costs			11.	Commitments and contingencies	16.	Related parties
4.	Taxation			12.	Contributed equity	17.	Controlled entities
5.	Earnings per security			13.	Working capital	18.	Parent entity disclosures
6.	Distributions paid and payable					19.	Subsequent events

Group performance

In this section

This section explains the results and performance of the Group.

It provides additional information about those individual line items in the Consolidated Financial Statements that the Directors consider most relevant in the context of the operations of the Group, including:

- Results by operating segment
- Property revenue and expenses
- Finance costs
- Taxation
- Earnings per security
- Distributions paid and payable

Note 1 Operating segment

The Group derives its income from investment in properties located in Australia and is deemed to have only one operating segment which is consistent with the reporting reviewed by the chief operating decision makers. The Directors consider the Property Council of Australia (PCA) definition of FFO to be a measure that reflects the underlying performance of the Group.

A reconciliation of DXC's FFO to profit for the year is tabled below:

	2026 \$'000	2025 \$'000
Segment performance measures		
Property revenue	54,651	55,954
Property expenses	(9,442)	(9,509)
Net Rental Income	45,209	46,445
Management fee expense	(4,796)	(4,641)
Other expenses	(942)	(932)
Interest and other income	85	102
Finance costs	(11,118)	(10,197)
Incentive amortisation and rent straight lining	(867)	(2,679)
Rental guarantees, coupon income and other	1,160	349
FFO	28,731	28,447
Net fair value gain of investment properties	27,356	16,648
Net fair value gain/(loss) of derivatives	1,074	(6,836)
Incentive amortisation and rent straight lining	867	2,679
Debt modification	(466)	(1,215)
Rental guarantees, coupon income and other	(1,160)	(349)
Profit for the year	56,402	39,374

Note 2 Property revenue and expenses

The Group's main revenue stream is property rental revenue and is derived from holding properties as investment properties and earning rental yields over time. Rental revenue is recognised on a straight line basis over the lease term for leases with fixed rent review clauses.

Prospective tenants may be offered incentives as an inducement to enter into operating leases. The costs of incentives are recognised as a reduction of rental revenue, being incentive amortisation calculated on a straight line basis from the lease commencement date to the end of the lease term. The carrying amount of lease incentives is reflected in the fair value of investment properties.

Within its lease arrangements, the Group provides certain services to tenants (such as utilities, cleaning, maintenance and certain parking arrangements) which are accounted for in accordance with AASB 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers. A portion of the consideration within the lease arrangements is therefore allocated to services revenue within property revenue.

	2026 \$'000	2025 \$'000
Rental income	49,289	50,442
Outgoings and direct recoveries	3,951	3,950
Services revenue	1,770	1,622
Incentive amortisation	(359)	(60)
Total property revenue	54,651	55,954

Group performance continued

Note 2 Property revenue and expenses continued

Property expenses

Property expenses include:

- Rates;
- Taxes;
- Expected credit losses on receivables; and
- Other property outgoings incurred in relation to investment properties.

These expenses are recognised in the Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income on an accrual basis. If these items are recovered from a tenant by the Group, they are recorded within services revenue or direct recoveries within property revenue.

	2026 \$'000	2025 \$'000
Recoverable outgoings and direct recoveries	6,524	6,334
Other non-recoverable property expenses	2,918	3,175
Total property expenses	9,442	9,509

Note 3 Finance costs

Finance costs include:

- Interest;
- Debt modifications;
- Amortisation or other costs incurred in connection with arrangement of borrowings; and
- Realised gains and losses on interest rate derivatives.

Finance costs are expensed as incurred unless they are directly attributable to qualifying assets which are capitalised to the cost of the asset.

	2026 \$'000	2025 \$'000
Interest paid/payable ¹	12,509	13,607
Amortisation of borrowing costs	397	440
Debt modifications	466	1,215
Realised gain on interest rate derivatives	(1,840)	(3,872)
Other finance costs	52	22
Total finance costs	11,584	11,412

¹ Includes \$1,713,000 (2025: \$1,855,000) of line fees expensed during the year.

Note 4 Taxation

All Trusts that comprise DXC are “flow-through” entities for Australian income tax purposes that have elected into the Attribution Managed Investment Trusts rules (“AMIT Funds”) on and from 1 July 2017, such that the determined trust components of each AMIT Fund will be taxable in the hands of the beneficiaries (the security holders) on an attribution basis.

Accordingly, deferred taxes associated with these AMIT Funds have not been recognised in the Consolidated Financial Statements in relation to differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities and their respective tax bases, including taxes on capital gains/(losses) which could arise in the event of a sale of properties for the amount at which they are stated in the Consolidated Financial Statements.

Realised capital losses are not attributed to the security holders but instead are retained within the AMIT Funds to be offset against realised capital gains. The benefit of any carried forward capital losses is also not recognised in the Consolidated Financial Statements. If in any period realised capital gains exceed realised capital losses, including those carried forward from earlier periods and eligible for offset, the excess is included in taxable income attributed to security holders as noted above. For the year ended 30 June 2026, there were no unrecognised carried forward capital losses (2025: nil).

Note 5 Earnings per security

Earnings per security are determined by dividing the net profit or loss attributable to security holders by the weighted average number of ordinary securities outstanding during the year. Diluted earnings per security are adjusted from the basic earnings per security by taking into account the impact of dilutive potential securities.

	2026	2025
Profit/(loss) (\$'000) attributable to security holders of the Trust (parent entity)	16,720	10,858
Weighted average number of securities outstanding (thousands)	137,468	137,757
Basic and diluted earnings (cents per security)	12.16	7.88
Profit/(loss) (\$'000) attributable to security holders of the other stapled entities	39,682	28,516
Weighted average number of securities outstanding (thousands)	137,468	137,757
Basic and diluted earnings (cents per security)	28.87	20.70

No dilutive securities were issued or on issue during the current year (2025: nil).

Note 6 Distributions paid and payable

Distributions are recognised when declared.

Distribution to security holders

	2026 \$'000	2025 \$'000
30 September (paid 13 November 2025)	7,198	7,078
31 December (paid 19 February 2026)	7,198	7,078
31 March (paid 14 May 2026)	7,184	7,077
30 June (payable 20 August 2026)	7,088	7,214
Total distribution to security holders	28,668	28,447

Distribution rate

	2026 Cents per security	2025 Cents per security
30 September (paid 13 November 2025)	5.225	5.138
31 December (paid 19 February 2026)	5.225	5.138
31 March (paid 14 May 2026)	5.225	5.137
30 June (payable 20 August 2026)	5.225	5.237
Total distribution rate	20.900	20.650

Property portfolio assets

In this section

Property portfolio assets are used to generate the Group's performance. The assets are detailed in the following notes:

- **Investment properties** (note 7): relates to investment properties, both stabilised and under development
- **Non-current assets classified as held for sale** (note 8): relates to investment properties which are expected to be sold within 12 months of the reporting date and/or contracts have already exchanged.

Note 7 Investment properties

The Group's investment properties consist of properties held for long-term rental yields and/or capital appreciation and property that is being constructed or developed for future use as investment property. Investment properties are initially recognised at cost including transaction costs. Investment properties are subsequently measured at fair value.

The basis of valuations of investment properties is fair value, being the estimated price that would be received to sell the asset in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

Changes in fair values are recorded in the Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income. The gain or loss on disposal of an investment property is calculated as the difference between the carrying amount of the asset at the date of disposal and the net proceeds from disposal and is included in the Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income in the year of disposal.

Redevelopment and refurbishment costs (other than repairs and maintenance) are capitalised to the investment property where they result in an enhancement in the future economic benefits of the property.

Leasing fees incurred and incentives provided are capitalised and amortised over the lease periods to which they relate.

a. Reconciliation

	2026 \$'000	2025 \$'000
Opening balance	728,410	740,680
Additions ¹	21,883	5,642
Lease incentives	403	1,201
Amortisation of lease incentives	(522)	(193)
Rent straightlining	1,389	2,872
Disposals	—	(38,440)
Transfer to non-current assets classified as held for sale	(8,000)	—
Net fair value gain/(loss) of investment properties	27,356	16,648
Closing balance	770,919	728,410

¹ Includes \$1,756,000 (2025: \$1,624,000) of maintenance capital expenditure incurred during the year.

b. Acquisitions

In January 2026, DXC agreed to acquire two fund-through developments at Mayfield, NSW and Bulahdelah, NSW, subject to conditions precedent, including finalisation of lease agreements. The fund-through developments comprise a metro and highway site with a combined project cost of circa \$35.0 million with settlement expected in the 2027 financial year.

Note 7 Investment properties continued

c. Valuation process

It is the policy of the Group to obtain independent valuations for each individual property at least once every three years by a member of the Australian Property Institute of Valuers. It has been the Group's practice to have such valuations performed for a selection of properties every six months. Each valuation firm and its signatory valuer are appointed on the basis that they are engaged for no more than three years except for properties under development where it is deemed appropriate to extend beyond this term. Independent valuations may be undertaken more frequently where the Responsible Entity believes there is potential for a change in the fair value of the property, being 5% of the asset value. During the year, 71% of investment properties, by value, were independently externally valued.

The Group's policy requires investment properties to be internally valued at least every six months at each reporting period (interim and full-year) unless they have been independently externally valued. Internal valuations are compared to the carrying value of investment properties at the reporting date. Where the Directors determine that the internal valuations present a more reliable estimate of fair value the internal valuation is adopted as book value. Where appropriate, internal valuations are performed by the Group's internal valuers who hold recognised relevant professional qualifications and have previous experience as property valuers from major real estate valuation firms.

An appropriate valuation methodology is utilised according to asset class. In relation to convenience retail assets this includes the capitalisation approach (market approach). The valuation is also compared to, and supported by, direct comparison to recent market transactions. The adopted capitalisation rates are determined based on industry expertise and knowledge and, where possible, a direct comparison to third party rates for similar assets in a comparable location. Rental revenue from current leases and assumptions about future leases, as well as any expected operational cash outflows in relation to the property, are also factored into each asset assessment of fair value.

In relation to development properties under construction for future use as investment property, where reliably measurable, fair value is determined based on the market value of the property on the assumption it had already been completed at the valuation date (using the methodology as outlined above) less costs still required to complete the project, including an appropriate adjustment for industry benchmarked profit and development risk.

d. Sustainability valuation considerations

The Group engages independent valuation firms to assist in determining fair value of the investment property assets at each reporting period. As qualified valuers, they are required to follow the current International Valuation Standards (IVS), the Royal Institute of Chartered Surveyors (RICS) Red Book Global Standards and the Australian Property Institute (API) Valuation and Property Standards, and accordingly their valuations consider sustainability factors, including environmental, social, and governance (ESG) impacts where relevant, and the implications such factors could have on property values in the short, medium and longer term.

The Group's independent valuation firms note in their valuation reports that sustainability features are considered as part of the valuation approach and that sustainability features have been influencing value for some time.

Where the independent valuation firms give consideration to the impacts of sustainability, they are incorporating their understanding of how market participants consider the impact of sustainability on market valuations, noting that valuers should reflect markets and not lead them.

e. Fair value measurement, valuation techniques and inputs

The following table represents the level of the fair value hierarchy and the associated unobservable inputs utilised in the fair value measurement of investment property.

Class of property	Fair value hierarchy	Inputs used to measure fair value	Range of unobservable inputs	
			2026	2025
Convenience retail	Level 3	Adopted capitalisation rate	5.25% - 8.50%	5.25% - 8.25%
		Net market rental (per sqm)	\$230 - \$4,906	\$260 - \$4,563

Critical accounting estimates: inputs used to measure fair value of investment properties

Judgement is required in determining the following significant unobservable inputs:

- **Adopted capitalisation rate:** The rate at which net market rental revenue is capitalised to determine the value of a property. The rate is determined with regard to market evidence and the prior external valuation.
- **Net market rental (per sqm):** The net market rent is the estimated amount for which a property should lease between a lessor and a lessee on appropriate lease terms in an arm's length transaction.

f. Impact of the current economic environment on the fair value of investment properties

The elevated levels of economic uncertainty has created heightened levels of judgment when deriving the fair value of the Group's investment property portfolio.

Whilst the fair values of investment property can be relied upon at the date of valuation, a higher level of valuation uncertainty than normal is assumed. A sensitivity analysis has been included in note 7(g), showing indicative movements in investment property valuations should certain significant unobservable inputs differ from those assumed in the valuations.

Property portfolio assets continued

Note 7 Investment properties continued

g. Sensitivity information

Significant movement in any one of the valuation inputs listed in the table above may result in a change in the fair value of the Group's investment properties.

The estimated impact of a change in certain significant unobservable inputs would result in a change in the fair value as follows:

	2026 \$'000	2025 \$'000
A decrease of 25 basis points in the adopted capitalisation rate	33,135	31,849
An increase of 25 basis points in the adopted capitalisation rate	(30,095)	(28,891)
A decrease of 5% in the net market rental (per sqm)	(38,465)	(37,382)
An increase of 5% in the net market rental (per sqm)	38,885	38,008

Under the capitalisation approach, the net market rental has a strong interrelationship with the adopted capitalisation rate as the fair value of the investment property is derived by capitalising, in perpetuity, the total net market rent receivable. An increase (softening) in the adopted capitalisation rate may offset the impact to fair value of an increase in the net market rent. A decrease (tightening) in the adopted capitalisation rate may also offset the impact to fair value of a decrease in the net market rent. Directionally opposite changes in the net market rent and the adopted capitalisation rate would increase the impact to fair value.

h. Investment properties pledged as security

Refer to note 10 for information on investment properties pledged as security.

Note 8 Non-current assets classified as held for sale

Non-current assets are classified as held for sale if their carrying amount will be recovered principally through a sale transaction rather than through continuing use, and a sale is considered highly probable.

Non-current assets classified as held for sale are presented separately from the other assets in the Consolidated Statement of Financial Position. Non-current assets classified as held for sale relate to investment properties measured at fair value.

	2026 \$'000	2025 \$'000
Non-current investment properties held for sale	8,000	—
	8,000	—

In May 2026, the Fund exchanged contracts to sell three investment properties with settlement occurring post year end.

At 30 June 2026, these properties are disclosed as Non-current assets classified as held for sale carried at their combined contract price totalling \$8.0 million with more detail provided below:

Date of settlement	Property Name
July 2026	1 Wishart Street, Gwelup, WA
August 2026	1 Flinders Street, Monto, QLD
August 2026	74 Connor Street, Zilzie, QLD

Capital and financial risk management

In this section

The Group's overall risk management program focuses on reducing volatility from impacts of movements in financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the financial performance of the Group.

Note 9 Capital and financial risk management outlines how the Group manages its exposure to a variety of financial risks (interest rate risk, liquidity risk and credit risk) including details of the various derivative financial instruments entered into by the Group.

The Board of the Responsible Entity determines the appropriate capital structure of the Group, how much is borrowed from financial institutions and capital markets (debt), and how much is raised from security holders (equity) in order to finance the Group's activities both now and in the future. This capital structure is detailed in the following notes:

- **Debt:** Interest bearing liabilities in note 10, and Commitments and contingencies in note 11
- **Equity:** Contributed equity in note 12

Note 13 provides a breakdown of the working capital balances held in the Consolidated Statement of Financial Position.

Note 9 Capital and financial risk management

Capital and financial risk management is carried out through a centralised treasury function which is governed by a Board approved Treasury Policy. The Dexus Group has an established governance structure which consists of the Executive Committee and Capital Markets Committee.

The Executive Committee is responsible for supporting the Group in achieving its goals and objectives, including the prudent financial and risk management of the Group. The Capital Markets Committee has been established to advise the Executive Committee and the Board.

The Capital Markets Committee is a management committee that is accountable to the Board. It convenes no less than two times per year and conducts a review of financial risk management exposures including liquidity, funding strategies and hedging. It is also responsible for the development of financial risk management policies and funding strategies for recommendation to the Board, and the approval of treasury transactions within delegated limits and powers.

a. Capital risk management

The Group manages its capital to ensure that entities within the Group will be able to continue as a going concern while maximising the return to security holders through the optimisation of the debt and equity balance.

The capital structure of the Group consists of debt, cash and cash equivalents and equity attributable to security holders. The Group continuously monitors its capital structure and it is managed in consideration of the following factors:

- The cost of capital and the financial risks associated with each class of capital
- Gearing levels and other debt covenants
- Potential impacts on net tangible assets and security holders' equity
- Other market factors

The Group has a stated target gearing level of 25% to 40%. As at 30 June 2026, the Group's gearing ratio was 30.6% (2025: 29.4%).

The Group is required to comply with certain financial covenants in respect of its interest bearing liabilities, which are tested semi-annually on 30 June and 31 December each year. During the 2026 and 2025 reporting periods, the Group was in compliance with all of its financial covenants.

DXAM is the Responsible Entity for the managed investment schemes that are stapled to form the Group. DXAM has been issued with an Australian Financial Services Licence (AFSL). The licence is subject to certain capital requirements including the requirement to maintain liquidity above specified limits. DXAM must also prepare rolling cash projections over at least the next 12 months and demonstrate it will have access to sufficient financial resources to meet its liabilities that are expected to be payable over that period. Cash projections and assumptions are approved, at least quarterly, by the Board of the Responsible Entity.

b. Financial risk management

The Group's overall risk management program focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the financial performance of the Group. The Group's principal financial instruments, other than derivatives, comprise cash and bank and related party loans. The main purpose of financial instruments is to manage liquidity and hedge the Group's exposure to financial risks namely:

- Interest rate risk
- Liquidity risk
- Credit risk

Capital and financial risk management continued

Note 9 Capital and financial risk management continued

b. Financial risk management (continued)

The Group uses derivatives to reduce the Group's exposure to fluctuations in interest rates. These derivatives create an obligation or a right that effectively transfers one or more of the risks associated with an underlying financial instrument, asset or obligation. Derivative financial instruments that the Group may use to hedge its risks include Interest rate swaps and interest rate options (together interest rate derivatives).

The Group does not trade in interest rate derivative instruments for speculative purposes. The Group uses different methods to measure the different types of risks to which it is exposed, including monitoring the current and forecast levels of exposure and conducting sensitivity analysis.

i. Market risk

Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk arises from interest bearing financial assets and liabilities that the Group utilises. Non-derivative interest bearing financial instruments are predominantly short term liquid assets issued at variable rates which expose the Group to interest rate risk due to movements in variable interest rates. The Group's cash and borrowings which have a variable interest rate give rise to cash flow interest rate risk due to movements in variable interest rates.

The Group's risk management policy for interest rate risk seeks to minimise the effects of interest rate movements on its asset and liability portfolio through active management of the exposures. The policy prescribes minimum and maximum hedging amounts for the Group, which is managed on a portfolio basis.

The Group maintains local currency variable rate debt with various tenors. The Group primarily enters into interest rate derivatives swap agreements to manage the associated interest rate risk. The derivative contracts are recorded at fair value in the Consolidated Statement of Financial Position, using standard valuation techniques with market inputs.

As at 30 June 2026, 60% (2025: 62%) of the Group's debt was hedged. The average hedged percentage for the financial year was 66% (2025: 72%).

Interest rate derivatives require settlement of net interest receivable or payable generally each 90 or 180 days. The settlement dates coincide with the dates on which the interest is payable on the underlying debt. The receivable and payable legs on interest rate derivative contracts are settled on a net basis. The net notional amount of interest rate derivatives in place in each year and the weighted average effective hedge rate is set out below:

	June 2027	June 2028	June 2029	June 2030	June 2031
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Interest rate derivatives	138,500	144,667	108,333	—	—
Hedge rate (%)	3.33 %	4.06 %	4.57 %	— %	— %

Sensitivity analysis on interest expense

The table below shows the impact on the Group's net interest expense of a 100 basis point movement in market interest rates. The sensitivity on cash flow arises due to the impact that a change in interest rates will have on the Group's floating rate debt and derivative cash flows on average during the financial year. Net interest expense is only sensitive to movements in market rates to the extent that floating rate debt is not hedged.

	2026	2025
	\$'000	\$'000
+/- 1.00% (100 basis points)	785	628
Total	785	628

The movement in interest expense is proportional to the movement in interest rates.

Sensitivity analysis on fair value of interest rate derivatives

The sensitivity analysis on interest rate derivatives below shows the effect on net profit or loss of changes in the fair value of interest rate derivatives for a 100 basis point movement in market interest rates. The sensitivity on fair value arises from the impact that changes in market rates will have on the valuation of the interest rate derivatives.

The fair value of interest rate derivatives is calculated as the present value of estimated future cash flows on the instruments. Although interest rate derivatives are transacted for the purpose of providing the Group with an economic hedge, the Group has elected not to apply hedge accounting to these instruments. Accordingly, gains or losses arising from changes in the fair value are reflected in the profit or loss.

	2026	2025
	\$'000	\$'000
+/- 1.00% (100 basis points)	3,513	3,171
Total	3,513	3,171

Note 9 Capital and financial risk management continued

b. Financial risk management (continued)

ii. Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is associated with ensuring that there are sufficient funds available to meet the Group's financial commitments as and when they fall due and planning for any unforeseen events which may curtail cash flows. The Group identifies and manages liquidity risk across the following categories:

- Short-term liquidity risk management through ensuring the Group has sufficient liquid assets, working capital and borrowings facilities to cover short-term financial obligations; and
- Funding and refinancing liquidity risk management through ensuring an adequate spread of maturities of borrowing facilities so that refinancing risk is not concentrated in certain time periods and ensuring an adequate diversification of funding sources where possible, subject to market conditions.

Refinancing risk

Refinancing risk is the risk that the Group:

- Will be unable to refinance its debt facilities as they mature
- Will only be able to refinance its debt facilities at unfavourable interest rates and credit market conditions (margin price risk)

The Group's key risk management strategy for margin price risk on refinancing is to spread the maturities of debt facilities over different time periods to reduce the volume of facilities to be refinanced and the exposure to market conditions in any one period.

An analysis of the contractual maturities of the Group's financial liabilities is shown in the table below. The amounts in the table represent undiscounted cash flows.

	2026				2025			
	Within one year	Between one and two years	Between two and five years	After five years	Within one year	Between one and two years	Between two and five years	After five years
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Payables	13,841	–	–	–	7,549	–	–	–
Provisions	9,263	–	–	–	9,325	–	–	–
Interest bearing liabilities	12,571	30,577	220,189	31,485	10,986	11,628	201,091	45,967

iii. Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that the counterparty will not fulfil its obligations under the terms of a financial instrument and will cause financial loss to the Group. The Group has exposure to credit risk on financial assets and derivative instruments included in the Group's Consolidated Statement of Financial Position.

The Group manages this risk by:

- Adopting a process for determining an approved counterparty, with consideration of qualitative factors as well as the counterparty's credit rating
- Regularly monitoring counterparty exposure within approved credit limits that are based on the lower of an S&P and Moody's credit rating. The exposure includes the current market value of in-the-money contracts and the potential exposure, which is measured with reference to credit conversion factors as per APRA guidelines
- Entering into International Swaps and Derivatives Association (ISDA) Master Agreements once a financial institution counterparty is approved
- For some trade receivables, obtaining collateral where necessary in the form of bank guarantees and tenant bonds
- Regularly monitoring loans and receivables on an ongoing basis

A minimum S&P rating of A– (or Moody's equivalent) is required to become or remain an approved counterparty unless otherwise approved by the Responsible Entity's Board.

The Group is exposed to credit risk on cash balances and on derivative financial instruments with financial institutions. The Group has a policy that sets limits as to the amount of credit exposure to each financial institution. New derivatives and cash transactions are limited to financial institutions that meet minimum credit rating criteria in accordance with the Group's policy requirements.

Financial instrument transactions are spread among a number of approved financial institutions within specified credit limits to minimise the Group's exposure to any one counterparty. As a result, there is no significant concentration of credit risk for financial instruments. The maximum exposure to credit risk at 30 June 2026 is the carrying amounts of financial assets recognised on the Consolidated Statement of Financial Position.

Capital and financial risk management continued

Note 9 Capital and financial risk management continued

b. Financial risk management (continued)

iii. Credit risk (continued)

The Group is exposed to credit risk on trade receivable balances. The Group has a policy to assess and monitor the credit quality of trade debtors on an ongoing basis. Given the historical profile and exposure of the trade receivables, it has been determined that no significant concentrations of credit risk exists for receivables balances. The maximum exposure to credit risk at 30 June 2026 is the carrying amounts of the receivables recognised on the Consolidated Statement of Financial Position.

iv. Fair value

The Group uses the following methods in the determination and disclosure of the fair value of assets and liabilities:

- Level 1: the fair value is calculated using quoted prices in active markets.
- Level 2: the fair value is determined using inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e., as prices) or indirectly (i.e., derived from prices).
- Level 3: the fair value is estimated using inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable data.

All derivative financial instruments were measured at Level 2 for the periods presented in this report.

All investment properties were appropriately measured at Level 3 for the periods presented in this report.

During the year, there were no transfers between Level 1, 2 and 3 fair value measurements.

Since cash, receivables and payables are short-term in nature, their fair values are not materially different from their carrying amounts. The fair values of borrowings are not materially different to their carrying amounts, since the interest payable on those borrowings is close to current market rates.

Critical accounting estimates: fair value of derivatives

The fair value of derivatives has been determined based on observable market inputs (interest rates) and applying a credit or debit value adjustment based on the current credit worthiness of counterparties and the Group.

v. Offsetting financial assets and financial liabilities

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the Consolidated Statement of Financial Position where there is a legally enforceable right to set-off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. No financial assets and liabilities are currently held under netting arrangements.

c. Derivative financial instruments

A derivative is a type of financial instrument typically used to manage risk. A derivative's value changes over time in response to an underlying benchmark, such as interest rates, exchange rates, or asset values, and is entered into for a fixed period. A hedge is where a derivative is used to manage an underlying exposure.

Written policies and limits are approved by the Board of Directors of the Responsible Entity, in relation to the use of financial instruments to manage financial risks. The Responsible Entity regularly reviews the Group's exposures and updates its treasury policies and procedures. The Group does not trade in interest rate related derivative instruments for speculative purposes.

The Group uses derivative contracts as part of its financial and business strategy. Interest rate derivative contracts are used to manage the risk of movements in variable interest rates on the Group's Australian dollar denominated borrowings.

Derivatives are measured at fair value with any changes in fair value recognised in the Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income as none of the derivative contracts have been identified as hedging instruments.

Note 9 Capital and financial risk management continued

c. Derivative financial instruments (continued)

	2026 \$'000	2025 \$'000
Current assets		
Interest rate derivative contracts	1,469	1,563
Total current assets - derivative financial instruments	1,469	1,563
Non-current assets		
Interest rate derivative contracts	1,062	626
Total non-current assets - derivative financial instruments	1,062	626
Current liabilities		
Interest rate derivative contracts	—	(196)
Total current liabilities - derivative financial instruments	—	(196)
Non-current liabilities		
Interest rate derivative contracts	(481)	(1,017)
Total non-current liabilities - derivative financial instruments	(481)	(1,017)
Net derivative financial instruments	2,050	976

The table below details a breakdown of the net fair value gain/(loss) on derivatives in the Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income.

	2026 \$'000	2025 \$'000
Net fair value gain/(loss) of derivatives		
Interest rate derivative contracts	1,074	(6,836)
Total net fair value gain/(loss) of derivatives	1,074	(6,836)

Note 10 Interest bearing liabilities

Borrowings are initially recognised at fair value net of transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method. Under the effective interest rate method, any transaction fees, costs, discounts and premiums directly related to the borrowings are capitalised to borrowings and amortised in the Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income over the expected life of the borrowings.

If there is a substantial debt modification, the financial liability is derecognised from the Consolidated Statement of Financial Position and residual capitalised costs expensed to the Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income. If there is a non-substantial debt modification, the balance on the Consolidated Statement of Financial Position is adjusted and the difference between the present value of the new facility and carrying value of the original facility is recognised in the Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income.

All borrowings where the Group has a right to defer settlement for at least 12 months after the reporting date are classified as non-current liabilities.

The following table summarises the Group's financing arrangements:

	2026 \$'000	2025 \$'000
Non-current		
Secured		
Bank loans (net of debt modification)	241,121	216,654
Capitalised borrowing costs	(992)	(1,147)
Total secured	240,129	215,507
Total non-current liabilities - interest bearing liabilities	240,129	215,507

Financing arrangements

The Group has the following revolving credit facilities with four banks.

	2026 \$'000	2025 \$'000
Loan facility limit	281,250	266,250
Amount drawn at balance date	(241,650)	(217,650)
Amount undrawn at balance date	39,600	48,600

Capital and financial risk management continued

Note 10 Interest bearing liabilities continued

As at 30 June 2026, the following table summarises the maturity profile of the Group's financing arrangements:

Maturity date	Facility limit \$'000
Jul-27 to Jun-28	17,500
Jul-28 to Jun-29	61,250
Jul-29 to Jun-30	112,500
Jul-30 to Jun-31	60,000
Jul-31 to Jun-32	30,000
Total	281,250

The revolving cash advance facilities are secured and cross collateralised over DXC's investment properties (by first registered real property mortgages) and other assets (via a first ranking general "all assets" security agreement), maturing between April 2028 and April 2032 with a weighted average maturity of May 2030.

The debt facilities contain both financial and non-financial covenants and undertakings that are customary for secured debt facilities of this nature. The key financial covenants that apply to the Group are as follows:

		2026	2025
Loan to Value Ratio ("LVR")	At all times, LVR does not exceed 50%	31.5 %	30.1 %
Interest Cover Ratio ("ICR")	As at 31 December and 30 June each year, ICR is not less than 2.0 times	3.6 times	3.9 times

Note 11 Commitments and contingencies

a. Commitments

Capital commitments

Under some of the lease agreements applicable to the existing investment properties, the Group is responsible for capital and structural repairs to the premises (except to the extent required due to the tenant's act, omissions or particular use). This contractual obligation can include the requirement to replace underground tanks and/or LPG tanks if they become worn out, obsolete, inoperable, or incapable of economic repair. As at the reporting date, there were no requirements to replace underground tanks at any sites (30 June 2025: nil).

The following amounts represent capital expenditure commitments at the end of each reporting period but not recognised as liabilities payable:

	2026 \$'000	2025 \$'000
Investment properties	35,483	19,646
Total capital commitments	35,483	19,646

At 30 June 2026, Capital commitments includes two fund-through development acquisitions at Mayfield, NSW and Bulahdelah, NSW, with a combined project cost of circa \$35.0 million. These acquisitions are subject to conditions precedent, including finalisation of lease agreements, with settlement expected in the 2027 financial year.

Lease receivable commitments

The future minimum lease payments receivable by the Group are:

	2026 \$'000	2025 \$'000
Within one year	45,730	44,128
Later than one year but not later than five years	182,373	179,171
Later than five years	157,405	168,722
Total lease receivable commitments	385,508	392,021

b. Contingencies

Outgoings are excluded from contingencies as they are expensed when incurred.

The Directors of the Responsible Entity are not aware of any other contingent liabilities in relation to the Group, other than those disclosed in the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements, which should be brought to the attention of security holders as at the date of these Consolidated Financial Statements.

Note 12 Contributed equity

	2026 No. of securities	2025 No. of securities
Opening balance	137,756,563	137,756,563
Buy-back of contributed equity	(2,082,164)	–
Closing balance	135,674,399	137,756,563

On 9 March 2026, DXC announced plans to initiate an on-market securities buy-back of up to 2.5% of DXC stapled securities on issue until 27 January 2027. Subsequently, on 19 June 2026, the buy-back program was increased to 5.0% of stapled securities. During the 12 months to 30 June 2026, DXC acquired and cancelled 2,082,164 stapled securities (2025: nil) representing 1.5% of DXC stapled securities on issue (2025: 0.00%).

Each stapled security ranks equally with all other stapled securities for the purposes of distributions and on termination of the Group.

Each stapled security entitles the holder to vote in accordance with the provisions of the Constitutions and the *Corporations Act 2001*.

Transaction costs arising on the issuance and buy-back of equity instruments are recognised directly in equity (net of tax).

Transaction costs are the costs that are incurred directly in connection with the issue and buy-back of those equity instruments and which would not have been incurred had those instruments not been issued or bought back.

Note 13 Working capital

a. Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, deposits held at call with financial institutions and other short-term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

b. Receivables

Rental income is brought to account on an accrual basis.

Trade and other receivables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method, less a provision for expected credit losses. Trade receivables are required to be settled within 30 days and are assessed on an ongoing basis for impairment. Receivables which are known to be uncollectable are written off by reducing the carrying amount directly.

A provision for expected credit losses is recognised on trade receivables. The provision for expected credit losses is the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows, discounted at the original effective interest rate. Cash flows relating to short-term receivables are not discounted as the effect of discounting is immaterial.

The calculation of expected credit losses relating to rent and other receivables requires judgement to assess the future uncertainty of tenants' ability to pay their debts. Expected credit losses have been estimated using a provision matrix that has been developed with reference to the Group's historical credit loss experience, general economic conditions and forecasts, assumptions around rent relief that may be provided to tenants and tenant risk factors such as size, industry exposure and the Group's understanding of the ability of tenants to pay their debts. Accordingly, expected credit losses include both the part of the rent receivable that is likely to be waived and any additional amount relating to credit risk associated with the financial condition of the tenant.

For any provisions for expected credit losses, the corresponding expense has been recorded in the Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income within property expenses.

	2026 \$'000	2025 \$'000
Rent receivable ¹	898	443
Less: provision for expected credit losses	(268)	(183)
Total rent receivables	630	260
Other receivables	1,756	926
Total other receivables	1,756	926
Total receivables	2,386	1,186

¹ Rent receivable includes outgoings recoveries.

Capital and financial risk management continued

The provision for expected credit losses for rent receivables (which includes outgoings recoveries) as at the end of each reporting period was determined as follows:

Days outstanding	2026 \$'000	2025 \$'000
0-30 days	77	9
31-60 days	6	4
61-90 days	12	5
91+ days	173	165
Total provision for expected credit loss	268	183

The provision for expected credit losses for rent receivables as at the reporting date reconciles to the opening loss allowances as follows:

	Expected credit losses	
	2026 \$'000	2025 \$'000
Opening balance	183	256
Provision raised / (reversed) in profit or loss during the year	85	(73)
Closing balance	268	183

During the year, no rent receivables were written off (2025: \$143,000) and expensed in the Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income.

c. Other current assets

	2026 \$'000	2025 \$'000
Other ¹	2,175	2,111
Prepayments	86	73
Total other current assets	2,261	2,184

¹ Other current assets includes \$2,175,000 (2025: \$2,111,000) of land tax. Refer to note 13(e) for details.

d. Payables

	2026 \$'000	2025 \$'000
Trade payables	115	581
Prepaid income	1,240	1,282
Accrued interest	1,925	582
Accrued capital expenditure	6,469	1,797
Accrued other expenses	4,092	3,307
Total payables	13,841	7,549

e. Provisions

A provision is recognised when a present obligation exists as a result of a past event, and it is probable that a future outflow of cash or other benefit will be required to settle the obligation.

In accordance with the Trust Constitutions, the Group distributes its distributable income to security holders by cash or reinvestment. Distributions are provided for when they are approved by the Board of Directors and declared.

A provision for land tax has been recognised in accordance with the requirements of *AASB Interpretation 21 Levies* which requires a provision to be recognised for land tax obligations on properties owned in Queensland, Western Australia and South Australia that are due during the following period.

	2026 \$'000	2025 \$'000
Provision for distribution	7,088	7,214
Provision for land tax	2,175	2,111
Total provisions	9,263	9,325

Movements in material provisions during the financial year are set out below:

	2026 \$'000	2025 \$'000
Provision for distribution		
Opening balance at the beginning of the year	7,214	7,349
Additional provisions	28,668	28,447
Payments	(28,794)	(28,582)
Closing balance at the end of the year	7,088	7,214

A provision for distribution has been raised for the year ended 30 June 2026. This distribution is to be paid on 20 August 2026.

Other disclosures

In this section

This section includes other information that must be disclosed to comply with the Accounting Standards, the *Corporations Act 2001* or the Corporations Regulations.

Note 14 Audit, taxation and transaction service fees

During the year, the Auditor and its related practices earned the following remuneration:

	2026 \$	2025 \$
Audit and review services		
Auditors of the Group - KPMG		
Financial statement audit and review services	58,675	57,300
Audit and review fees paid to KPMG	58,675	57,300
Assurance services		
Auditors of the Group - KPMG		
Outgoings audits	51,136	44,118
Compliance assurance services	21,987	15,750
Assurance fees paid to KPMG	73,123	59,868
Total audit, review and assurance fees paid to KPMG	131,798	117,168

Note 15 Cash flow information

a. Reconciliation of cash flows from operating activities

Reconciliation of net profit for the year to net cash flows from operating activities.

	2026 \$'000	2025 \$'000
Net profit for the year	56,402	39,374
Straight line lease revenue recognition	(1,389)	(2,872)
Provision/(reversal) of impairment of rental receivables	85	(73)
Amortisation of borrowing costs	397	440
Debt modifications	466	1,215
Movement in lease incentives	268	(86)
Net fair value (gain)/loss of derivatives	(1,074)	6,836
Net fair value (gain)/loss of investment properties	(27,356)	(16,648)
Change in operating assets and liabilities	884	(1,097)
Net cash inflow from operating activities	28,683	27,089

b. Net debt reconciliation

	2026 \$'000	2025 \$'000
Opening balance	215,507	243,204
<i>Changes from financing cash flows:</i>		
Proceeds from borrowings	61,500	132,500
Repayment of borrowings	(37,500)	(161,500)
Debt modifications	466	1,215
Additional capitalised borrowing costs paid	(241)	(352)
<i>Non-cash changes:</i>		
Amortisation of deferred borrowing costs	397	440
Closing balance	240,129	215,507

Note 16 Related parties

Transactions with key management personnel

The Group does not employ personnel in its own right. However, it is required to have a Responsible Entity to manage the activities of the Group. As such there are no staff costs (including fees paid to Directors of the Responsible Entity) included in the Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income.

Transactions with the Responsible Entity and related body corporate

The Responsible Entity of the stapled entities that form DXC is DXAM. Dexus PG Limited (DXPG) (ACN 109 846 068), the immediate parent entity of DXAM, and its controlled entities are wholly owned subsidiaries of Dexus Operations Trust (ARSN 110 521 223). Convenience Retail Management Pty Limited (CRM) is the appointed Investment Manager (the "Manager") to provide investment management services. The Manager is a related body corporate of DXAM and a wholly owned subsidiary of DXPG.

Accordingly, transactions with entities related to DXPG are disclosed below:

	2026		2025	
	Paid \$'000	Payable \$'000	Paid \$'000	Payable \$'000
Management fees ¹	4,390	406	4,265	377
Property management and leasing fees ²	—	970	—	969
Custody fees ³	138	13	135	12
Total	4,528	1,389	4,400	1,358

¹ CRM is entitled to a base management fee of 0.65% per annum of the Gross Asset Value of the Group (reducing to 0.60% p.a. of Gross Asset Value between \$0.5 billion and \$1.0 billion, 0.55% p.a. of Gross Asset Value between \$1.0 billion and \$1.5 billion and 0.50% of Gross Asset Value in excess of \$1.5 billion). Management fees are allocated to the entities comprising DXC on a fair and reasonable basis and in accordance with each entity's Constitution.

² DXAM is party to a property management agreement with Dexus Property Services Pty Ltd a wholly owned subsidiary of Dexus. Under this agreement, Dexus Property Services Pty Limited is entitled to an average property management fee of approximately 2.0% of gross income, which may change over time, depending on the portfolio composition and management intensity of the assets.

³ DXAM is the Custodian of the Group.

Security holdings and associated transactions with related parties

The below table shows the number of DXC securities held by related parties (including other managed investment schemes for which DXAM is the Responsible Entity or Investment Manager) and the distributions paid, or payable:

	2026		2025	
	Number of securities	Distributions \$	Number of securities	Distributions \$
Dexus Asset Management Limited	2,402,816	502,189	2,402,816	496,182
APD Trust	10,011,224	2,092,346	10,011,224	2,067,318
Dexus AREIT Fund	3,808,897	796,059	4,126,897	908,672
CFS Dexus AREIT Mandate	—	12,563	98,812	21,432
Jennifer Horrigan	33,500	7,002	33,500	6,918
Danielle Carter	8,946	1,870	8,946	1,847
Jonathan Sweeney	55,500	7,890	20,000	4,130
Total	16,320,883	3,419,918	16,702,195	3,506,499

As at 30 June 2026, 12.03 % (30 June 2025: 12.12%) of DXC's stapled securities were held by related parties.

Note 17 Controlled entities

The entities within the Group are consolidated for financial reporting purposes. Convenience Retail REIT No. 2 is the parent entity and deemed acquirer of Convenience Retail REIT No. 1 and Convenience Retail REIT No. 3. Convenience Retail REIT No. 1 and Convenience Retail REIT No. 3 were acquired through a stapling arrangement, and therefore no ownership has been obtained. The financial results and financial position attributable to these entities are disclosed as non-controlling interests in the Consolidated Financial Statements.

Other disclosures continued

Note 18 Parent entity disclosures

The financial information for the parent entity of Convenience Retail REIT No. 2 has been prepared on the same basis as the Consolidated Financial Statements.

Summary of financial information

The individual Financial Statements for the parent entity show the following aggregate amounts:

	2026 \$'000	2025 \$'000
Total current assets	158,298	147,197
Total assets	453,072	432,901
Total current liabilities	5,333	11,936
Total liabilities	226,102	213,154
Equity		
Contributed equity	188,079	190,507
Retained profits	38,891	29,240
Total equity	226,970	219,747
Net profit for the year	16,720	10,858
Total comprehensive income for the year	16,720	10,858

b. Guarantees entered into by the parent entity

At 30 June 2026, the parent entity had not provided guarantees (2025: nil).

c. Contingent liabilities

At 30 June 2026, the parent entity had no contingent liabilities (2025: nil).

d. Capital commitments

The following amounts represent capital expenditure of the parent entity contracted at the end of the reporting period but not recognised as liabilities payable:

	2026 \$'000	2025 \$'000
Investment properties	35,364	166
Total capital commitments	35,364	166

Note 19 Subsequent events

On 20 July 2026, the disposal of 1 Wishart Street, Gwelup WA was settled in line with its book value at 30 June 2026.

The Directors are not aware of any other matter or circumstance not otherwise dealt with in the Consolidated Financial Statements that has significantly or may significantly affect the operations of the Group, the results of those operations, or state of the Group's affairs in future financial periods.

› Directors' Declaration

The Directors of Dexu Asset Management Limited as Responsible Entity of Dexu Convenience Retail REIT declare that the Consolidated Financial Statements and Notes set out on pages 38 to 62:

- i. Comply with Australian Accounting Standards, the *Corporations Regulations 2001* and other mandatory professional reporting requirements; and
- ii. Give a true and fair view of the Group's consolidated financial position as at 30 June 2026 and of its performance, as represented by the results of its operations and cash flows, for the year ended on that date.

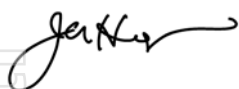
In the Directors' opinion:

- a. The Consolidated Financial Statements and Notes are in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*;
- b. There are reasonable grounds to believe that Convenience Retail REIT No. 2 will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.
- c. The entities within the Group have operated in accordance with the provisions of their Constitutions (as amended) during the year ended 30 June 2026.

The Consolidated Financial Statements also comply with International Financial Reporting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board.

The Directors have been given the declarations by the Fund Manager, who performs the Chief Executive Officer function, and the General Manager - Funds Finance, who performs the Chief Financial Officer function, required by section 295A of the *Corporations Act 2001*.

This declaration is made in accordance with a resolution of the Directors.



Jennifer Horrigan

Chair

10 August 2026

Independent Auditor's Review Report



Independent Auditor's Report

To the stapled security holders of Dexus Convenience Retail REIT

Opinion

We have audited the **Financial Report** of Dexus Convenience Retail REIT (the Stapled Group Financial Report).

In our opinion, the accompanying Stapled Group Financial Report gives a true and fair view, including of the **Stapled Group's** financial position as at 30 June 2026 and of its financial performance for the year then ended, in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, in compliance with *Australian Accounting Standards* and the *Corporations Regulations 2001*.

The **Financial Report** of the Stapled Group comprises:

- Consolidated Statement of Financial Position as at 30 June 2026
- Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income, Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity, and Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows for the year then ended
- Notes, including material accounting policies
- Directors' Declaration

The **Stapled Group** consists of:

- Convenience Retail REIT No.1,
- Convenience Retail REIT No.2, and
- Convenience Retail REIT No.3.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with *Australian Auditing Standards*. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Report* section of our report.

We are independent of the Stapled Group, Convenience Retail REIT No.2 and Dexus Asset Management Limited (the Responsible Entity) in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001* and the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's *APES 110 Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including Independence Standards)* (the Code) that are relevant to our audit of the Financial Report in Australia. We have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

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Independent Auditor's Review Report



Key Audit Matters

Key Audit Matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the Financial Report of the current period.

This matter was addressed in the context of our audit of the Financial Report as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on this matter.

Valuation of investment properties (\$770,919,000)

Refer to Note 7 to the Financial Report

The key audit matter

The Stapled Group's policy is that property assets are held at fair value, determined using internal methodologies or through the use of external valuation experts.

The valuation of property assets is a key audit matter as they are significant in value (being 98% of total assets) to the Stapled Group's Financial Statements and contain assumptions with estimation uncertainty. This leads to additional audit effort due to differing assumptions used by the Stapled Group based on asset classes, geographies and characteristics of individual property assets. We focused on significant assumptions used in the Stapled Group's valuation of property assets including:

- capitalisation rates; and
- market rental income.

In assessing this Key Audit Matter, we involved our real estate valuation specialists, who understand the Stapled Group's investment profile, business and the economic environment it operates in.

How the matter was addressed in our audit

Our procedures included:

- We obtained an understanding of the Stapled Group's process regarding the valuation of investment properties.
- Assessed the appropriateness of the Stapled Group's accounting policies and methodologies used in the valuations of investment properties, against the requirements of the accounting standards and our understanding of the business and industry practice.
- Working with real estate valuation specialists, we read published reports and industry commentary to gain an understanding of prevailing property market conditions;
- Assessed the scope, competence and objectivity of external valuers engaged by the Stapled Group and internal valuers;
- For a sample of investment properties, taking into account asset classes, geographies and characteristics of individual investment properties:
 - Challenged significant assumptions, with reference to published industry reports and commentary of prevailing property market conditions.
 - With the assistance of our real estate valuation specialists, assessed the significant assumptions including capitalisation rates and market rental income. We did this by comparing to market analysis published by industry

Independent Auditor's Review Report



	experts, recent market transactions, inquiries with the Stapled Group, historical performance of the assets, our knowledge of the property portfolio and using our industry experience. ◦ We also tested, on a sample basis, other key inputs to the investment property valuations such as rent and lease terms, for consistency to existing lease contracts; • Assessing the disclosures in the financial report using our understanding obtained from our testing, against accounting standard requirements.
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Other Information

Other Information is financial and non-financial information in Dexus Convenience Retail REIT's annual report which is provided in addition to the Financial Report and the Auditor's Report. The Directors of Dexus Asset Management Limited, the Responsible Entity of Convenience REIT No.2, the deemed parent entity for the Dexus Convenience Retail REIT Stapled Group are responsible for the Other Information.

Our opinion on the Financial Report does not cover the Other Information and, accordingly, we do not and will not express an audit opinion or any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the Financial Report, our responsibility is to read the Other Information. In doing so, we consider whether the Other Information is materially inconsistent with the Financial Report or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

We are required to report if we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this Other Information and based on the work we have performed on the Other Information that we obtained prior to the date of this Auditor's Report we have nothing to report.

Responsibilities of the Directors for the Financial Report

The Directors of Dexus Asset Management Limited, the Responsible Entity of Convenience Retail REIT No.2, the deemed parent entity for the Dexus Convenience Retail REIT Stapled Group are responsible for:

- preparing the Financial Report in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including giving a true and fair view of the financial position and performance of the Stapled Group, and in compliance with *Australian Accounting Standards* and the *Corporations Regulations 2001*,
- implementing necessary internal control to enable the preparation of a Financial Report in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including giving a true and fair view of the financial position and performance of the Stapled Group, and that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error,

Independent Auditor's Review Report



- assessing the Stapled Group's ability to continue as a going concern and whether the use of the going concern basis of accounting is appropriate. This includes disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless they either intend to liquidate the Stapled Group or to cease operation or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Report

Our objective is:

- to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Financial Report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; and
- to issue an Auditor's Report that includes our opinion.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with *Australian Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists.

Misstatements can arise from fraud or error. They are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the Financial Report.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Report is located at the *Auditing and Assurance Standards Board* website at: https://www.auasb.gov.au/media/bwvjcgre/ar1_2024.pdf This description forms part of our Auditor's Report.

The KPMG logo, consisting of the letters 'KPMG' in a bold, blue, sans-serif font, with a small graphic of four vertical bars of increasing height to the left.

KPMG

A handwritten signature in blue ink, appearing to read 'C Slapp'.

Cameron Slapp
Partner

Sydney

10 August 2026

Investor information

Dexus Convenience Retail REIT recognises the importance of effective communication and remains committed to providing transparent and timely communications with existing and potential institutional investors, sell-side analysts, financial adviser groups and retail investors.



Cnr Weakleys & Glenwood Drives, Thornton, NSW

Our Executives and Investor Relations team maintain a strong rapport with the investment community through proactive and regular engagement initiatives.

Focus on transparency and sustainability

We are committed to high standards of transparency, ensuring investors receive accurate and timely information to support informed decision-making.

We understand the importance of sustainability for long-term value creation, and we continue to:

- Integrate sustainability topics into investor communications
- Provide detailed disclosures on sustainability performance
- Offer access to senior management for investment and sustainability-related discussions

We adopt strong governance practices for investor engagement, including:

- A minimum of two Dexus representatives participate in any institutional investor or sell-side broker meetings
- Maintaining records of meetings in our internal customer relationship management database

Investor communications

We are committed to ensuring all investors have equal access to information. In line with our commitment to long term integration of sustainable business practices, investor communications are provided via various electronic methods including:

DXC's investor centre

www.dexus.com/dxc

Online enquiry

Click the enquire about investing button.

Subscribe to alerts

Click the ASX announcement tab to subscribe to receive our ASX announcements as they are released.

Events & key dates

Click the events & key dates tab to view upcoming dates.

DXC's Security Registrar

Our security registrar MUFG Corporate Markets (AU) Limited is located at:

Liberty Place
Level 41, 161 Castlereagh Street
Sydney, NSW, 2000

Phone

+61 1800 819 675

Email

dexus@cm.mpms.mufig.com

Website

au.investorcentre.mpms.mufig.com

Distribution payments

Distributions are paid quarterly for the three-month periods to 30 September, 31 December, 31 March and 30 June each year. Distribution statements are available in print and electronic formats and distributions are paid only by direct credit into nominated bank accounts for all Australian Security holders and by cheque for other international Security holders. To update the method of receiving distributions, please visit the investor login facility at www.dexus.com/dxc.

AMMA Statement

An Attribution Managed Investment Trust Member Annual Statement (AMMA) is sent to investors in August each year. The statement summarises distributions provided during the financial year and includes information required to complete your tax return. AMMA statements are also available online at www.dexus.com/dxc.

Unclaimed distribution income

Unpresented cheques or unclaimed distribution income can be claimed by contacting the DXC Infoline on +61 1800 819 675.

For monies outstanding greater than seven years, please contact the NSW Office of State Revenue on 1300 366 016, 8.30am–5.00pm Monday to Friday or use their search facility available at www.revenue.nsw.gov.au/unclaimed-money or email unclaimedmoney@revenue.nsw.gov.au

Investor login

www.dexus.com/update

Login to update your details and download statements.

LinkedIn

Dexus engages with its followers on LinkedIn, providing updates on activities across the Platform.

Go electronic for convenience and speed

Did you know that you can receive all or part of your Security holder communications electronically?

You can change your communication preferences at any time by logging into your Security holding at www.dexus.com/update or by contacting MUFG on +61 1800 819 675 or email at dexus@cm.mpms.mufig.com.

Investor communications continued

Complaint management process

Dexus Asset Management Limited has a complaint management policy to ensure all Security holders are dealt with fairly, promptly and consistently. A Complaints Guide is available at www.dexus.com/complaints-management

Any Security holder wishing to lodge a complaint can do so verbally by calling DXC's Infoline on +61 1800 819 675 or by email to dexus@cm.mpms.mufig.com.

Should you wish to contact us directly please use the details below:

Complaints Officer

Dexus Asset Management Limited
PO Box R1822
Royal Exchange NSW 1225

Phone

+612 9017 1100

Email

complaints@dexus.com

Dexus Asset Management Limited is a member of the Australian Financial Complaints Authority (AFCA), an independent dispute resolution scheme which may be contacted at:

Australian Financial Complaints Authority Limited

GPO Box 3
Melbourne VIC 3001

Phone

+61 1800 931 678 (free call within Australia)

Fax

+61 3 9613 6399

Email

info@afca.org.au

Website

www.afca.org.au

Dispute Resolutions Officer

Dexus
PO Box R1822
Royal Exchange NSW 1225

Email

complaints@dexus.com

Key upcoming dates

Reporting calendar¹

2027 Half year results	8 February 2027
2027 Annual results	9 August 2027

Distribution calendar¹

Period end	30 September 2026	31 December 2026	31 March 2027	30 June 2027
Ex-distribution date	29 September 2026	30 December 2026	30 March 2027	29 June 2027
Record date	30 September 2026	31 December 2026	31 March 2027	30 June 2027
Payment date	November 2026	February 2027	May 2027	August 2027

Get in touch

If you have any questions regarding your Security holding or wish to update your personal or distribution payment details, please contact DXC's Infoline on +61 1800 819 675 or email at dexus@cm.mpms.mufig.com

This service is available from 8.30am to 5.30pm (Sydney time) on all business days. All correspondence should be addressed to:

Dexus Convenience Retail REIT

C/- MUFG Corporate Markets (AU) Limited
Locked Bag A14
Sydney South NSW 1235

We are committed to delivering a high level of service to all investors. If you feel we could improve our service or you would like to make a suggestion, your feedback is appreciated. Our contact details are:

Investor Relations

Dexus Convenience Retail REIT
PO Box R1822
Royal Exchange NSW 1225

Email

ir@dexus.com

¹ These dates are indicative and are subject to change without prior notice. Any changes in our key dates will be published on our website at www.dexus.com/dxc.

Additional information

Top 20 Security holders as at 31 July 2026

Rank	Name	No. of stapled securities	% of issued capital
1	HSBC Custody Nominees (Australia) Limited	12,943,828	9.54
2	Citicorp Nominees Pty Limited	11,591,292	8.54
3	BNP Paribas Noms Pty Ltd	10,122,945	7.46
4	Perpetual Corporate Trust Ltd <APD A/C>	10,011,224	7.38
5	BNP Paribas Nominees Pty Ltd <HUB24 Custodial Serv Ltd>	5,524,541	4.07
6	J P Morgan Nominees Australia Pty Limited	4,637,422	3.42
7	Palm Beach Nominees Pty Limited	3,257,456	2.40
8	SCJ Pty Limited <Jermyn Family A/C>	2,700,000	1.99
9	Dexus Asset Management Ltd	2,402,816	1.77
10	Netwealth Investments Limited <Wrap Services A/C>	1,426,672	1.05
11	BNP Paribas Noms (NZ) Ltd	766,294	0.56
12	Certane CT Pty Ltd <A-REIT FUND A/C>	693,079	0.51
13	Geat Incorporated <Geat-Preservation Fund A/C>	690,173	0.51
14	Lauren Investments Pty Ltd <The Aylward Super Fund A/C>	600,000	0.44
15	Estate Management Pty Ltd	578,513	0.43
16	Warbont Nominees Pty Ltd	566,866	0.42
17	Mr Michael Kenneth Hansen & Mrs Alison Betty Hansen <Makah A/C>	509,475	0.38
18	Citicorp Nominees Pty Ltd	501,325	0.37
19	Farcrest Holdings Pty Ltd	486,172	0.36
20	BNP Paribas Nominees Pty Ltd <IB AU Noms Retail client>	461,057	0.34
Total Top 20		70,471,150	51.94
Balance of register		65,203,249	48.06
Total issued capital		135,674,399	100.00

Spread of securities at 31 July 2026

Range	Securities	No. of holders	%
100,001 and over	84,754,530	96	62.47
10,001 to 100,000	38,712,107	1,562	28.53
5,001 to 10,000	8,446,813	1,108	6.23
1,001 to 5,000	3,470,054	1,128	2.56
1 to 1,000	290,895	709	0.21
Total	135,674,399	4,603	100.00
Unmarketable parcels	13,955	205	0.01

Substantial Holder Notices as at 31 July 2026

The names of substantial holders at 31 July 2026 that have notified the Responsible Entity in accordance with section 671B of the Corporations Act 2001, are:

Date	Name	Number of securities	% voting
26-Aug-25	Dexus Nominees Pty Limited and Dexus Funds Management Ltd as responsible entity for Dexus Diversified Trust	16,303,749	11.84

Additional information continued

On-market buy-back

Dexus Convenience Retail REIT's on-market buy-back program has been extended annually since 2022, most recently on 28 January 2026 for a further 12 months. On 9 March 2026, DXC commenced the buy-back with an initial target of 2.5% of securities. Subsequently, on 19 June 2026, the buy-back program was increased to 5.0% of securities.

Throughout the period to 31 July 2026, DXC acquired 2,082,164 securities for \$5.6 million at an average price of \$2.67. As at the date of this report the buy-back program remains open.

Cost base apportionment

For capital gains tax purposes, the cost base apportionment details for DXC's securities for the 12 months ended 30 June 2026 are:

Date	Convenience Retail REIT No. 1	Convenience Retail REIT No. 2	Convenience Retail REIT No. 3
1 Jul 2025 to 31 Dec 2025	29.87 %	43.57 %	26.56 %
1 Jan 2026 to 30 Jun 2026	30.40 %	43.31 %	26.29 %

For information on calculation methodology and historical tax cost base apportionment, details are available at www.dexus.com/dxc.

Class of securities

DXC has one class of stapled security trading on the ASX with Security holders holding stapled securities at 31 July 2026.

Voting rights

At meetings of the Security holders of Convenience Retail REIT No. 1, Convenience Retail REIT No. 2 and Convenience Retail REIT No. 3, together being the trusts that comprise the stapled group Dexus Convenience Retail REIT, on a poll each Security holder has one vote for each Security held.

There are no stapled securities that are restricted or subject to voluntary escrow.

Directory

Dexus Convenience Retail REIT

Convenience Retail REIT No. 1 ARSN 101 227 614
 Convenience Retail REIT No. 2 ARSN 619 527 829
 Convenience Retail REIT No. 3 ARSN 619 527 856

Responsible Entity

Dexus Asset Management Limited
 ACN 080 674 479
 AFSL No: 237500

Directors of the Responsible Entity

Jennifer Horrigan, Independent Chair
 Emily Smith, Independent Director
 Danielle Carter, Independent Director
 Jonathan Sweeney, Independent Director
 Michael Sheffield, Executive Director
 Brett Cameron, Alternate Director for Michael Sheffield

Secretaries of the Responsible Entity

Brett Cameron
 Scott Mahony

Manager

Convenience Retail Management Pty Ltd

Registered Office

Level 30, 50 Bridge Street
 Sydney NSW 2000

Phone

+61 2 9017 1100

Email

ir@dexus.com

Website

www.dexus.com

Auditors

KPMG Australia
 Chartered Accountants
 Level 38, Tower Three
 300 Barangaroo Avenue
 Sydney NSW 2000

Investor Enquiries

Registry Infoline

+61 1800 819 675

Investor Relations

+612 9017 1330

Email

dexus@cm.mpms.mufg.com

Security Registry

MUFG Corporate Markets (AU) Limited
 Level 41, Liberty Place
 161 Castlereagh Street
 Sydney, NSW, 2000

Locked Bag A14
 Sydney South NSW 1235

Phone

+61 1800 819 675

Email

dexus@cm.mpms.mufg.com

Website

au.investorcentre.mpms.mufg.com

Open Monday to Friday between 8.30am and 5.30pm (Sydney time). For enquiries regarding security holdings, contact the security registry, or access security holding details at www.dexus.com/update

Australian Securities Exchange

Dexus Convenience Retail REIT stapled securities are listed on the Australian Securities Exchange (ASX: DXC)

Social media

Dexus engages with its followers via LinkedIn

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